**POOLED FUND STUDY:** LOW TEMPERATURE CRACKING **Statistical Analysis Results** Ashley Buss & R. Christopher Williams **October 5, 2011** 

# **Experimental Plan**

			MN/	Road T	est Sec	tion	SMA		Mixture	
Test	Tomm	Mix	33, 34,	35, 37	20, 2	1, 22	V	VI	NYS	
Device	Temp	Conditioning				Air Voi	ds, %			
			4	7	4	7	4	7	4	7
	PG	None	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
SCB	PG+10°C	None	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
SCD	PG	5 days@85°C		XXX		XXX		XXX		XXX
	PG	cores		XXX		XXX		XXX		XXX
	PG	None	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
	PG+10°C	None	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
DC(T)	PG	5 days@85°C		XXX		XXX		XXX		XXX
	PG	cores		XXX		XXX		XXX		XXX
	PG	None	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
IDT -	PG+10°C	None	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
	PG	5 days@85°C		XXX		XXX		XXX		XXX
	PG	cores		XXX		XXX		XXX		XXX

# Mixes used for the study

Location	Construction date	Binder Grade	Asphalt modifiers	RAP
MnRoad 33	September 2007	PG 58-34	PPA	-
MnRoad 34	September 2007	PG 58-34	SBS+PPA	-
MnRoad 35	September 2007	PG 58-34	SBS	-
MnRoad 77	September 2007	PG 58-34	Elvaloy+PPA	-
MnRoad 20	August 2008	PG 58-28	-	30% Non-Fractioned
MnRoad 21	August 2008	PG 58-28	-	30% Fractioned
MnRoad 22	August 2008	PG 58-34	-	30% Fractioned
Wisconsin 9.5 mm SMA	2008	-	-	-
New York "Typical Mix"	2008	PG 64-22	-	-

### **Experimental Plan and Analysis**

- Methodology
  - Blocked by mix
  - Split plot experimental design
- DCT, SCB and IDT results are compared
- Cores vs. Laboratory vs. Conditioned Samples
- RAP vs. FRAP for PG -28
- No RAP vs. FRAP for PG-34
- Comparison of all mixes and tests via Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test

### DCT Fracture Energy-Cores vs. Laboratory vs. Conditioned Samples

Analysis of Variance						
		S	um of			
Source	DF	Sq	uares	Mear	n Square	F Ratio
Model	20	2845	07.43		14225.4	1.9804
Error	45	3232	37.63		7183.1	Prob > F
C. Total	65	6077	45.06			0.0289*
Effect Tests						
	Sum of					
Source	Nparm	DF	Squa	ares	F Ratio	Prob > F
Mix	6	6	66099	0.01	1.5337	0.1891
Condition	2	2	120919	9.43	8.4170	0.0008*
Mix*Condition	12	12	89108	8.64	1.0338	0.4360

#### LSMeans Differences Tukey HSD

α= 0.050 Q= 2.42362

		Least
Level		Sq Mean
NONE A	λ	426.57976
YES	В	357.131 <b>1</b> 9
FIELD	В	323.42857

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

For the DCT test, conditioning plays a roll in the response variable. The "mix" is a blocking factor and the conditioning is the factor of interest. The test temperature was the low performance grade and air voids for these samples were 7%.

Not conditioned, laboratory compacted samples have a higher fracture energy than the field cores and the conditioned samples. There was not a statistical difference between the cores and the lab conditioning.

### SCB Stress Intensity Factor-Cores vs. Laboratory vs. Conditioned Samples

#### Effect Tests

			Sum of		
Source	Nparm	DF	Squares	F Ratio	Prob > F
Mix	6	6	0.06655370	1.7755	0.1289
Conditioning	2	2	0.05811385	4.6510	0.0153*
Mix*Conditioning	12	12	0.16914499	2.2562	0.0270*

#### **LSMeans Differences Student's t**

α= 0.050 t= 2.02108

	Least
Level	Sq Mean
YES A	0.85452381
Field B	0.79523810
NONE B	0.78261905
	Least
Level	Sq Mean
SCB-35 A	0.86000000
SCB-22 A B	0.84333333
SCB-77 A B C	0.81444444
SCB-21 A B C	0.81166667
SCB-34 A B C	0.81055556
SCB-20 B C	0.7777778
SCB-33 C	0.75777778

- Conditioning plays a roll in the Stress intensity factor.
- The "mix" is a blocking factor and the conditioning is the factor of interest. The test temperature was the low performance grade and air voids for these samples were 7%.
- Conditioned, laboratory compacted samples have a higher stress intensity factor than the field cores and the conditioned samples.
- No statistical difference between the cores and the no conditioning.

### SCB Fracture Energy-Cores vs. Laboratory vs. Conditioned Samples

Effect Tests					
			Sum of		
Source	Nparm	DF	Squares	F Ratio	Prob > F
Mix	6	6	89442.4	1.8764	0.1089
Conditioning	2	2	1188324.6	74.7901	<.0001*
Mix*Conditioning	12	12	212075.7	2.2246	0.0292*
LSMeans Diffe	rences Stu	udent	's t		
α= 0.050 t= 2.0210	В				
	Leas	-			
Level	Sq Mear				
YES A	604.66095				
NONE B	539.31214				
Field C	282.43381				
Levels not connecte	ed by same le	tter are	significantly diffe	rent.	
LSMeans Diffe	rences Stu	udent	'st		
α= 0.050 t= 2.0210	В				
	Leas	-			
Level	SqMea				
SCB-35 A	533.66778				
SCB-20 A	507.71778	3			
SCB-77 A	494.39333	3			
SCB-34 A B	465.41556	6			
SCB-21 A B	462.97833	3			
SCB-22 A B	456.18444	1			
SCB-33 B	407.92556	6			
Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.					

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- Conditioning plays a roll in the SCB fracture energy.
- The "mix" is a blocking factor and the conditioning is the factor of interest. The test temperature was the low performance grade and air voids for these samples were 7%.
- Conditioned, laboratory compacted samples have a higher stress intensity factor than the field cores and the conditioned samples.
- Conditioned, Field cores and Not Conditioned Samples are statistically different.

### IDT Stiffness @60-Cores vs. Laboratory vs. Conditioned Samples

#### Effect Tests

			Sum of		
Source	Nparm	DF	Squares	F Ratio	Prob > F
Mix	6	6	244.64214	2.1878	0.0632
Conditioning	2	2	185.57591	4.9787	0.0115*
Mix*Conditioning	12	12	142.03834	0.6351	0.8002

#### LSMeans Differences Student's t

α= 0.050 t= 2.01808

	Least
Level	Sq Mean
FIELD A	23.228810
YES A	22.061905
NONE B	19.147619
	Least
Level	Sq Mean
IDT-22 A	23.543667
IDT-77 A	23.385667
IDT-34 A B	22.948889
IDT-33 A B C	22.658444
IDT-35 A B C	20.067111
IDT-20 B C	19.184111
IDT-21 C	18.568222

- Conditioning plays a roll in the IDT Stiffness @ 60.
- The "mix" is a blocking factor and the conditioning is the factor of interest. The test temperature was the low performance grade and air voids for these samples were 7%.
- Field Cores and Laboratory conditioned samples have the highest stiffness
- Conditioned and Field cores are statistically different from the not conditioned samples.

# IDT Stiffness @ 500

### Cores vs. Laboratory vs. Conditioned Samples

#### Effect Tests

			Sum of		
Source	Nparm	DF	Squares	F Ratio	Prob > F
Mix	6	6	348.80138	7.1115	<.0001*
Conditioning	2	2	25.87854	1.5829	0.2174
Mix*Conditioning	12	12	116.58673	1.1885	0.3224

#### LSMeans Differences Student's t

α=0.050 t= 2.01808

	Least
Level	Sq Mean
FIELD A	18.353333
YES A	17.100476
NONE A	16.907619

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

		Least
Level		Sq Mean
IDT-22 A		21.454778
IDT-34 A	В	19.166556
IDT-77 A	В	18.922111
IDT-33	ВС	17.158444
IDT-35	СD	15.999111
IDT-20	СD	15.330333
IDT-21	D	14.145333

- There are no statistical differences for any of the conditioning levels.
- The "mix" is a blocking factor and the conditioning is the factor of interest. The test temperature was the low performance grade and air voids for these samples were 7%.
- None of the mixes are statistically different from all the others.

### IDT Strength Cores vs. Laboratory vs. Conditioned

#### Effect Tests

Source	Nparm	DF	Sum of Squares	F Ratio	Prob > F
Mix	6	6	5.0650285	11.4976	<.0001*
Conditioning	2	2			0.0073*
Mix*Conditioning	12	12			
LSMeans Dif	ference	s Stu	ident's t		
α= 0.050 t= 2.02	108				
	I	_east			
Level	Sq I	Mean			
YES A	4.010	2381			
NONE A	3.997	8571			
FIELD B	3.759	4762			
		Leas	st		
Level	S	q Mea	n		
IDT-35 A	4.3	68666	7		
IDT-22 A B	4.1	34666	7		
IDT-21 B	4.0	58000	0		
IDT-20 B C	3.9	75777	8		
IDT-34 C	3.7	55555	6		
IDT-77 C	3.7	28888	9		
IDT-33 D	3.4	36111	1		

- Laboratory conditioned samples and not conditioned samples are statistically similar and field cores are statistically different.
- The "mix" is a blocking factor and the conditioning is the factor of interest. The test temperature was the low performance grade and air voids for these samples were 7%.
- Only mix MN Road 33 (PPA modified) was statistically different from all other mixes.

# Split Plot Design and Analysis

- Response: Test data from the following tests-DCT, SCB and IDT
- Conditions:
  - Factor 1: Air Voids, 4% and 7% (Whole plot/between Mixes)
  - Factor 2: Test Temperature, PG and PG+10 (Sub plot/within mixes)

Ea	ach Mix has t	hese variables	s:	Location	Construction	Binder	Asphalt	RAP
					date	Grade	modifiers	
	4%	7%		MnRoad 33	September 2007	PG 58-34	PPA	-
	Air Voids	Air Voids		MnRoad 34	September 2007	PG 58-34	SBS+PPA	-
				MnRoad 35	September 2007	PG 58-34	SBS	-
	Tested at PG	Tested at PG		MnRoad 77	September 2007	PG 58-34	Elvaloy+PPA	-
	and PG+10	and PG+10		MnRoad 20	August 2008	PG 58-28	-	30% Non-Fractioned
_				MnRoad 21	August 2008	PG 58-28	-	30% Fractioned
				MnRoad 22	August 2008	PG 58-34	-	30% Fractioned

### DCT Fracture Energy: Analysis for Air Voids and Temperature

#### **Tests wrt Random Effects**

Source	SS	MS Num	DF Num	F Ratio	Prob > F
Air Voids	3473.45	3473.45	1	0.2056	0.6577
Mix[Air Voids]&Random	210011	17500.9	12	2.0056	0.0335*
Relative Temp	504560	504560	1	57.8220	<.0001*
Relative Temp*Air Voids	1208.39	1208.39	1	0.1385	0.7107

"Mix[Air Voids] & Random" represents differences among mixes that are treated the same.

LSMeans I	Differences Student's t	
α 0.050 1.9	98861	
	Least	
Level	Sq Mean	
PG+10,4 A	588.75814	
PG+10,7 A	569.42921	
PG,4 B	439.17045	
PG,7 B	433.79951	
Levels not con	nected by same letter are signific	antly

Multiple comparison tests showed that the air voids for these mixes were not statistically different in the DCT test results. The temperature made the greatest difference. No mix was statistically different from all other mixes.

### SCB- Stress Intensity Factor: Analysis for Air Voids and Temperature

#### Tests wrt Random Effects F Ratio Source SS MS Num DF Num Prob > F0.52525 Air Voids 0.52525 1 30,4497 <.0001\* Mix[Air Voids]&Random 0.23207 0.01934 2.0050 0.0300\* 12 **Relative Temp** 0.08174 0.08174 1 8.4738 0.0043\* 0.2437 Relative Temp\*Air Voids 0.01325 0.01325 1.3732 1

#### LSMeans Differences Student's t

a= 0.050 t= 2.12567

		Least	
Level		Sq Mean	
4 A		0.93349994	
7 E	3	0.78843776	
Levels not	connec	ted by same letter ar	e significantly different.
		Least	
Level		Sq Mean	
PG A		0.88935533	
PG+10	в	0.83258237	
Levels not	connec	ted by same letter ar	e significantly different.
		Least	
Level		Sq Mean	
PG,4 A	4	0.97331384	
PG+10,4	В	0.89368605	
PG,7	С	0.80539683	
PG+10,7	С	0.77147870	

- 4% Air Voids and PG have higher Stress Intensity Factors.
- The 4% air voids are statistically different at PG and PG+10
- 7% air voids are not statistically different at PG and PG+10, in this instance.

### SCB Fracture Energy: Analysis for Air voids and Temperature

#### **Tests wrt Random Effects**

Source	SS	MS Num	DF Num	F Ratio	Prob > F
Air Voids	650939	650939	1	14.1314	0.0014*
Mix[Air Voids]&Random	555727	46310.5	12	1.0266	0.4299
Relative Temp	1305190	1305190	1	28.9334	<.0001*
Relative Temp*Air Voids	162065	162065	1	3.5927	0.0607

#### LSMeans Differences Student's t

α= 0.050 t= 1.98177

		Least
Level		Sq Mean
PG+10,4	Α	859.54639
PG+10,7	ΑB	777.79582
PG,4	В	712.40354
PG,7	С	470.52929

		Least
Leve	l	Sq Mean
4	A	785.97497
7	В	624.16256
		Least
Level		Sq Mean
<b>Level</b> PG+1		<b>Sq Mean</b> 818.67111

- Air voids and
  Temperature show
  statistical differences in
  the SCB fracture energy.
- The combination of the temperature PG and 7% air voids is statistically different than all other tests.

## IDT Stiffness @60

### Analysis for Air Voids and Temperature

#### **Tests wrt Random Effects**

Source	SS	MS Num	DF Num	F Ratio	Prob > F
Air Voids	39.9421	39.9421	1	1.2692	0.2773
Mix[Air Voids]&Random	426.42	35.535	12	2.1368	0.0201*
Relative Temp	1808.47	1808.47	1	108.7457	<.0001*
Relative Temp*Air Voids	0.0228	0.0228	1	0.0014	0.9705

#### LSMeans Differences Student's t

α= 0.050 t= 1.98217

<b>Level</b> PG A PG+10 B	Least Sq Mean 22.104960 13.480902 Least
Level	Sq Mean
4 A	18.433759
7 A	17.152103
	Least
Level	Sq Mean
PG,4 A	22.730476
PG,7 A	21.479444
PG+10,4 B	14.137042
PG+10,7 B	12.824762

- Air voids and Temperature show statistical differences in the IDT Stiffness @60.
- The Student's t-test of the temperature-air void combinations show that temperature has more of an impact, in this case.

### IDT Stiffness @500 Analysis for Air Voids and Temperature

#### **Tests wrt Random Effects**

SS	MS Num	DF Num	F Ratio	Prob > F
39.9421	39.9421	1	1.2692	0.2773
426.42	35.535	12	2.1368	0.0201*
1808.47	1808.47	1	108.7457	<.0001*
0.0228	0.0228	1	0.0014	0.9705
	39.9421 426.42 1808.47	39.942139.9421426.4235.5351808.471808.47	426.4235.535121808.471808.471	39.942139.942111.2692426.4235.535122.13681808.471808.471108.7457

#### LSMeans Differences Student's t

a= 0.050 t= 2.12845

Level 4 A	Least Sq Mean 18.433759
7 A	17.152103
<b>Level</b> PG A PG+10 B	<b>Sq Mean</b> 22.104960 13.480902
	Least
	Least
Level	Sq Mean
<b>Level</b> PG,4 A	
	Sq Mean
PG,4 A	<b>Sq Mean</b> 22.730476

- Only Temperature shows a statistical difference in the IDT Stiffness @500.
- The Student's t-test of the temperature-air void combinations show that temperature has more of an impact, in this case.

### IDT Strength [MPa]: Analysis for Air Voids and Temperature

#### **Tests wrt Random Effects**

SS	MS Num	DF Num	F Ratio	Prob > F
22.2946	22.2946	1	25.8918	0.0002*
12.0443	1.00369	12	6.9013	<.0001*
2.18063	2.18063	1	14.9938	0.0002*
0.00115	0.00115	1	0.0079	0.9294
	22.2946 12.0443 2.18063	22.294622.294612.04431.00369	12.0443    1.00369    12      2.18063    2.18063    1	22.294622.2946125.891812.04431.00369126.90132.180632.18063114.9938

#### LSMeans Differences Student's t

α= 0.050 t= 1.98304

Level		Least Sq Mean
PG+10,4 A		5.1834821
PG,4 B		4.8761905
PG+10,7	С	4.2279262
PG,7	D	3.9344129
		Least
Level		Sq Mean
4 A		5.0298363
7 B		4.0811696
		Least
Level		Sq Mean
PG+10 A		4.7057042
PG B		4.4053017

- Air Voids and Temperature show a statistical difference in the IDT Strength Values.
- The Student's t-test of the temperature-air void combinations show that temperature has more of an impact in this case.

# DCT Fracture Energy: RAP vs. FRAP

#### **Tests wrt Random Effects**

Source	~~~			E Datio	
Source		M2 NUM	DF Num	r Rauo	FIOD > F
AirVoids	779.138	779.138	1	0.0460	0.8500
RAP[Air Voids]&Random	33850.4	16925.2	2	1.8836	0.1696
Relative Temp	123705	123705	1	13.7674	0.0008*
Relative Temp*Air Voids	83.1136	83.1136	1	0.0092	0.9240

- Temperature shows a statistical difference in the DCT Fracture, air voids do not.
- The Student's t-test of the FRAP/RAP-air void combinations show that the fractionated and non fractionated RAP are not statistically different.

LSMea	ns Diff	erences Student's f
a= 0.050	t= 2.042	27
		Least
_evel		Sq Mean
PG+10,7	A	535.29750
PG+10,4	A	528.46764
PG,7	в	421.09750
PG,4	в	408.18986

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

		Least
Level		Sq Mean
PG+10	) A	531.88257
PG	В	414.64368

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

		Least
Lev	el	Sq Mean
7	А	478.19750
4	А	468.32875

Level		Sq Mean
[4]30% Fractioned	Α	513.25917
[7]30% Non-Fractioned	Α	488.04167
[7]30% Fractioned	Α	468.35333
[4]30% Non-Fractioned	Α	423.39833
Levels not connected by	y sam	e letter are significantly different.

# SCB- Stress Intensity Factor: RAP vs. FRAP

#### Tests wrt Random Effects

Source	SS	MS Num	DF Num	F Ratio	Prob > F
Air Voids	0.17203	0.17203	1	12.6858	0.0703
RAP[Air Voids]&Random	0.02718	0.01359	2	2.4037	0.1243
Relative Temp	0.03067	0.03067	1	5.4248	0.0342*
Relative Temp*Air Voids	0.0009	0.0009	1	0.1588	0.6959

- Temperature shows a statistical difference in the SCB K<sub>ic</sub>, air voids do not.
- The Student's t-test of the FRAP/RAP-air void combinations show that the fractionated and non fractionated RAP are not statistically different in their respective air void category.

LSMeans Differences Student's t				
α=0.050 t= 2.13145				
	Least			
Level	Sq Mean			
PG A	0.88560185			
PG+10 B	0.80875000			

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

		Least
Lev	el	Sq Mean
4	А	0.93916667
7	Α	0.75518519

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

Least

Level	Sq Mean
[4]30% Non-Fractioned A	0.99000000
[4]30% Fractioned A	0.88833333
[7]30% Non-Fractioned B	0.77000000
[7]30% Fractioned B	0.74037037

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

	Least
	Sq Mean
	0.98416667
	0.89416667
З	0.78703704
З	0.72333333
	-

# SCB Fracture Energy: RAP vs. FRAP

#### **Tests wrt Random Effects**

Source	SS	MS Num	DF Num	F Ratio	Prob > F
Air Voids	35813.1	35813.1	1	1.3701	0.3617
RAP[Air Voids]&Random	52271.2	26135.6	2	0.9712	0.4012
Relative Temp	81464.6	81464.6	1	3.0271	0.1024
Relative Temp*Air Voids	932.934	932.934	1	0.0347	0.8548

• Fracture energy does not indicate any statistical differences in this instance.

LSMeans Diffe	rences Stu	dent's t		
α= 0.050 t= 4.2734	7			
	Least			
Level	Sq Mean			
4 A	777.52208			
7 A	693.57833			
Levels not connecte	•	er are significantly different.		
	Least			
Level	Sq Mean			
PG+10 A	798.17904			
PG A	672.92138			
Levels not connecte	ed by same let	ter are significantly different. Least		
Level		Sq Mean		
[4]30% Non-Fractic	oned A	847.35750		
[7]30% Fractioned	А	716.04667		
[4]30% Fractioned	А	707.68667		
[7]30% Non-Fractic	oned A	671.11000		
Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.				
Level	Sq Mean			
PG+10,4 A	846.85308			
PG+10,7 A	749.50500			
PG,4 A	708.19108			
PG,7 A	637.65167			
	d by same let	ter are significantly different		

# IDT Stiffness@60: RAP vs. FRAP

#### **Tests wrt Random Effects**

Source	SS	MS Num	DF Num	F Ratio	Prob > F
AirVoids	30.8051	30.8051	1	204.4146	0.0016*
RAP[Air Voids]&Random	0.2656	0.1328	2	0.0201	0.9801
Relative Temp	255.192	255.192	1	38.6968	<.0001*
Relative Temp*Air Voids	2.11766	2.11766	1	0.3211	0.5783

- Fractionated and non-fractionated rap show no statistical difference.
- Air voids are statistically different but temperature has the greatest impact.

LS	Means Di	fferences Student's t
α=0	.050 t= 3.49	9284
		Least
Lev	el	Sq Mean
4	Α	16.829630
7	В	14.501667
Leve	els not conne	ected by same letter are significantly different.

	Least		
Level	Sq Mean	Std Error	Mean
PG	19.015833	0.74131976	19.0158
PG+10	12.315463	0.78141964	12.2491
		Least	
Level		Sq Mean	
[4]30% Fra	ctioned A	16.958333	
[4]30% No	n-Fractioned A	16.700926	
[7]30% No	n-Fractioned A	14.586667	
[7]30% Fra	ctioned A	14.416667	

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

	Least
Level	Sq Mean
PG,4 A	20.485000
PG,7 A	17.546667
PG+10,4 B	13.174259
PG+10,7 B	11.456667

# IDT Stiffness@500: RAP vs. FRAP

#### **Tests wrt Random Effects**

SS	MS Num	DF Num	F Ratio	Prob > F
52.3522	52.3522	1	11.2909	0.0773
9.25637	4.62819	2	0.6021	0.5589
251.888	251.888	1	32.7688	<.0001*
1.05192	1.05192	1	0.1368	0.7160
	52.3522 9.25637 251.888	SSMS Num52.352252.35229.256374.62819251.888251.8881.051921.05192	52.352252.352219.256374.628192251.888251.8881	9.256374.6281920.6021251.888251.888132.7688

- Fractionated and non-fractionated • rap show no statistical difference.
- Air voids are statistically different at • the PG test temperature but temperature has the greatest impact.

LSMeans Differences Student's t a= 0.050 t= 2.10982 Least Level Sq Mean			
α= 0.050 t= 2.10982			
	Least		
Level	Sq Mean		
[4]30% Fractioned A	14.151667		
[4]30% Non-Fractioned A B	12.971296		
[7]30% Non-Fractioned A B	11.203333		
[7]30% Fractioned B	9.850000		

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

Level	Sq Mean
PG A	15.372500
PG+10 B	8.715648

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

		Least
Level		Sq Mean
PG,4	A	17.105000
PG,7	В	13.640000
PG+10,4	С	10.017963
PG+10,7	С	7.413333

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

		Least
Level		Sq Mean
4	А	13.561481
7	А	10.526667

# IDT Strength [MPa]: RAP vs. FRAP

#### Compares mixes MN 20 and 21 Each are PG-28

#### **Tests wrt Random Effects**

Source	SS	MS Num	DF Num	F Ratio	Prob > F
AirVoids	2.95419	2.95419	1	31.0402	0.0294*
RAP[Air Voids]&Random	0.19282	0.09641	2	2.3090	0.1336
Relative Temp	0.66751	0.66751	1	15.9870	0.0012*
Relative Temp*Air Voids	0.08274	0.08274	1	1.9816	0.1796
Relative Temp*Air Voids	0.08274	0.08274	1	1.9816	0.17

- Fractionated and non-fractionated rap show no statistical difference within the air void categories.
- Air voids and temperature are statistically different.

LSI	Means Di	fferences Student's t		
<b>α= 0</b> .	.050 t= 2.1	3145		
		Least		
Leve	el	Sq Mean		
PG+	·10 A	4.9400000		
PG	В	4.5775926		
Leve	ls not conn	ected by same letter are significantly different.		
Leve	el	Sq Mean		
4	А	5.1400000		
7	В	4.3775926		
Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.				

		Least
Level		Sq Mean
[4]30% Non-Fractioned A		5.2030000
[4]30% Fractioned A		5.0770000
[7]30% Fractioned	В	4.4966667
[7]30% Non-Fractioned	В	4.2585185
• •	-	

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

Loget

		Least			
Level		Sq Mean			
PG+10,4 A	λ	5.3850000			
PG,4	в	4.8950000			
PG+10,7	С	4.4950000			
PG,7	С	4.2601852			
Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.					

# DCT Fracture Energy: No RAP vs. FRAP

#### Tests wrt Random Effects

Source	SS	MS Num	DF Num	F Ratio	Prob > F
AirVoids	6730.6	6730.6	1	0.3868	0.5507
Asphalt Modifiers & FRAP[Air Voids]&Random	141756	17719.5	8	2.0295	0.0608
Relative Temp	389968	389968	1	44.6647	<.0001*
Relative Temp*Air Voids	1769.35	1769.35	1	0.2027	0.6545

- No mix is statistically different from all other mixes. The trend shows SBS mixes having the highest average DCT fracture energy.
- The test temperatures are statistically different.

#### LSMeans Differences Student's t

a= 0.050 t= 2.00665

		Least
Level		Sq Mean
PG+10,4 A		615.80533
PG+10,7	A	584.11643
PG,4	В	447.89894
PG,7	В	437.40241

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

		Least
Level		Sq Mean
4	Α	531.85214
7	Α	510.75942

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

		Least
Level		Sq Mean
PG+10	A	599.96088
PG	В	442.65068

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

				I	Least
Level				Sq	Mean
[4]SBS PPA	А			593.7	70833
[4]SBS	А			589.0	8333
[7]SBS PPA	А	в		573.5	54833
[7]SBS	А	в		560.1	8833
[4]Elvaloy PPA	А	в		506.4	10500
[4]PPA	А	в		499.5	53736
[7]30% Fractioned		в		479.9	94750
[7]Elvaloy PPA		в		472.5	51460
[4]30% Fractioned		В		470.5	52667
[7]PPA		в		467.5	59833
Lovels not connect	-	l by	(camo lo	Horar	o cian

# SCB Fracture Energy: No RAP vs. FRAP

#### **Tests wrt Random Effects**

Source	SS	MS Num	DF Num	F Ratio	Prob > F
AirVoids	309786	309786	1	5.0657	0.0534
Asphalt Modifiers[Air Voids]&Random	490102	61262.8	8	1.1042	0.3757
Relative Temp	772823	772823	1	13.9299	0.0005*
Relative Temp*Air Voids	82699.7	82699.7	1	1.4906	0.2276

- No mix is statistically different from all other mixes.
- The test temperatures are statistically different.

LSMeans Differences Student's t
---------------------------------

a= 0.050 t= 2.29245

		Least
Level		Sq Mean
4	А	789.23017
7	Α	647.85625

		Ecust
Level		Sq Mean
PG+10 A		829.96179
PG	в	607.12463
	PG+10 A	PG+10 A

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

Least

				Least
Level				Sq Mean
[4]SBS PPA	Α			959.45833
[4]Elvaloy PPA	А	в		902.13982
[4]PPA	Α	в	С	718.67500
[7]Elvaloy PPA	А	в	С	712.58000
[7]SBS PPA		в	С	683.72500
[4]30% Fractioned		в	С	683.70167
[4]SBS		в	С	682.17602
[7]30% Fractioned		в	С	643.86167
[7]SBS			С	619.51125
[7]PPA			С	579.60333

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

	Least
	Sq Mean
А	864.20108
А	795.72250
А	714.25926
В	499.99000
	·· _

# **SCB Stress Intensity Factor:** No RAP vs. FRAP

#### Tests wrt Random Effects

Source	SS	MS Num	DF Num	F Ratio	Prob > F
AirVoids	0.33844	0.33844	1	18.5618	0.0025*
Asphalt Modifiers[Air Voids]&Random	0.14721	0.0184	8	1.9394	0.0735
Relative Temp	0.02031	0.02031	1	2.1404	0.1495
Relative Temp*Air Voids	0.025	0.025	1	2.6351	0.1106

- No mix is statistically different from • all other mixes. The trend shows SBS mixes having the highest average stress intensity factor.
- The air voids are statistically • different. Temperature has the most influence at 4% air voids.

#### LSMeans Differences Student's t

 $\alpha = 0.050 t = 2.00665$ 

						Leas	Ľ
Level					Sq	Mear	ı
[4]SBS	А				0.985	77558	3
[4]SBS PPA	А				0.983	33333	3
[4]30% Fractioned	А	в			0.926	66667	,
[4]PPA	А	в	С		0.880	00000	)
[4]Elvaloy PPA	А	в	С		0.879	62046	5
[7]SBS		в	С		0.861	56250	)
[7]SBS PPA			С	D	0.800	00000	)
[7]30% Fractioned			С	D	0.776	66667	,
[7]Elvaloy PPA				D	0.750	00000	)
[7]PPA				D	0.728	33333	3

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

		Least
Le۱	/el	Sq Mean
4	Α	0.93107921
7	В	0.78331250

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different. Loact

	Least
Level	Sq Mean
PG A	0.87525743
PG+10 A	0.83913428

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different. 

		Least
Level		Sq Mean
PG,4 A		0.96918152
PG+10,4	В	0.89297690
PG+10,7	С	0.78529167
PG,7	С	0.78133333

# IDT Stiffness @60: No RAP vs. FRAP

#### **Tests wrt Random Effects**

Source	SS	MS Num	DF Num	F Ratio	Prob > F
AirVoids	92.6795	92.6795	1	5.1380	0.0529
Asphalt Modifiers[Air Voids]&Random	144.159	18.0198	8	0.7189	0.6738
Relative Temp	881.463	881.463	1	35.1641	<.0001*
Relative Temp*Air Voids	25.9616	25.9616	1	1.0357	0.3140

- No mix is statistically different from all other mixes. The trend shows fractionated RAP having the highest stiffness.
- The test temperatures are statistically different.
- Temperature/air void combinations show that at low temperatures, the air voids play a larger role in stiffness values

#### LSMeans Differences Student's t

a= 0.050 t= 2.30312

		Least
Lev	el	Sq Mean
4	Α	19.091444
7	Α	16.580000
		Least
Lev	el	Sq Mean
PG	Α	21.708333
PG+	-10 B	13.963111

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

I east

			Leas	
Level			Sq Mea	n
[4]30% Fractioned	А		21.440556	6
[4]SBS	А	В	20.793333	3
[7]30% Fractioned	А	В	18.943333	3
[4]SBS PPA	А	В	18.358333	3
[4]PPA	А	В	17.565000	)
[7]SBS PPA	А	В	17.548333	3
[4]Elvaloy PPA	А	В	17.300000	)
[7]Elvaloy PPA	А	В	15.895000	)
[7]SBS	А	В	15.370000	)
[7]PPA		В	15.143333	3

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

. . . . .

		Least
Level		Sq Mean
PG,4	A	23.628667
PG,7	В	19.788000
PG+10,4	С	14.554222
PG+10,7	С	13.372000

# IDT Stiffness @500: No RAP vs. FRAP

#### **Tests wrt Random Effects**

SS	MS Num	DF Num	F Ratio	Prob > F
37.1612	37.1612	1	1.3578	0.2774
219.322	27.4153	8	2.9175	0.0100*
1364.28	1364.28	1	145.1874	<.0001*
1.20505	1.20505	1	0.1282	0.7219
	37.1612 219.322 1364.28	37.161237.1612219.32227.41531364.281364.28	37.161237.16121219.32227.41538	219.32227.415382.91751364.281364.281145.1874

- No mix is statistically different from all other mixes. The trend shows 30% Fractionated RAP having the highest stiffness.
- The test temperatures are statistically different. In the temperature/air void combinations, the two temperatures are statistically different regardless of air voids.

#### LSMeans Differences Student's t

a= 0.050 t= 2.30529

		Least	
Lev	el	Sq Mean	
4	Α	15.130292	
7	Α	13.540000	
Leve	els not c	nnected by same letter are significantly different	t.
		Least	
Lev	el	Sq Mean	
PG	Α	19.153000	
PG-	+10 E	9.517292	
Leve	els not c	nnected by same letter are significantly different	t.

					Least
Level					Sq Mean
[7]30% Fractioned	А				18.225000
[4]30% Fractioned	А	в			16.319792
[4]SBS	А	в			15.856667
[4]Elvaloy PPA	А	в	С		15.256667
[4]SBS PPA	А	в	С		14.936667
[7]SBS PPA		в	С	D	13.381667
[4]PPA		в	С	D	13.281667
[7]Elvaloy PPA		в	С	D	13.158333
[7]SBS			С	D	12.051667
[7]PPA				D	10.883333

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

	Least
	Sq Mean
4	20.091333
4	18.214667
в	10.169250
в	8.865333
	_

# IDT Strength [MPa]: No RAP vs. FRAP

#### **Tests wrt Random Effects**

Source	SS	MS Num	DF Num	F Ratio	Prob > F
Air Voids	11.3653	11.3653	1	8.5302	0.0193*
Asphalt Modifiers[Air Voids]&Random	10.702	1.33775	8	10.8367	<.0001*
Relative Temp	1.71051	1.71051	1	13.8563	0.0005*
Relative Temp*Air Voids	0.13904	0.13904	1	1.1263	0.2941

- 7% PPA, 7% Elvaloy, PPA and 7% SBS PPA are statistically different from all other mixes. SBS and Fractionated RAP at 4% air voids have the highest strength values.
- The test temperatures and air voids are statistically different. In the temperature/air void combinations, 7% air voids is more sensitive to the test temperature.

#### LSMeans Differences Student's t

a= 0.050 t= 2.30567

		Least
Lev	el	Sq Mean
4	А	4.9918611
7	В	4.1034583

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

		Least
Level		Sq Mean
PG+10	A	4.7199861
PG	В	4.3753333

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

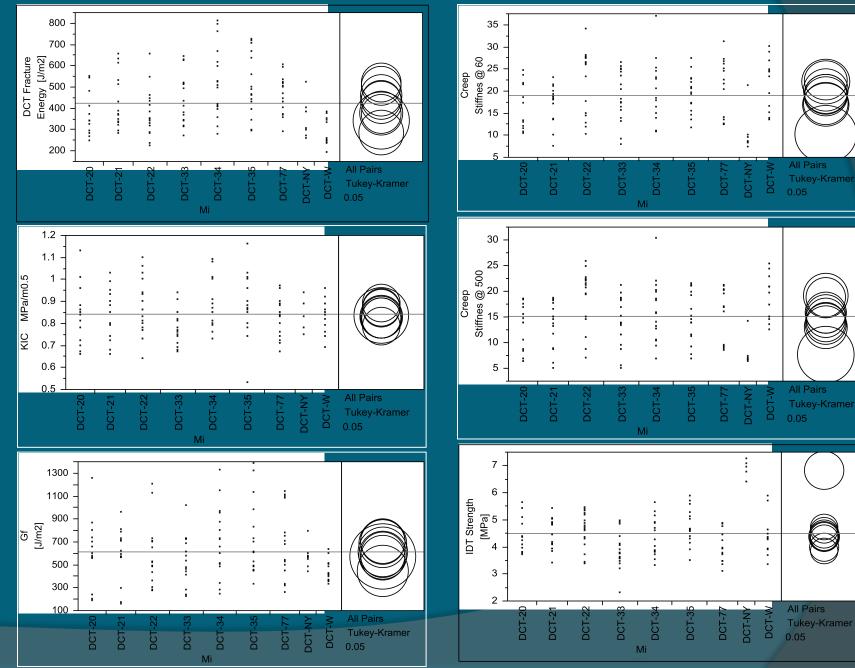
		Least
Level		Sq Mean
PG+10,4 A	5	.1150556
PG,4 A	4	.8686667
PG+10,7 B	4	.3249167
PG,7 (	C 3	.8820000

Levels not connected by same letter are significantly different.

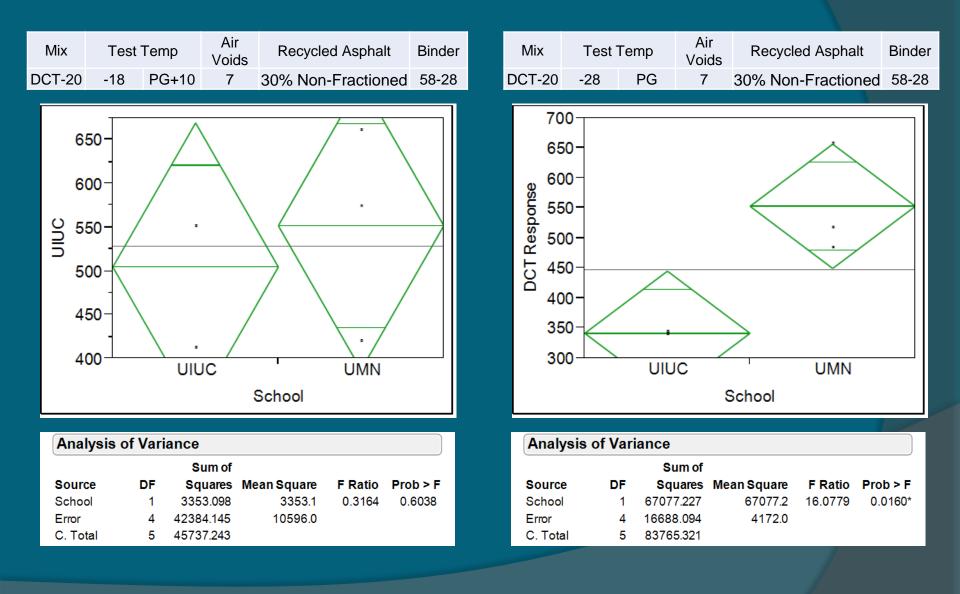
Loget

		Least
Level		Sq Mean
[4]SBS A	4	5.5450000
[4]30% Fractioned A	ΑB	5.2626389
[4]SBS PPA	BC	5.0733333
[7]30% Fractioned	CD	4.6816667
[4]PPA	D	4.5550000
[7]SBS	D	4.5233333
[4]Elvaloy PPA	D	4.5233333
[7]SBS PPA	E	4.0616667
[7]Elvaloy PPA	EF	3.7822917
[7]PPA	F	3.4683333

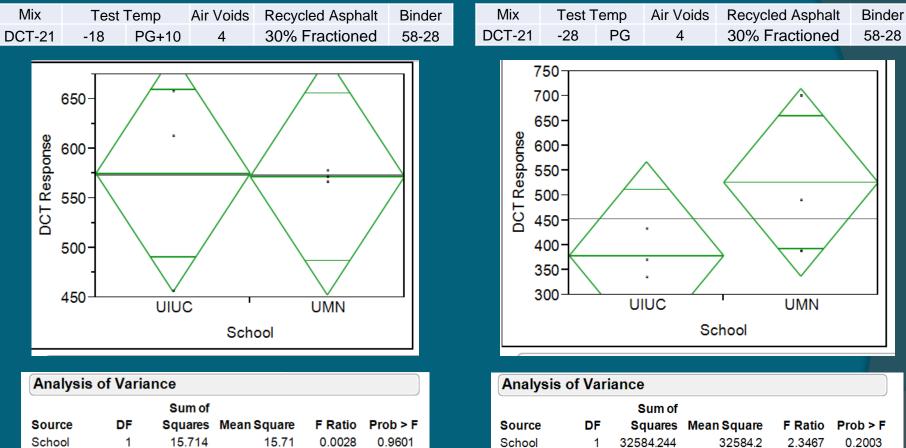
### Comparing all of the Tests and Mixes



### **DCT Laboratory Comparison**



### **DCT Laboratory Comparison**



Error

C. Total

55541.368

88125.612

4

5

13885.3

	10.114	10.71	0.0
4	22192.957	5548.24	

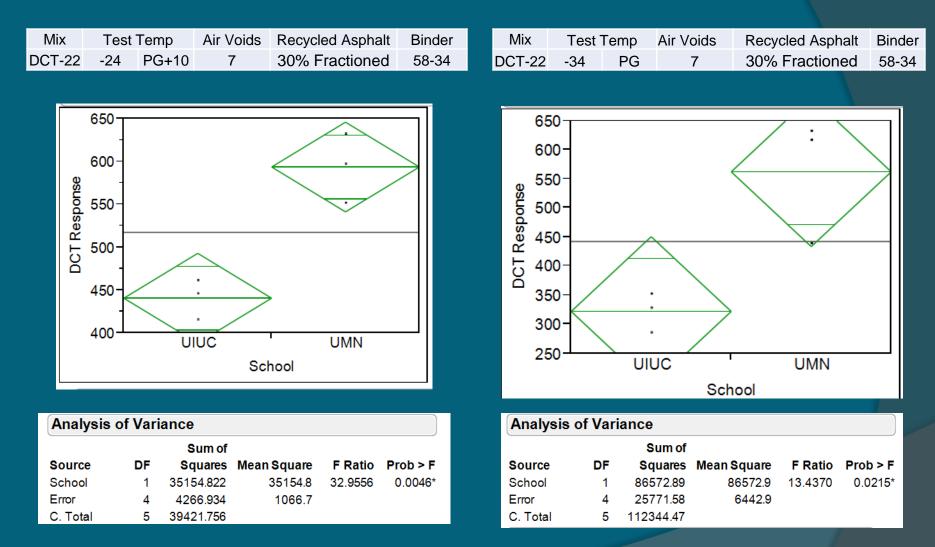
22208.671

Error

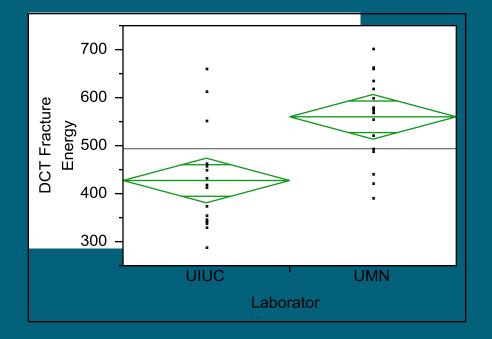
C. Total

5

### **DCT Laboratory Comparison**



# DCT Laboratory Comparison: Comparison of all collected data from two laboratories



Analysis of Variance								
Sum of								
Source	DF	Squares	Mean Square	F Ratio	Prob > F			
Laboratory	1	158494.23	158494	16. <mark>8242</mark>	0.0002 *			
Error	34	320300.08	9421					
C. Total	35	478794.31						

Statistical differences are observed for the two different laboratories at 95% confidence.

For this set of data, there may be confounding effects; however half of the previous comparisons show statistical difference.

Further investigations on multilab variability may useful.

### Ranking of mixes based on all test data

Wilcoxon / Kruskal-Wallis Tests (Rank Sums)									
	Expected								
Level	Count	Score Sum	Score	Score Mean	(Mean-Mean0)/Std0				
DCT-20	14	886.500	938.000	63.321	-0.374				
DCT-21	15	1082.50	1005.00	72.167	0.548				
DCT-22	17	1323.00	1139.00	77.824	1.237				
DCT-33	17	656.000	1139.00	38.588	-3.252				
DCT-34	17	1055.50	1139.00	62.088	-0.559				
DCT-35	17	1398.50	1139.00	82.265	1.745				
DCT-77	15	660.500	1005.00	44.033	-2.447				
DCT-NY	8	1036.00	536.000	129.500	4.727				
DCT-W	13	812.500	871.000	62.500	-0.439				

The DCT, SCB, IDT all ranked the mixes in the order shown above; however, no mix was statistically different from all of the other mixes.

# **Summary Tables**

- Tables show that all the tests are good indicators of overall trends.
- Asphalt Modifiers and FRAP were not shown in a table because all mixes were statistically similar except for a few cases in IDT Strength test.
- Mixed results between tests when ranking field cores, laboratory compacted and lab conditioned samples.

Ranking Air Void and Temperature Combinations							
1st 2nd 3rd 4th							
DCT FE	PG+10, 4	PG+10, 7	PG, 4	PG, 7			
SCB SIF	PG, 4	PG+10, 4	PG, 7	PG+10, 7			
SCB FE	PG+10, 4	PG+10, 7	PG, 4	PG, 7			
IDT Stiffness @60	PG, 4	PG, 7	PG+10,4	PG+10, 7			
IDT Stiffness @500	PG, 4	PG, 7	PG+10,4	PG+10, 7			
IDT Strength	PG+10, 4	PG, 4	PG+10,7	PG,7			
-	-	-	-				

RAP vs. FRAP (Air void %, 30% RAP/ 30%FRAP)					
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	
DCT FE	4%, FRAP	7% <i>,</i> RAP	7% <i>,</i> FRAP	4% RAP	
SCB SIF	4%, RAP	4%, FRAP	7% <i>,</i> RAP	7% <i>,</i> FRAP	
SCB FE	4% <i>,</i> RAP	7% <i>,</i> FRAP	4% <i>,</i> FRAP	7% <i>,</i> RAP	
IDT Stiffness @60	4%, FRAP	4%, RAP	7% <i>,</i> RAP	7% <i>,</i> FRAP	
IDT Stiffness @500	4% <i>,</i> FRAP	4% <i>,</i> RAP	7% <i>,</i> RAP	7% <i>,</i> FRAP	
IDT Strength	4% <i>,</i> RAP	4%, FRAP	7% <i>,</i> FRAP	7% <i>,</i> RAP	

Field Cores vs. Laboratory vs. Lab Conditioned

Rank (If shaded, no statistical			
difference)			
1st	2nd	3rd	
NONE	YES	Field	
YES	Field	None	
Yes	None	Field	
Field	Yes	None	
Field	Yes	None	
Yes	None	Field	
	1st NONE YES Yes Field Field	difference)    1st  2nd    NONE  YES    YES  Field    Yes  None    Field  Yes    Field  Yes	