THIS PAGE WAS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK.
2565.2
Traffic Control Signals

2565.1 DESCRIPTION
A General
This work includes furnishing and installing materials and electrical equipment, or installing Department furnished materials and electrical equipment, or both, to provide a complete, operating signal system.

These Specifications also apply to: revised signal system, temporary signal system, automatic traffic recorder (ATR) system, temporary bridge signal system, conduit system, detector system, materials for a future signal system, interconnection system, flashing beacon system, emergency vehicle pre-emption (EVP) or combinations thereof, all as specified in the Contract.

B Definitions
Definitions of words and phrases pertaining to traffic control signal systems and related type work are as defined in the standards of ITE, in the Minnesota Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MMUTCD), 1101, and 1103. Definitions of words and phrases in conjunction with traffic signal control equipment and controller units are defined in the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) Standards Publication for "Traffic Control Systems". The definitions in the above referenced publications shall govern unless otherwise defined in these Specifications or in the Special Provisions.

2565.2 MATERIALS
A General
A1 Regulations and Code
All electrical equipment to be furnished shall conform to the standards of the requirements of the NEMA; the Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc. (UL); or the Electronic Industries Association (EIA), whichever is applicable.

Materials, electrical equipment, and workmanship shall conform to the National Electrical Code (NEC), the standards of the American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM), the standards of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI), the standards of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), and to local laws and ordinances that apply.

All electrical conductors shall be copper and all wire sizes for electrical conductors shall be based on the American Wire Gauge (AWG).

A2 Materials and Electrical Equipment List
The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer, within 15 calendar days following the date of the Award of Contract, a list of all materials and electrical equipment to be furnished by the Contractor. The list
shall include the name of the manufacturer, size, and where the item will be obtained.

A3 Material Samples for Testing

The Contractor shall furnish samples of materials for testing and inspection. Materials may be accepted by the Engineer on the basis of the manufacturer's certification that the material has been sampled, tested, and inspected for compliance with the Contract. The Department reserves the right to accept or reject any material on the basis of its own tests and inspections.

A4 Tests

The Contractor shall make, at no expense to the Department, all tests necessary to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Engineer that the materials, electrical equipment, and the installation thereof are in accordance with and meet the requirements of the Contract.

The Contractor shall provide, at no expense to the Department, such instruments, apparatus, tools, materials, and labor necessary to make the required tests. Such instruments, apparatus, tools, and materials shall remain the property of the Contractor after the tests are completed.

A5 Warranties, Guarantees, and Instruction Sheets

Warranties and guarantees on new materials and electrical equipment shall apply to the items furnished by the Contractor.

Manufacturers' warranties and guarantees furnished for materials and electrical equipment, and instruction sheets and parts lists supplied with materials and electrical equipment, shall be submitted to the Engineer before final acceptance of the Project or when requested by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall warrant and guarantee all materials and electrical equipment furnished to the Project to be free from defects in materials and workmanship in accordance with the following:

(a) Warranties and guarantees that are offered by the material and electrical equipment manufacturer as a customary trade practice shall be turned over to the Department. The Department shall be named as the obligee on all manufacturers' warranties and guarantees.

(b) The Contractor shall warrant and guarantee satisfactory in-service operation of all materials and electrical equipment for a period of 6-months. The 6-month in-service warranty period shall begin with the "turn-on" of the traffic control signal system, except that the 6-month period for materials and electrical equipment components placed into operation after the "turn-on" of the traffic control signal system, such as interconnect materials, shall begin
on the date the materials and electrical equipment are individually placed in satisfactory service initially. "Turn-on" shall be defined as the time when the complete traffic control signal system meets all installation and operational requirements of the Contract and is placed in automatic operation.

The Contractor shall replace or correct any part or parts of materials and electrical equipment that are found defective within the 6-month in-service warranty period. No compensation will be made to the Contractor for such replacements or corrections.

The above warranty and guarantee requirements shall not apply to any part or parts of materials and electrical equipment that have been, in the opinion of the Engineer, subject to misuse, negligence, or accident by anyone other than the Contractor.

B Conduit and Accessories

B1 Rigid Steel Conduit (RSC) and Conduit Fittings ........ 3801
B2 Intermediate Metal Conduit (IMC) and Conduit Fittings .................................................... 3802
B3 Non-Metallic Conduit (NMC) and Conduit Fittings .................................................... 3803
B4 Conduit Expansion fittings .................................................... 3839

C Handholes

Handholes shall be as required by the Contract.

D Electrical Junction Boxes .................................................... 3838

E Concrete ................................................................. 2411

E1 General

Concrete for mast arm pole foundations and light standard foundations shall be Mix No. 3Y43.

Concrete for ground-mount cabinet foundations (for traffic signal cabinets, master cabinets, automatic traffic recorder cabinets, etc.), equipment pad foundations, pedestrian push button station foundations, and for any new sidewalk construction or sidewalk replacement shall be Mix No. 3A32.

Concrete meeting the requirements for Type 3, Grade A concrete shall be furnished where the use of a specific mix designation is not indicated in the Contract.

Concrete pavement or base removed because of trenching or construction operations shall be constructed or replaced with Mix No. 3Y43 high early strength concrete.

Plastic curing blankets, when used, shall be in accordance with 3756.

F Anchor Rods................................................................. 3385

F1 Traffic Signal Pedestals and Mast Arm Pole Standards
Anchor rods, nuts, and washers for traffic signal pedestals and mast arm pole standards shall be as indicated in the Contract.

F2 Traffic Signal Cabinets

Anchor rods, nuts, and washers for traffic signal cabinets shall be Type A; shall be galvanized full length in accordance with 3392; shall be four in quantity; and shall be 20 mm (3/4 inch) nominal diameter by minimum 460 mm (18 inches) long before bending a 50 mm (2 inch) ell on one end and threaded minimum 100 mm (4 inches) on the other end.

F3 Rust Inhibitor

Threaded portions of all anchor rods above concrete foundations shall be coated with a rust inhibitor before installation of mast arm pole standards, traffic signal pedestals, the traffic signal cabinet and other type cabinets on the anchor rods.

G Electrical Cables and Conductors ....................... 3815
H Mast Arm Pole Standards and Luminaires ............. 3831
I Blank
J Traffic Signal Pedestal ..................................... 3832
K Vehicle Signal Faces ....................................... 3834
L Pedestrian Signal Faces .................................... 3835
M Wood Poles .................................................. 3840
N Service Equipment ......................................... 3837
O Blank
P Pedestrian Push Buttons and Signs ..................... 3833
Q Signs ............................................................ 2564

Each pedestal mounted, pole shaft mounted, or mast arm mounted sign shall be the size indicated in the Contract and shall be fabricated in accordance with the Mn/DOT Standard Sign Manual and 3352.

R Traffic Signal Cabinet and Control Equipment

The Contractor shall furnish the traffic signal cabinet (or other pad mounted cabinet and control equipment) as specified in the Contract.

S Miscellaneous Materials

Materials and electrical equipment that have no requirements included in the Contract shall be in accordance with the best standard practices and workmanship. All materials and electrical equipment shall be approved by the Engineer before installation.

2565.3 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

A General

The location of component parts (including pedestrian curb ramps), as indicated in the Contract, are approximate only. The exact locations will be established by the Engineer.
Highways, streets, and roads shall be kept open to traffic during construction, subject to 1404. Any openings or uncompleted work that may cause a hazard to vehicle or pedestrian traffic shall be suitably protected to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

A1 Compliance with Electrical Codes and Standards

Construction operations shall conform to the National Electrical Code, to the State of Minnesota Board of Electricity Examiners, and to all State of Minnesota laws and local ordinances governing electrical installations.

A2 Permits and Inspections

The Contractor shall secure all necessary permits and inspections with no cost to the Department.

Bidders are advised that compliance with 1702 will be enforced in conjunction with the construction of any kind or type of electrical system or conduit system for the conveyance of electrical cables and conductors, or the required portions thereof, as specified in the Contract. The Minnesota Electrical Act requires that a permit be obtained for the performance of all such work, including the installation of conduits.

A3 Utility Property and Service

The electrical utility company will determine the minimum clearance of overhead electrical lines to other overhead structures and equipment operations. The Contractor shall conform to these minimum clearance requirements.

B Existing Electrical Systems

Existing electrical systems (traffic signal, ATR, flashing beacon, street lighting, etc.), or approved temporary replacements thereof, shall be kept in effective operation for the benefit of the traveling public during the progress of new work, except when turn-offs are permitted. Turn-offs shall be as specified in the Contract or as directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 48 hours in advance of scheduled turn-offs and before performing work on existing electrical systems. The Contractor shall not turn-off an existing traffic signal system without the specific approval of, and only in the presence of the Engineer.

The Department responsible for maintenance will continue maintenance while the Contractor is performing work on existing electrical systems. The Department responsible for maintenance will furnish electrical energy for operation and will repair or replace any component parts of an existing electrical system damaged by public traffic or natural causes.

During periods of authorized work suspension, the Department will provide and maintain the existing traffic signal cabinet and control equipment and will maintain the existing traffic control signal system.
Where damage is caused by the Contractor's operations, the Contractor shall, at no expense to the Department, repair or replace any damaged component parts of an existing electrical system promptly to meet all governing specifications for new construction for the component damaged. Should the Contractor fail to perform the required repairs or replacements, the cost of performing such repairs or replacements will be deducted from any moneys due or becoming due the Contractor.

**C  Excavation and Backfill**

Excavation and backfill required for the installation of concrete foundations, cable, conduit, handholes (pullboxes), and other items specified shall be in accordance with the applicable provisions of 2451. Trenches for conduit and holes for concrete foundations and handholes (pullboxes) shall not be excavated wider than necessary. Installation of concrete foundations, conduit, and handholes (pullboxes) shall follow as soon as practicable after the excavation. Material from excavation shall be placed in locations that will neither cause damage nor obstruction to vehicle or pedestrian traffic nor interfere with surface drainage.

Trenching shall be located at a distance from the edge of the pavement, back of curbing, or edge of surfaced shoulders as indicated in the Contract, or as directed by the Engineer. The distance shall be such that no damage will be done to the pavement, curbing, or surfaced shoulders. The trench shall be of uniform alignment for accurate referencing of the underground installation.

At locations scheduled for guardrail, utilities, cable, or other below ground structures, the Contractor shall modify locations to preclude damage to the cable or conduit by the installation of these other components. Before installation, the Contractor shall coordinate with and obtain approval from the Engineer for the modified locations. Cable damaged by Contractors operation and for which the location was not coordinated with and approved by the Engineer, shall be replaced at no expense to the Department.

Where trenching and excavation operations require the removal of concrete pavement or concrete sidewalk, the concrete shall be cut with a concrete saw to a depth of not less than 35 percent of the thickness of the concrete along the removal lines before breaking and removing, or the concrete shall be removed to existing joints.

All excavations shall be backfilled around the installed concrete foundations, conduit, and handholes (pullboxes) and the backfill material shall be like in kind to the adjacent soils and compacted to approximately the same density. Backfill material shall be placed to avoid the placement of stones immediately adjacent to conduits or direct buried cable. If indicated in the Contract, or if directed by the Engineer, designated layers or portions of the backfill shall be made with granular material furnished in accordance with 2451. Any
roadway surfacing (concrete pavement, bituminous surface, or gravel surface, including underlying base courses), sidewalks, curbs and gutters, sod, railways, etc., that are removed by construction operations shall be restored to approximately its original condition by the Contractor at no expense to the Department expense, all to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Surplus material from excavation and backfill shall be expeditiously removed and disposed of outside the Right of Way in any manner that the Contractor may elect, subject to 2104.3C3.

D  Conduit and Fittings

D1  General

Conduit and fittings shall be of the type and size as specified in the Contract. It is the Contractor's option to install conduit and fittings of a larger size than specified. Where conduit size is not specified in the Contract, the conduit shall be 21 mm (3/4 inch) minimum and shall be sized such that not more than 40 percent of inside cross-sectional area will be occupied by all electrical cables and conductors to be installed within the conduit run.

Conduit installation shall be in accordance with the NEC. All conduit in any one conduit run shall be of the same size and type and shall be continuous from outlet to outlet. Special conduit fittings may be incorporated for pulling electrical cables and conductors or for making short radius bends as necessary within the run.

Damaged conduit, having sharp kinks or reduced cross section will be rejected.

Conduit installation shall be made at the appropriate time to preserve the conduit from damage and to provide for its proper incorporation into the system. Conduit that will be encased in concrete or masonry shall be rigidly supported in position during the casting.

The Contractor shall install all electrical cables and conductors in conduit, except as otherwise specified in the Contract.

D2  Conduit Placement

Conduit shall be installed in as straight a run as practicable and shall enter handholes (pullboxes) and foundations in line with the general direction of the conduit run as much as practicable.

D2a  Aboveground

All conduit attached aboveground to wood poles shall be secured with galvanized two-hole pipe straps spaced not more than 1.2 m (4 feet) apart.

All conduit attached aboveground to metal poles shall be secured with minimum 19 mm (3/4 inch) wide stainless steel banding spaced not more than 1.5 m (5 feet) apart.

Conduit shall be supported within 900 mm (3 feet) of each termination or fitting.
Expansion devices shall be installed at each structure expansion joint as indicated in the Contract, or as indicated by the Engineer.

All conduit attached aboveground to cabinets, bridges, and other structures shall be secured to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

D2b Underground

Conduit shall be placed by the trenching method, except that the Engineer may direct the Contractor to place conduit under existing pavement by augering, jacking, or other method approved by the Engineer. If a method other than trenching is used and a distortion in excess of 6 mm (1/4 inch) is created in the existing roadway surface, the Contractor shall remove the distortion and shall restore, at no expense to the Department, the roadway to its original condition.

Conduit shall not be placed under existing concrete or bituminous surfaces or railways by the trenching method or by pushing with pneumatic compaction tools unless authorized by the Engineer. Where conduit is placed below existing roadway pavements by the trenching method, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval, before starting work, details and description of the planned method of trenching construction including traffic control and restoration of the roadway to its original condition. When augering or boring operations through a roadbed are abandoned for any reason, the resultant voids shall be grouted at no expense to the Department and to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Where conduit is required to be placed underground below new or reconstructed roadway surface areas or sidewalk, the conduit shall be placed and backfilled by the trenching method to the satisfaction of the Engineer before any new roadway surface or new sidewalk is placed.

Underground conduit shall be placed not less than 460 mm (18 inches) below the surface of any ground area and shall be placed not less than 610 mm (24 inches) below any roadway surface area. All underground conduit placed under railroad tracks shall not be less than 1.10 m (42 inches) below the bottom of the railroad ties or as required by the Railroad Company.

Conduit runs specified in the Contract may be changed, with the approval of the Engineer, to avoid underground obstructions.

Underground conduit placed by the trenching method shall be to a uniform depth below the surface of the adjacent ground line or finished roadway. No conduit shall be placed before inspection of the trench by the Engineer.

Underground conduit runs shall have provisions for drainage of moisture. Horizontal conduit runs shall be sloped to drain at a rate of not less than 0.25 percent (3 inches per 100 feet), and all low points shall be drained. At the low points (not at the open ends of conduit runs) a standard tee conduit fitting shall be installed and a nipple at least
150 mm (6 inches) long shall be extended into a hole approximately 600 by 600 mm (24 by 24 inches) square deep backfilled with crushed rock or approved granular material.

Conduit terminating in handholes (pullboxes) or in concrete foundations shall be positioned such that the conduit will be inside the handhole (pullbox), pole bases, cabinet bases, or structure bases and shall extend from 50 to 75 mm (2 to 3 inches) beyond the top or inside surface of the handhole (pullbox) or concrete foundation and where necessary shall be sloped towards the access opening to facilitate the pulling of cables. The conduit shall be sloped out of the foundation toward the handhole (pullbox) opening for drainage. Conduit couplings shall be located at least 150 mm (6 inches) from the structure surface.

Conduit entering an existing concrete foundation shall be placed by sawing and breaking the concrete in such a manner that the conduit will enter the foundation below the adjacent ground surface and project 25 to 50 mm (1 to 2 inches) above the top of the foundation and inside the pole shaft or cabinet base. The foundation shall be returned to approximately its original form by patching with concrete to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Conduit to be stubbed out of a concrete foundation for future use shall be threaded and capped on both open ends with standard pipe caps. The conduit shall extend 450 to 600 mm (18 to 24 inches) out from the concrete foundation in the direction specified or as directed by the Engineer.

All open ends of conduits entering a cabinet or pole foundation shall be sealed by use of paraffin or other approved sealing compound following the installation of the cables and conductors.

D3 Conduit Bends

Conduit bends, except factory bends, shall have a radius of not less than 6 times the nominal diameter of the conduit used and shall be made so that the conduit will not be damaged and the internal diameter of the conduit will not be effectively reduced.

Bends in runs of conduit shall be held to the minimum required, not to exceed 360 degrees of bend per run between handholes (pullboxes) or foundations.

D4 Rigid Steel Conduit and Intermediate Metal Conduit

D4a Joints

The ends of conduit shall be threaded and a standard threaded conduit coupling shall be used to join all standard length conduit. Where standard length conduit is cut, the end shall be threaded and reamed to remove burrs and rough edges. Field cuts shall be made square and true.
All conduit ends joined by coupling shall butt or come together for the full circumference thereof to provide an electrical bonding and grounding connection throughout the entire length of the conduit run.

Coating on the conduit that is damaged by handling or installing, shall be painted with rust preventative paint to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

D4b Open Ends

All open ends of conduit in handholes (pullboxes) and extending above any concrete foundation shall be threaded and capped with standard pipe caps until the wiring is to be installed. When the caps are removed, a grounding type insulated threaded conduit bushing shall be installed on the open ends. The bushing shall be in accordance with the UL Standard 467 for Grounding and Bonding Equipment. The lug shall be compatible with a No. 6 copper bonding conductor. The lug material shall consist of stainless steel, copper, brass or bronze. The lug and copper bonding conductor at each bushing shall be covered with a corrosion inhibiting compound.

Open ends of conduit terminating on the side of wood poles or other structures shall be capped with weatherhead entrance fittings.

D4c Existing Conduit

Existing underground conduit that is incorporated into a new or revised electrical system shall be cleaned and blown out with compressed air before placing new electrical cables and conductors therein. The Contractor shall replace old grounding bushings and ground wire in existing handholes (pullboxes) to maintain a continuously grounded system.

Where a new handhole (pullbox) is to be placed in an existing conduit run, the conduit shall be cut and extended into the new handhole (pullbox) in a manner approved by the Engineer. The open ends of conduits shall be threaded and fitted with grounding type insulated threaded conduit bushings and shall be properly bonded and grounded.

D5 Non-Metallic Conduit

D5a Joints

The Contractor shall trim the inside and outside of cut ends of non-metallic conduit to remove rough edges. The Contractor shall use standard non-metallic couplings or non-metallic conduit with an attached preformed coupling. The Contractor shall clean non-metallic conduit sections with a joint cleaner and shall cement joints with a PVC cement. The conduit ends shall butt or come together for the full circumference thereof.

D5b Open Ends

All open ends of non-metallic conduit shall immediately be capped or plugged to prevent the entrance of moisture until the installation of
the electrical conductors, at that time they shall be furnished with standard non-metallic conduit bell ends to prevent damage to the electrical cables and conductors.

Open ends of non-metallic conduit not containing electrical conductors shall be capped or plugged utilizing standard non-metallic conduit caps or plugs.

D5c Conduit Encasement

If specified in the Contract, non-metallic conduit placed by the trenching method shall be granular encased or concrete encased. Granular encased non-metallic conduit shall have the bottom and sides of the trench free of sharp irregularities before the conduit is placed. The trench shall be backfilled the first 150 mm (6 inches) with granular material conforming to 3149.2K. Concrete encased non-metallic conduit shall have the trench width extend approximately 75 mm (3 inches) from each side of the conduit. Concrete shall be Mix No. 3A32 or equal and shall encase the conduit approximately 75 mm (3 inches) on all sides.

D6 Conduit Attached to a Bridge

Conduit shall be mounted and attached to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Conduit supports and spacing of the supports shall be as required by the NEC. Hangers or pipe clamps shall be used for supporting conduit and shall be approved by the Engineer before installation. The hangers or pipe clamps shall be attached using two unit threaded bolt anchorages conforming to the Contract or, if not specified, be approved by the Engineer. The required hardware shall permit removal of the hanger or pipe clamp and shall be installed to permit conduit expansion and contraction.

Expansion fittings shall be furnished in conduit runs attached to a bridge as required by the NEC or as directed by the Engineer. RSC or IMC conduit runs with expansion fittings installed shall be made electrically continuous by a copper bonding jumper having the ampacity as required by the NEC. The bonding jumper shall be internal to the expansion fitting.

E Handholes (Pullboxes)

The Contractor shall install handholes (pullboxes) at the locations specified in the Contract and as staked to the satisfaction of the Engineer. It is the Contractor's option to install additional handholes (pullboxes) to facilitate the work at no expense to the Department.

The tops of handholes (pullboxes) shall be set so that the cover is 25 mm (1 inch) below grade, except in sidewalk areas, where the cover shall be flush or as directed by the Engineer.

To facilitate drainage, handholes (pullboxes) shall be set on a 1 m (3 foot) diameter or square by 300 mm (12 inches) deep aggregate drain bed using 3149.2H coarse filter aggregate.
The Contractor shall remove any excess material inside of existing handholes (pullboxes) that are to be used in the new system.

After handhole (pullbox) and conduit installation at each handhole (pullbox) location, all inside handhole (pullbox) sidewalls shall be made as watertight as possible by patching with either concrete for pre-cast concrete handholes (pullboxes), or material compatible caulking compound or other compatible sealing material for PVC Handholes (Pullboxes), all to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Pre-cast concrete handholes (pullboxes) with Type LD, Type HD, or other type metal frames and covers required to be placed in areas not surfaced with concrete shall be supported by concrete to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Other type handholes (pullboxes) with metal frames and covers are not required to be supported by concrete unless otherwise indicated in the Contract.

**Concrete Foundations**

**F1 General**

Concrete foundations shall be constructed in accordance with the applicable provisions of 2411 and shall be of the size and shape as specified in the Contract. The concrete shall be Mix No. 3Y43.

Concrete foundations shall be formed (except portions of concrete foundations that extend into solid rock) by using forming tubes or wood forms that shall be true to line and grade. Where soil conditions permit, the Engineer may allow the foundation to be cast with forms or tubes used only on the upper portion of the foundation. Forms shall be rigid and securely braced. Entering conduits, anchor rods, ground rods, etc., shall be placed in proper position and to the proper height, and shall be held in place until the concrete has cured. Forms shall not be removed until the concrete has cured.

The concrete shall be consolidated by means of portable vibrators supplemented by hand spading to ensure a smooth dense surface free of air or water blisters.

Where unstable foundation conditions are encountered, concrete foundation construction may be altered to secure a stable foundation to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Where obstructions (such as solid rock) prevent construction of a concrete foundation as planned, foundation dimensions may be adjusted, as the Engineer determines appropriate, to provide a stable foundation.

Concrete foundations shall have an ordinary surface finish conforming to 2401.3F on all sides to approximately 150 mm (6 inches) below the adjacent ground line. The top shall be floated smooth and the edges shall be beveled or chamfered to present a neat appearance.

The exposed concrete above the adjacent ground line, sidewalk, or paved area shall be formed to present a neat appearance and shall be treated with treating oil conforming to 3917.
F2 Anchor Rods

In pole foundations, the anchor rods shall be held in a rigid cage in a manner acceptable to the Engineer to maintain good alignment while the concrete is being poured. The anchor rod cage shall be designed without welding or tack welding on the anchor rods. Anchor rods that show evidence of welding or tack welding will be rejected. An accurate template shall be provided for the anchor rod projections. The template shall be left in place until the concrete has cured. Work shall not start on the concrete foundation until the anchor rods have been approved by the Engineer. Foundations in which anchor rods are improperly aligned after the concrete has cured will be rejected. Bolt holes in transformer bases shall not be enlarged to allow for shifted anchorages.

G Loop Detectors

G1 General

Each loop detector shall be an inductive loop detector. One complete loop detector installation shall consist of the following:

(a) An electrical conductor embedded loop or group of loops installed in the roadway as required by the Contract, and

(b) A loop detector lead-in cable to the traffic signal cabinet or other cabinet.

G2 Installation

Unless otherwise specified in the Contract, all loop detectors shall be saw cut in the roadway. Saw cut loop detectors shall be installed as required in the Contract.

In the event that adjustment of the size or shape of the loop detector is made in the field by the Engineer, no additional payment will be made to the Contractor for any increase in the detector loop size or number of turns of wire.

Where loop detectors are to be installed in roadways to be surfaced with new bituminous pavement, the loop detectors shall be saw cut into the roadway and sealant material installed to the satisfaction of the Engineer before the bituminous wearing course is placed by the bituminous paving Contractor.

An individual saw cut shall be made from each loop detector to the conduit leading to the handhole.

Each loop detector of size 1.7 by 1.7 m (6 by 6 feet) shall have 4 turns of wire. The number of turns of wire for all other size loop detectors shall be as indicated in the Contract or as directed by the Engineer.

The contractor shall fill loop detector saw cuts with loop detector sealant material as specified in the Contract. If no sealant is specified in the Contract, the Contractor shall fill saw cuts with a loop detector...
sealant material that is intended for this specific use, and that is approved by the Engineer before installation.

Loop detector conductors shall terminate in the handhole or junction box adjacent to the loop detector and shall be taped to exclude moisture before splicing.

The Contractor shall splice roadway loop detector conductors to loop detector lead-in cable conductors in the adjacent handhole or junction box and shall make each new loop detector operational. Splices on roadway loop detector conductors to loop detector lead-in cable conductors shall be the type as indicated in the Contract.

G3 Loop Detector Test Report

The Contractor shall furnish to the Engineer, in triplicate, a signed and dated "LOOP DETECTOR TEST REPORT" for each loop detector and lead-in cable system furnished and installed as part of the Contract with the following information:

(a) Project numbers, intersection, and location identification.
(b) Loop detector number (as shown in the Plans), dimensions of loop detector (width and length in meters) as installed, and number of turns of wire in loop detector as installed.
(c) Continuity Test--Each loop detector circuit shall be tested for continuity at two locations:
   (1) Loop detector at the handhole or junction box before splicing with the loop detector lead-in cable (shall have a value less than 0.5 Ω), and
   (2) Loop detector and lead-in cable system at the intersection traffic signal cabinet after splicing in the handhole or junction box shall have a value less than 5.0 Ω. The continuity test ohm reading at the intersection traffic signal cabinet shall be greater than the ohm reading measured at the loop detector adjacent handhole or junction box.
(d) Inductance Test--Each loop detector and lead-in cable system shall have an inductance test measured at the intersection traffic signal cabinet. The inductance shall be in the range of from 50 to 900 µH.
(e) Insulation Resistance Test--An insulation resistance test at 500 V direct current shall be made at the intersection traffic signal cabinet between one loop detector lead-in cable conductor and the "Equipment Ground Buss" in the cabinet. The insulation resistance shall have a value of not less than 100 MΩ.

NOTE: The continuity test, inductance test, and insulation resistance test shall be made at the intersection traffic signal cabinet before the loop detector lead-in cable conductors are terminated on the terminal facilities.
The three final loop detector test reports for the intersection will be distributed by the Engineer as follows:
(a) Original report to the official Project file.
(b) Copy in the traffic signal cabinet.
(c) Copy to the Department's Electrical Services Section or maintaining agency.

All loop detector tests shall be made by the Contractor, in the presence of the Engineer, at no expense to the Department. Loop detector tests shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Engineer that the materials and installation of each loop detector and lead-in cable system are in accordance with the Contract. The Contractor shall provide the electrical instruments, apparatus, tools, and labor as may be necessary to make the required loop detector tests on each loop detector and lead-in cable system. Such electrical instruments, apparatus, and tools shall remain the property of the Contractor after the tests are completed.

In the event that a loop detector or lead-in cable system fails any one of the above-mentioned loop detector tests, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to replace any part of or the entire loop detector and lead-in cable system, all at no expense to the Department. All of the above-mentioned loop detector tests shall be repeated and recorded for the "revised" loop detector and lead-in cable system.

Each loop detector and lead-in cable system furnished and installed as part of the Contract shall pass the above-mentioned loop detector tests and be operational to the satisfaction of the Engineer. These tests shall not preclude the Department from testing each loop detector and lead-in cable system with their own test equipment to ensure proper operation.

**H Bonding and Grounding**

All bonding, grounding, ground rod electrodes, grounding electrode conductors, and grounding connections shall be in accordance with the NEC.

All ground rod electrodes required by the Contract shall be at least 16 mm in diameter by 4.6 m (15 feet) in length and fabricated of a material as specified in the NEC.

Metal conduit, metal traffic signal pedestals, mast arm pole standards, light standards, service equipment, traffic signal cabinet or other type cabinet, etc., shall be made mechanically and electrically secure to form a continuous bonded grounded system. The bonding and grounding jumper shall be a copper conductor no less than No. 6. Grounding of the system and neutral at the service point shall be as required by the NEC, except that the grounding electrode conductor shall be not less than a No. 6.
Attachment of the grounding and bonding jumper to metal traffic signal pedestals, mast arm pole standards, and light standards shall be by means of a 5 mm (3/16 inch) (or larger) brass, bronze, or stainless steel bolt installed in the lower part of the shaft or base. A solder or sheet metal strap connection shall not be used.

In addition to the bonding and grounding provisions described above, if the Plans utilize traffic signal cables with a green conductor shall be used as an equipment ground. The green conductor of each traffic signal cable shall be attached in a similar manner as the grounding and bonding jumper to the lower part of all metal traffic signal pedestal and pole shafts or bases in which the run of cable terminates. An "Equipment Ground Buss", separate from the neutral terminal strip, will be provided in the traffic signal cabinet or other type cabinet and the green conductor of each traffic signal cable shall be terminated on the "Equipment Ground Buss". The "Equipment Ground Buss" shall be grounded to the cabinet ground rod electrode (if ground rod electrode installed) with not less than a No. 6 grounding electrode conductor.

A No. 6 equipment grounding conductor shall be furnished and properly connected from the "Equipment Ground Buss" in the traffic signal cabinet or other type cabinet to the neutral bonding bar of the service equipment and to each incoming conduit grounding bushing lug.

Ground rod electrodes shall be driven at all service points, at all cabinet locations housing control equipment and electrical equipment, and at locations specified in the Contract. Ground rod electrodes and grounding connections shall be installed in accordance with the NEC. The top of the ground rod electrode installed in the ground shall be level with the surface of the adjacent ground. Where installed in a concrete foundation, the top of the ground rod electrode shall extend not more than 75 mm (3 inches) nor less than 50 mm (2 inches) above the foundation. The service equipment shall be bonded to the ground rod electrode by use of a ground clamp and a No. 6 grounding electrode conductor. If the grounding electrode conductor is in a location subject to physical damage, it shall be enclosed in a 13 mm (½ inch) diameter rigid steel conduit.

Where a bonded grounded continuous rigid steel conduit system is not installed, metal poles, pedestals, cabinets, and other structures requiring a ground rod electrode shall be bonded to the ground rod electrode by a No. 6 grounding electrode conductor enclosed in a 25 mm (1 inch) diameter rigid steel conduit stubbed out of the concrete foundation. One end of the bonding jumper shall be attached to the lower part of the pole, pedestal, cabinet, or structure shaft or base and the other end attached to the ground rod electrode by a grounding connection.
For bonding and grounding in all non-metallic conduit systems, an equipment grounding conductor shall be run with all electrical circuits. The equipment grounding conductor may be one conductor of a multi-conductor cable, or, where no cables within the conduit run contain an equipment grounding conductor, a No. 6 green, equipment grounding conductor shall be installed in the conduit run. Where non-metallic conduit is to be installed for future use, the equipment grounding conductor may be omitted.

In addition to the required bonding and grounding jumper and required threaded grounding conduit bushings on open ends of new conduit, the Contractor shall, at the in-place locations directed by the Engineer, furnish and install new bonding and grounding jumpers and new threaded grounding conduit bushings on open ends of in-place conduit.

Installation of electrical cables and conductors and all electrical wiring shall be in accordance with the NEC.

Insulated spade lugs shall be used for terminal connections of conductors.

The ends of all spare electrical conductors not terminated shall be taped.

Approximately 1 m (3 feet) of slack cable shall be left in each handhole through which a run of cable passes.

Approximately 600 mm (24 inches) of slack cable shall be left in each mast arm pole base, light standard base, and traffic signal pedestal base.

The Contractor shall install unmetered service conductors in a separate conduit system from all other conductors. All conductors of a branch circuit shall be run in a single conduit.

All electrical cables and conductors shall be run continuous without splices from the terminal appliances in the traffic signal cabinet to the terminal blocks or terminal appliances in mast arm pole bases, pedestal bases, junction boxes, etc.

Loop detector lead-in cable shall be installed continuous without splices or terminals from the loop detector conductor and lead-in cable splice to the traffic signal cabinet or other type cabinet.

The size and number of conductors in each cable and the number of cables in a given conduit run shall be furnished exactly as shown in the Plans. For example, the notation on the Plans "2-3/c No. 12" requires two 3-conductor No. 12 cables to be installed in the particular conduit.
2565.3

run, plus any other cables and conductors indicated in the conduit run. No additional spares are required.

The Contractor shall wire the electrical system in accordance with the field wiring diagram shown in the Plans. Cables shall be identified as shown on the field wiring diagram in all handholes, junction boxes, traffic signal pedestal bases, mast arm pole bases, light standard bases, and the traffic signal cabinet or other type cabinet. Labels to identify cables shall be plastic or cloth adhesive tape that is embossed or printed with numerals and letters and wrapped around the cable. In addition to labeling each cable within the cabinet, the Contractor shall label in a similar manner each conductor of each cable terminated on the fuse panel or a terminal block (i.e. RED 2-1, YEL 2-1, GRN 2-1, RLTA 5-1, YLTA 5-1, GLTA 5-1, RRTA 4-1, YRTA 4-1, GRRTA 4-1, DWK P6-1, WLK P6-1, etc., or the like, indicating the signal indication and the signal face number). The label shall be applied within 75 mm (3 inches) of the terminal point. Terminal blocks in traffic signal pedestal bases and pole bases shall have an identification strip as part of the terminal block and each conductor shall be identified in a similar manner as above as to the signal indication it serves.

J2 Underground Wiring

Electrical cables and conductors shall be pulled through the conduit by hand such that no damage is done to the cable and conductor insulation. The conduit shall be clean at the time of installation and the ends of all electrical cables and conductors shall be taped to exclude moisture until spliced or terminated.

The Contractor shall sleeve direct buried cable that enters or exits handholes (pullboxes).

J3 Cabinet Field Lead Wiring

No field lead entering a traffic signal cabinet or other type cabinet shall be cut shorter than the farthermost terminal in the cabinet. After all field connections are made to the cabinet terminal facilities, field leads shall be neatly dressed and banded together to provide an orderly arrangement within the cabinet.

J4 Splices

No splices will be permitted that are not called for in the Contract or authorized in writing by the Engineer. When splices are authorized, they shall be permitted only in handholes (pullboxes), control cabinets, junction boxes, or in bases of poles, unless the Contract requires underground cable splices. When underground cable splices are specified, they shall be made with an approved epoxy splice kit.

All splices of conductors and cables shall be good quality electrical splices and shall be waterproof. Splices shall be electrically and mechanically secure without solder, and, except for loop detector splices, shall utilize split bolt connectors. Pressure spring type connectors shall not be used.
All spliced conductors, except grounding wires, shall be taped with rubber tape to a thickness of at least 1.5 times that of the original insulation. Two layers of protective plastic electrical tape shall be applied over the rubber tape and extend at least 25 mm (1 inch) over the regular conductor insulation. The entire splice shall be made waterproof with waterproofing electrical coating.

Where the Contract requires splices between aluminum and copper conductors in a temporary system, the connectors shall be UL listed for use with the cable materials and for the conditions of use, and shall be designed so that there is no direct contact between the aluminum and copper conductors. Terminals for terminating the aluminum conductors shall be UL listed for use with aluminum wire. The connections shall be tightened to the manufacturer recommended torque.

### J5 Terminal Blocks

Each mast arm pole base, traffic signal pedestal base, light standard base, etc., with vehicle and pedestrian signal indications or pedestrian signal indications, shall have a terminal block for terminating field conductors and traffic signal conductors.

Each terminal block shall be a one-piece phenolic molding with 12 double-point terminals with strap screw contacts for size 10-32 binder head screws. Barriers between terminals shall be minimum 13 mm (1/2 inch) in height. The holes for the binder head screws shall not extend through the plastic. The slots shall be of sufficient size to fit the spade lugs used for terminating conductors.

Each terminal block shall meet 600 V requirements of NEMA and UL for general industrial control devices.

The terminal blocks, screws, and spade lugs in each base shall be covered with an electrical insulating coating.

Terminal blocks in bases shall be installed in such a manner that the terminal block screws face the door opening and are accessible.

### J6 Aboveground Wiring

All electrical cables and conductors installed aboveground, except where run on overhead span wire, shall be installed in conduit attached to wood poles, metal poles, cabinets, or other structures, or shall be run inside metal poles, pedestals, cabinets, or other structures.

The Contractor shall provide slack (generally 5 percent of the span length) where electrical cables and conductors are installed overhead unsupported and spanned between wood poles or other type supports. Electrical cables and conductors installed overhead in conjunction with a messenger wire shall be attached to the messenger wire using metal or sunlight resistant nonmetallic straps (maximum spacing 450 mm (18 inches) or lacing. All nonmetallic straps shall be approved by the Engineer.
K  Service Equipment Installation

Service equipment installation shall be in accordance with the NEC and local laws and ordinances governing such installations.

The service point shown in the Plans is approximate. The exact location will be determined in the field by the power company or the Engineer.

For installation on a wood pole, the Contractor shall install the meter socket at an appropriate height directly above the disconnecting means. Service conduit risers shall terminate near the top of the wood pole or structure and shall be capped with a weatherhead to prevent the entrance of water. Sufficient length of power conductors shall extend beyond the weatherhead (including a sufficient drip loop) for connection to the power conductors from the source of power, which connection will be made by the power company at no cost to the Contractor.

For installation on a mounting bracket assembly, the meter socket and disconnecting means shall be located as detailed in the Contract.

Lugs for terminating conductors shall be sized appropriately for the associated conductors. Trimming strands of conductors to fit into undersized lugs is not acceptable.

The Contractor shall make all arrangements with the power company for power connection.

L  Vehicle and Pedestrian Signal Face Installation

L1  Pedestal Mounted

Vehicle signal faces and pedestrian signal faces required to be mounted atop a traffic signal pedestal shall be mounted as specified in the Contract. The pedestal mounted assemblies shall be plumb or level, symmetrically arranged, securely assembled and provide for internal wiring within the pedestal shaft signal brackets and pipe fittings.

A one-way pedestal mounted vehicle signal face shall be mounted directly above the pedestal slipfitter collar and shall have a bracket attached to the top of the vehicle signal face and to the pedestal shaft.

L2  Vertical Pole Shaft Mounted

Vehicle signal faces and pedestrian signal faces required to be mounted on a vertical pole shaft shall be mounted as specified in the Contract. Threaded 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) half-couplings shall be welded into the vertical pole shaft approximately 3 m (10 feet) above the pole foundation. The threaded couplings shall be capable of receiving threaded 38 mm (1-1/2 inch) signal brackets and shall provide for internal wiring within the vertical pole shaft. Threaded couplings shall be positioned on the vertical pole shaft as specified in the Contract.

Vehicle signal faces and pedestrian signal faces shall be mounted as specified and all pole mounted assemblies shall be plumb, securely
assembled, and provide for internal wiring within the vertical pole shaft, signal brackets, and pipe fittings.

L3 Mast Arm Mounted

Vehicle signal faces mounted on traffic signal mast arms, either at the extended end of the mast arm or at mid-arm, shall be mounted plumb utilizing signal head mounts. Two signal indications shall be mounted below the mount and the remaining signal indications mounted above.

The two signal indications below the mount and the signal indications above the mount shall be fastened together and shall be fastened to the mount by means of a noncorrosive 3-bolt mounting assembly. The 3-bolt mounting assembly shall utilize locknuts to prevent the assembly from loosening due to vibration.

L4 Bagging

The Contractor shall bag all vehicle signal faces and pedestrian signal faces immediately after installation (until such time that the traffic control signal is to be placed in operation) to clearly indicate that the traffic control signal is not in operation. The Contractor shall maintain all bagging to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

M Wood Pole Installation

Wood poles shall be placed in the ground to a depth of approximately 20 percent of the pole length. Excavations should be approximately 200 mm (8 inches) larger than the diameter of the base of the pole and free from loose material. The pole shall be hoisted into place without damage and plumbed or raked as directed by the Engineer. Backfill material shall be selected earth or sand and free from rocks and excessive organic material and placed in several lifts. Each lift shall be moistened and thoroughly compacted. The placed wood pole shall not display a void area between the wood pole and backfill at the ground plane when placed under load.

N Traffic Signal Pedestal and Cabinet Pedestal Installation

The Contractor shall plumb with "U" shaped galvanized metal shims or metal shims as approved by the Engineer and securely bolt traffic signal pedestals and cabinet pedestals to the cast-in-place anchor rods of the concrete foundations.

O Blank

P Mast Arm Pole Standard Installation

Mast arm pole standards shall be hoisted into position without damage and plumbed by means of the two nuts on each anchor rod to ensure that the pole face opposite the arm is vertical. Enlargement or alteration of holes in the base plate to accommodate misaligned anchorages will not be permitted.
2565.3

Mast arms, brackets, and other appurtenances to be attached to the vertical pole shaft shall be placed without damage.

Any damage (such as nicks, scratches, and paint removal) shall be repaired and restored to original condition. Other damage shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Q  Sign Installation

Q1  Pedestal or Pole Shaft Mounted

Each pedestal or pole shaft mounted sign shall be furnished with two standard sign mounting bracket assemblies utilizing a minimum 19 mm wide stainless steel banding and shall be mounted on the pedestal or pole shaft at the height as directed by the Engineer. At the option of the Engineer, the Contractor shall drill and tap shaft and mount signs to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Q2  Mast Arm Mounted

Each mast arm mounted sign shall be furnished with mast arm mounting bracket assemblies in accordance with the mast arm sign mounting details in the Mn/DOT Standard Signs Manual and mounted at the specified location on the mast arm to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Q3  Sign Post Mounted

Each sign post mounted sign panel shall be mounted utilizing U-channel sign posts in accordance with the Contract.

R  Cabinet Installation

Pad mounted cabinets shall be securely bolted to the concrete foundations.

S  Emergency Vehicle Pre-emption (EVP) Installation

The Contractor shall install EVP detectors and EVP indicator lamps atop traffic signal truss-type mast arms in accordance with the following provisions:

1. The detector, indicator light, wiring, and connections shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
2. In the event an obstruction is in line with the detector, the Contractor shall advise the Engineer before installation.
3. The detector and indicator light shall be attached to the traffic signal mast arm to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
4. Any extension hardware shall be the same outside diameter as the traffic signal bracketing framework, a reducer conduit fitting shall be used to attach the detector and indicator light assembly to the traffic signal mast arm.
5. All extension hardware shall be painted the same color as the traffic signal mast arm. The detector and indicator light assembly shall not be painted.
6. All hardware shall be tightened securely.
(7) The detector and indicator light shall be installed and mounted in such a way so as to ensure the watertight integrity of the assembly.
(8) The detector and indicator light combination shall have a vertical separation of approximately 150 mm (6 inches).
(9) The detector shield tube shall be installed with the drain hole at the bottom.
(10) There shall be no detector cable splices from the EVP detector on the mast arm to the traffic signal cabinet.
(11) The detector cable shall be appropriately marked in the traffic signal cabinet as to which street and direction it is associated.
(12) All one-way or two-way EVP detectors and one-way or two-way EVP indicator lights shall be operational when the signal system is initially turned on.

T  Painting

Painting metal structures and metal component parts of a traffic control signal system shall conform to all applicable provisions of 2476.
Finish coat paint shall be two field coats and as follows:
(1) Exterior Enamel, Dark Green, conforming to 3552, on traffic signal pedestal bases and mast arm pole standard transformer bases.
(2) Sign Enamel, Yellow (Baking and Air Dry), conforming to 3572, on vehicle and pedestrian signal indication housings, mast arm pole standard vertical pole shafts (below top signal bracketing), traffic signal pedestal shafts, pedestal slipfitter collars, all signal brackets and pipe fittings, and pedestrian push button stations.
(3) Ready-Mixed Aluminum Paint, conforming to 3527 for the first coat and 3528 for the second coat, on traffic signal cabinets, lighting service cabinets, other type cabinets, mast arm pole vertical shafts (above top signal bracketing), traffic signal mast arms, luminaire vertical pole shaft extensions, and luminaire mast arms.
(4) Dull Non-Reflective Black enamel on visors, directional louvers, background shields, and vehicle and pedestrian signal indication housing doors (inside and outside).

In lieu of field painting, equivalent manufacturer's shop coat paint may be accepted by approval of the Engineer, with field touch-up of damaged portions of the finish.

U  Existing Materials and Electrical Equipment

U1 Removing and Salvaging

Where required by the Contract, or directed by the Engineer, materials and electrical equipment of an existing electrical system shall be removed and salvaged in accordance with 2104. Care shall be exercised in removing salvageable materials and electrical equipment so that they will remain in their existing condition.
Materials and electrical equipment of an existing electrical system required to be removed, but not salvaged, shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be disposed of outside the Right of Way in any manner that the Contractor may elect, subject to 2104.3C3.

U2 Reinstalling
Where salvaged materials and electrical equipment are to be reinstalled at new locations, the Contractor shall furnish and install all necessary new materials, such as anchor rods, nuts, concrete foundations, etc., required to complete the new installation.

Existing materials and electrical equipment required to be removed, salvaged and reused, but found to be unsatisfactory for reuse by the Engineer, shall be replaced by new materials and electrical equipment, the cost of which will be paid for as Extra Work in accordance with 1403.

U3 Stockpiling
Materials and electrical equipment of an existing electrical system required to be removed and not reused may be stockpiled at the job site until removed outside the Right of Way. Stockpiling shall be in an acceptable manner approved by the Engineer.

V Field Testing
Before completion of the work, the Contractor shall make a functional test in which it is demonstrated to the Engineer that each and every component part of the traffic control signal functions as specified or intended. The Contractor shall not place the traffic control signal in operation until all required field tests have been completed and accepted.

Before final acceptance of the work, the Contractor shall furnish to the Engineer and all manufacturers' warranties, instructions, wiring diagrams, etc., of the materials and electrical equipment furnished by the Contractor.

W Activating Signals
When the traffic control signal is to be placed in operation, all vehicle signal faces and pedestrian signal faces shall be aimed as directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 48 hours in advance of the scheduled traffic signal turn-on.

If directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall initially place the traffic control signal in the flashing mode of operation for a period of time determined by the Engineer. Upon completion of the period of flashing mode operation, and if directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall place the traffic control signal in its normal mode of operation. The Contractor shall not turn the signal system ON or OFF without the specific approval of, and in the presence of the Engineer.
X Restoration and Cleanup

Sidewalks, curbs and gutters, pavements, base materials, sod, plants, and other items removed, broken, or damaged by the Contractor's construction operations shall be replaced or reconstructed with the same kind or type of original material or material of equal quality. The reconstruction work shall be done in an acceptable manner for the class or type of work involved and shall be undertaken and completed as soon as practicable. All reconstruction work shall be maintained by the Contractor in a satisfactory condition until final acceptance.

2565.4 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

The new traffic control signal will be measured as an integral unit complete in place and operating with the complete installation at one intersection being considered as one unit.

2565.5 BASIS OF PAYMENT

A new traffic control signal will be paid for on the basis of the following schedule:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item No.</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2565.511</td>
<td>Full-Traffic--Actuated</td>
<td>Signal System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Traffic Control Signal System</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2565.522</td>
<td>Semi-Traffic--Actuated</td>
<td>Signal System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Traffic Control Signal System</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2565.533</td>
<td>Fixed-Time Traffic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Control Signal System</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Plant Installation

2571.1 DESCRIPTION

This work consists of furnishing and planting trees, shrubs, vines, and perennials of the species, variety, grade, size, or age, and root category specified, complete in place at the locations designated in the Plan or as directed by the Engineer. It may also consist of planting or transplanting plants furnished by the Department.

The Contractor shall become familiar with the Project site and the Contract documents before submitting a Proposal, as specified in 1205 (Examination of Plans, Specifications, Special Provisions, and Site Work).

The Contractor shall comply with the current edition of “Inspection and Contract Administration Guidelines for Mn/DOT Landscape Projects,” published by the Mn/DOT Landscape Unit, as the minimum and maximum criteria and standard for all operations.

2571.2 MATERIALS

A Nursery Plant Stock ............................................................ 3861

Plants of the species specified shall be furnished in the variety, grade, and size, or age indicated.

A1 Supply of Planting Stock

By submitting a Proposal and accepting award of the Contract, the Contractor acknowledges investigating the supply of planting stock, obtaining firm commitments from suppliers, and assuring delivery of the specified plant stock as required to complete the Contract.

A2 Plant Stock Documentation

As a condition for delivery and approval of the plant stock, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer with:

(a) A copy of a valid nursery stock (dealer or grower) certificate registered with the Minnesota Department of Agriculture and/or a current nursery certificate/license from a state or provincial department of agriculture for each plant stock supplier.

(b) A Mn/DOT Certificate of Compliance for Plant Stock, Landscape Materials, and Equipment (preliminary and final, with all revisions). The Certificate of Compliance shall state the species, sizes, quantities furnished, and name and location of the original source (nursery growing operation), in accordance with 1603 (Materials: Specifications, Samples, Tests, and Acceptance).

(c) A copy of the most recent Certificate of Nursery Inspection for each plant stock supplier.

(d) All plant material shipped from out-of-state nursery vendors subject to quarantines (Gypsy moth and Japanese beetle) must be
accompanied by current documentation certifying that all plants shipped are free from regulated pests. To determine if Minnesota vendors are subject to quarantines, call the MDA Supervisor of Plant Regulatory Services at 651-296-8388.

(e) Bills of lading (shipping documents) for all plant stock and landscape materials delivered to the Project.

(f) Invoices (billing statements) for all plant stock and landscape materials used on the Project.

The required documentation shall verify that the plants are in conformance with the Project requirements.

All required plant stock documentation shall be supplied to the Engineer no later than one week prior to the proposed beginning of planting (exception--bills of lading are required when plants are delivered and invoices are required prior to payment to the Contractor. If the documentation is not supplied as specified, Mn/DOT will assess a daily charge of $200, on a calendar day basis, until the Engineer notes compliance or until the eligible 50% of the Contract price for initial plant operations and/or a maximum of 10% of plant establishment operations (for replacement plants) is forfeited. The Contractor shall not start planting operations until the Engineer has reviewed and accepted all required plant stock documentation. Work performed with plant stock, materials, and equipment that are misrepresented on the documentation will be considered unauthorized work.

A3 Substitutions

Substitutions may be allowed in accordance with 1605 (Substitute Materials). However, the Contractor shall provide written documentation that a specified plant is not available (wholly or partially in sufficient quantities to meet contract requirements) from the individual suppliers on the Mn/DOT Partial List of Nursery Stock Growers and Suppliers. The list of nursery stock suppliers can be found in the most current “Inspection and Contract Administration Guidelines for Mn/DOT Landscape Projects.” All substitute plants shall meet the Contract and site requirements. The Engineer may either approve the substitute plant or extend the Contract time to ensure availability of the specified plant.

B Department Furnished Stock and Transplant Stock

Department furnished stock and transplant stock shall be obtained from sources designated in the Plan or Special Provisions.

C Incidental Materials

C1 Soil Additives

The Contractor may use soil additives to modify the physical, biological, or chemical properties of the soil to enhance plant growth
whether specified or not. The Department will not pay for these soil additives unless the Contractor can demonstrate that unspecified additives are absolutely necessary to ensure plant growth and survival. The Contractor shall submit soil tests, analysis, and recommendations that support the need for the additives and for compensation as Extra Work. If the Engineer approves such soil additives and if the Contractor incorporates the additives into the work, the Contractor will receive compensation based upon the submitted information.

C1a Select Topsoil Borrow .................................................... 3877
C1b Agricultural Lime .......................................................... 3879
C1c Blank
C1d Peat Moss ..................................................................... 3880
C1e Fertilizer .......................................................................... 3881
C1f Compost ............................................................................ 3890
C1g Iron Sulfate

Iron sulfate, used to lower pH, shall be ferric sulfate or ferrous sulfate in pellet or granular form containing not less than 18.5 percent iron expressed as metallic iron. Acceptance will be on the basis of information contained on the product label.

C1h Activated Charcoal

When activated charcoal is used to neutralize or deactivate residual organic pesticide or chemical contaminants in the soil, the Contractor shall use ordinary charcoal, finely ground to increase absorptive surfaces, and electrically charged to attract the molecules of organic chemicals. The Engineer will accept the charcoal on the basis of information provided by the product label and the manufacturer's recommendations.

C1i Biological Soil and Root Hormones and Inoculants

Soil and root hormones and inoculants, used to modify the biological characteristics of poor soils by balancing or managing the rhizosphere, will be accepted based on the information provided by the product label and the manufacturer's recommendations.

C1j Porous Ceramics and Hydrophilic Polymers

Porous ceramics and hydrophilic absorbing polymers, used to modify the physical characteristics of poor soils by balancing or managing water and oxygen in the soil, will be accepted based on the information provided by the product label and the manufacturer's recommendations.
C1k  Fertilizer
   Refer to the Plan and special provisions for fertilizer requirements.

C2  Water
   Water shall be free of oil, acids, alkalis, salts, and other substances harmful to plants. Water suitable for human consumption will be acceptable without testing. Water from streams, ponds, and lakes shall not be used without the Engineer's approval. When the Engineer requires testing, an approved testing laboratory shall perform the tests at no expense to the Department.

C3  Mulch, Type 6 ................................................................. 3882

C4  Rodent Protection
   Rodent protection consists of 6-mm (1/4 inch) grid welded and galvanized wire mesh (hardware cloth) formed in a double-layered 375 mm (15 inch) diameter cylinder. The Contractor shall place and secure the rodent protection with a 25 by 25-mm (1 inch by 1 inch) heartwood white oak stake to the height shown in the Plan.

C5  Wound Dressing
   Wound dressing material shall be latex paint, shellac, or other acceptable material suitable to brush or spray on bruised, abraded, wounded, or cut plant surfaces, as approved by the Engineer. The paint color shall blend with the bark color.

C6  Tree Paint
   Tree paint consists of undiluted exterior grade white latex paint, as approved by the Engineer.

C7  Staking and Guying
   Staking and guying shall be as shown in the Plan. Posts and straps shall be uniform in style and color. The guying straps shall be non-abrasive to the tree and provide equal tension through the length and width of the straps.

C8  Seedling Tree Shelters
   Shelters for seedling trees shall be from the approved list that is on file with the Mn/DOT Landscape Unit. The shelter shall be a seamless, extruded, twin-wall, rigid copolymer polypropylene tube with a laser-line perforation. The shelter material shall be beige-colored, 30 to 40 percent translucent, and resistant to sunlight decomposition for a minimum of 5 years. The shelter shall have a flared top rim, formed stake recess, photo-degradable mesh sleeve covering, and shall conform to the height and diameter as shown in the Plan. The Contractor shall install the shelters with 25 by 25-mm (1 inch by 1 inch) heartwood white oak stakes as shown in the Plan.
C9 Replacements

Replacements consist of plants or incidental materials required to replace dead, defective, or missing plants and incidental materials. The quality of replacements shall be equal to or better than the initially specified material.

C10 Miscellaneous Materials and Equipment

Miscellaneous materials and equipment consists of preparatory work, staking items, herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, and equipment necessary to install plants as specified and to maintain plants in a healthy and vigorous condition, free from weed encroachment.

2571.3 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

A General

A Mn/DOT Certified Landscape Specialist shall be on the Project site at all times to perform or directly supervise the plant installation and establishment, together with all other incidental work. The certification is obtained by completing a 1-day Mn/DOT Landscape Project Installation, Inspection, and Administration training class and passing a take-home test provided by the Mn/DOT Landscape Unit. The certification is valid for 3 years. At least one owner or operations manager of the general contracting firm and the landscape subcontracting firm shall hold valid Mn/DOT certification. The Contractor shall provide experienced crews working under the direct supervision of the certified specialist.

The Contractor shall conduct temporary vegetation protection measures in accordance with 2572 (Protection and Restoration of Vegetation) as incidental work. However, the Department will make payment for protection of specimen, high value, threatened, or endangered vegetation when a bid item is indicated in the Plan.

The Contractor shall conduct temporary erosion control measures in accordance with 2573 (Temporary Erosion Control) as incidental work. The Contractor will not receive compensation for restoring areas damaged by erosion, sedimentation, and other causes when the damage results from the Contractor's operations, neglect, or failure to implement adequate temporary erosion control measures. However, the Department will make payment to prevent serious erosion and sedimentation when a bid item is indicated in the Plan or when the damage is not the result of the Contractor's neglect or operations.

A1 Definitions

A1a Preparatory Work

Preparatory work involves:

1) Attending a Preconstruction Conference.

2) Submitting completed Preconstruction documentation to the Engineer at, or prior to, the Preconstruction conference. If the
documentation is not supplied as specified, Mn/DOT will assess a daily charge of $200, on a calendar day basis, until the Engineer notes compliance, or until the eligible percentage of the contract amount for Preparatory Work has been forfeited.

Preconstruction documentation includes:

a. A preliminary Mn/DOT Certificate of Compliance for all Plant Stock, Landscape Materials, and Equipment (2571.A2(b)). The Contractor’s authorized representative shall sign the Certificate of Compliance.

b. A copy of a valid nursery stock dealer or grower certificate registered with the Minnesota Department of Agriculture.

c. A preliminary progress schedule.

3) Mobilizing for work on the site, including moving equipment and supplies to the Project site.

4) Protecting or staying away from existing plants in accordance with 1712 (Protection and Restoration of Property), 2031 (Field Office and Laboratory), 2557 (Fencing), and 2572 (Protection and Restoration of Vegetation) during all operations.

The Contractor shall obtain the Engineer’s approval before moving equipment and supplies (including mulch and other incidental items) to the Project site prior to performing any work on the site.

A1b Preparation of Planting Holes and Beds

The preparation of planting holes and beds involves:

1) Layout staking of planting beds and isolated plant locations.

2) Applying herbicide and/or conducting other weed control operations.

3) Cultivating the soil and incorporating additives to improve soil properties and drainage.

4) Providing temporary erosion control measures.

A1c Initial Planting Operations

The initial planting operations involves:

1) Providing required plant stock, materials, and equipment that meet all the Contract requirements. Provide plant stock documentation as specified in 2571.2A2.

2) Digging planting holes.

3) Installing plants and required soil and/or root additives.

4) Conducting initial watering.

5) Placing mulch.

6) Protecting plants: including placing rodent guards, staking and guying plants, painting trees, installing seedling tree shelters, and conducting continuous weed control.
7) Cleaning up and Restoring the Project site.
8) Repairing the Project site.

A1d Blank

A1e Plant Establishment Period

The plant establishment period is 2 calendar years from the date all of the initial planting operations on the Project are completed, unless specified otherwise. The work during this period involves watering, weed control, turf maintenance, replacing unacceptable material and plants, and other incidental plant care necessary to protect and establish plants. Establishment operations shall prevent rutting or include repairing rutting and other damage that may lead to soil erosion and weed infestation.

A2 Plant Layout

The planting locations and layouts shown in the Plan are approximate. The Contractor shall stake the exact locations and layout for the Engineer’s approval. In order to remedy localized problems and seasonal conditions that may hinder plant establishment, according to the species and locations specified, the Contractor may request approval to relocate plantings, to make plant substitutions, or to modify soil or drainage characteristics.

The Contractor shall locate plantings:

a. So that a minimum sight distance of 360 m (1200 feet) exists in front of all traffic signs and extends 15 m (50 feet) beyond the sign.

b. So that trees remain outside of the safety clear zones, safety sight corners, and sight lines, all in accordance with the Plan as directed by the Engineer.

A3 Blank

A4 Start of Operations

The Contractor shall not start planting hole or bed preparations, planting operations, or delivery of planting stock to the Project site until the Engineer determines that weather and soil conditions are suitable for such work and are in accordance with the dates shown in the Contract.

The Contractor shall not start planting operations until the documentation requirements of 2571.2 (Materials) and 2571.3B3 (Competence Test) operations have been demonstrated and accepted by the Engineer.

A5 Notices by Contractor

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 3 days prior to the planned delivery date of planting stock and replacement planting stock to the Project site to allow for inspection scheduling.
The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 24 hours in advance of beginning and of changing planting hole and bed preparations, plant installation, and establishment operations, including layout staking, clearing, weed spraying, material deliveries, soil cultivation, planting, watering, mulching, plant protection, dead plant removal, weeding, cleanup, and restoration work. The Contractor’s notice must include the Project number, Engineer’s name, notification date, intended operation(s), intended operation date and duration, estimated start time, and the approximate location where work will begin and occur.

The Contractor shall give the notice in writing unless otherwise designated by the Engineer. A confirmed facsimile notification is acceptable.

A6 Unauthorized Work

The Engineer will consider work performed with uncertified plant stock, without plant stock documentation, without landscape specialist certification, without notification, or in conflict with the working hours of 1803 (Prosecution of Work) as unauthorized work.

A7 Equipment Required

The Contractor shall provide equipment conforming to 1805 (Methods and Equipment) and have the following on the Project at all times:

a. One portable compaction tester capable of measuring compaction in the soil to a minimum depth of 300 mm (12 inches).

b. One soil recovery probe.

c. Calipers with measurement readings in millimeters (inches).

d. One rain gauge per kilometer (mile) of project.

B Preparing Planting Holes and Planting Beds

The Contractor shall conform to 1507 (Utility Property and Service) before cultivating soil or excavating holes on the Project.

B1 Weed Control and Cultivation

The Contractor shall use one or both of the following methods. Method 1, Herbicide Application may begin in spring or fall and shall be applied to actively growing vegetation. Method 2, Cultivate-Fallow-Disk requires fall and spring activity.

B1a Method 1 - Herbicide Application

Before cultivating isolated plant locations and plant beds, the Contractor shall kill turf and weed growth within the areas that will receive mulch in accordance with the following steps.
2571.3

Step 1. Mow existing vegetation to no less than 75 mm (3 inches) at least one week prior to any herbicide spraying. Remove the cuttings. The vegetation shall be allowed to re-grow to a height of at least 100 mm (4 inches) and no more than 200 mm (8 inches) prior to applying the herbicide.

Step 2. At least 3 days prior to the proposed application date, submit labels of all intended herbicides and a copy of a valid pesticide applicator license to the Engineer for review and approval.

Step 3. Spray any regrowth and kill all vegetation (top growth and roots) using a non-selective, non-residual post emergence herbicide containing 41% glyphosate as the active ingredient. Crews licensed by the Minnesota Department of Agriculture and experienced in the use of chemical pesticides shall perform the work in accordance with the manufacturer’s recommendations. The herbicide shall be applied to dry foliage on actively growing vegetation. The application shall be made in August or September preceding fall or spring planting, or in May if August or September application is not possible. If precipitation occurs within 6 hours after spraying, the Contractor shall respray. Additional herbicides may be applied on a prescriptive basis if approved by the Engineer.

Step 4. Prior to placing any specified soil additives, deep cultivate the planting holes and beds by thoroughly loosening the soil to a minimum depth of 200 mm (8 inches), as measured from the existing grade elevation of the soil. Operations (in this step and the following step) shall not result in soil compaction due to excessively wet soil conditions (field capacity or wetter) or improper methods. The Contractor shall demonstrate proper methods and equipment in a competence test for this operation as specified in 2571.3B3.

Step 5. Unless otherwise specified, add soil additives and thoroughly incorporate them into the previously deep-cultivated soil to a minimum depth of 200 mm (8 inches), as measured from the finished grade elevation of the soil. The equipment and methods shall be in conformance with 2571.3B3 (Competence Test).

Step 6. Use a compaction tester to verify that planting areas have been loosened to less than 1400 kPa (200 psi) at the initial minimum cultivation depth of 200 mm (8 inches) plus the depth of added soil additives as measured from the finished grade elevation of the soil.

B1b Method 2 - Cultivate-Fallow-Disk
The Contractor shall cultivate, fallow, and disk isolated plant locations and plant beds to kill turf and weed growth within the areas that will receive mulch in accordance with the following steps:

Step 1. Mow the planting area to a maximum height of 75 mm (3 inches).

Step 2. In late summer or early fall, and prior to placing any specified soil additives, thoroughly deep cultivate the planting areas to a minimum depth of 200 mm (8 inches), as measured from the existing grade elevation of the soil. Operations (in this step and the following step) shall not result in soil compaction due to excessively wet soil conditions (field capacity or wetter) or improper methods. The Contractor shall demonstrate proper methods and equipment in a competence test for this operation as specified in 2571.3B3.

Step 3. Unless otherwise specified, add soil additives and thoroughly incorporate them into the previously deep-cultivated soil to a minimum depth of 200 mm (8 inches), as measured from the finished grade elevation of the soil. The equipment and methods shall be as specified in 2571.3B3 (Competence Test).

Step 4. Use a compaction tester to verify that planting areas have been loosened to less than 1400 kPa (200 psi) at the initial minimum cultivation depth of 200 mm (8 inches) plus the depth of added soil additives as measured from the finished grade elevation of the soil.

Step 5. Allow the planting areas to lie fallow until spring with tilling ridges or other temporary erosion control methods, as approved by the Engineer.

Step 6. In the spring, shallow disk or till the planting areas to a depth of no more than 75 mm (3 inches) to break the soil crust without exposing the underlying weed seed bank in the soil.

B2 Planting Soil

Planting soil for planting holes and beds shall consist of 100 mm (4 inches) of Grade 2 compost thoroughly mixed with the inplace cultivated soils. Planting soil also consists of the underlying deep-cultivated soil without compost (see 2571.3B1 and as shown in the Plan). This mixture shall be excavated when planting holes are dug and then replaced as backfill for all planting holes and beds.

B3 Competence Test

Prior to conducting ongoing operations throughout the Project site, the Contractor must obtain approval from the Engineer by demonstrating competence. For preparation of planting hole and bed operations, cultivate the soil and incorporate soil additives for one shrub bed and one individual tree. For initial planting operations, conduct one individual test planting for each root category or method of
planting. The test planting shall include a coniferous tree, coniferous shrub, deciduous tree, deciduous shrub, seedling, vine and perennial, as it applies. The test shall include initial watering, guying, painting, protective devices, and mulching. The Contractor may continue only when the Engineer has approved the methods, equipment, and procedures.

B4 Wet Soils, Rock, and Debris

If excessively wet soils, bedrock, or excessive quantities of boulders and construction debris are encountered, the Contractor shall reconfigure, relocate, or delete the affected planting area as approved by the Engineer.

B5 Temporary Erosion Control

The Contractor shall employ temporary erosion prevention methods in cultivated planting hole and bed areas when necessary and to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

B6 Hardpan Layers or Compacted Soil

If hardpan layers or compacted soil layers are exposed below the normal planting depth, the Engineer may require additional deep ripping or other measures to ensure proper root development and drainage. Work shall conform to 2105.3G (Finishing Operations, Compaction Correction) and will be paid for as Extra Work when approved by the Engineer.

If it becomes evident that the Contractor's operations are compacting the planting soil, the Engineer will require additional preparation to re-aerate and loosen the affected planting soil. This work shall be provided at no cost to the Department.

B7 General

Planting hole cultivation will not be required for machine-moved (hydraulic spade) transplanted stock other than loosening the soil outside the soil ball perimeter as specified in the Plan. This loosening shall be 500 mm (18 inches) wide adjacent to the spade-moved soil and 300 mm (12 inches) deep. Loosen the soil prior to placing mulch. Soil additives are not required, unless specified in the Contract.

The Contractor shall not stockpile soil, compost, or other materials on the Project without approval and direction by the Engineer.

If the Contractor wishes to place woodchip mulch in prepared planting areas as temporary erosion control prior to planting, the Engineer must provide approval prior to placement. The Contractor shall rake woodchip off all prepared planting areas prior to digging planting holes. Woodchip mulch that is contaminated with soil must be removed from the Project site. Planting holes contaminated with woodchip mulch will not be accepted.
C Delivery and Storage of Plants

Plant stock shall be installed on the day of delivery to the Project site, unless temporary storage methods are approved by the Engineer. From the time of delivery until planting, storage methods shall prevent plant damage from exposure to drying winds, direct sunlight, excessive heat, freezing, low humidity, inadequate ventilation, and animal or human harm. If roots become frozen, the plant will be rejected. Prior to being installed, the roots of all plants shall be kept completely covered with a suitable moisture-holding material such as woodchips, straw, sawdust, moss, or soil and there shall be no discernable voids or air pockets. This material shall be kept continuously moist. Immerse the roots of bare root stock in water for at least one hour, and no more than 24 hours, immediately prior to planting. Plants shall be properly cared for at all times and shall not remain stored from one planting season to the next.

D BLANK

E Pruning - Top Growth and Roots

Immediately prior to planting, the Contractor shall prune, as necessary, the roots of all bare root plants and the top growth of all deciduous plants to the Engineer’s satisfaction. Broken or badly bruised roots and dry root tips shall be cut back to sound, healthy tissue. Pruning shall include removing dead, rubbing, damaged, or diseased branches, and unwanted suckers and may be necessary to improve plant symmetry, structure, and vigor. Coniferous trees and shrubs shall be pruned only to the extent of removing damaged growth or a competing leader.

When pruning any woody vegetation, the Contractor shall use good horticultural practices, as shown in the “Inspection and Contract Administration Guidelines for Mn/DOT Landscape Projects.” Pruning cuts shall leave a branch collar (Shigo method) and shall produce a clean cut in live wood without bruising or tearing the bark. No pruning stubs shall be left. When trees that typically exhibit a dominant central leader have multiple stem leaders, the stem that will best develop as a central leader shall be preserved. The remaining stems shall be removed or cut back so they will not compete with the selected leader.

All pruning shall be done at the Project site, using a bypass scissors-type pruner or a pruning saw. A bypass pole pruner may be used only during the plant establishment period and only if approved by the Engineer. The use of hedge shears or anvil action pruners will not be permitted at any time.

The Contractor shall avoid pruning oak trees during April, May, June, and July in order to prevent the spread of oak wilt. Any accidental cuts or wounds to oaks shall be immediately treated (within 5 minutes) with an approved wound dressing. The dressing shall
conform to 2571.2C5. The Contractor shall have wound dressing on the Project at all times during the oak wilt season.

F Installation of Plants

F1 General

The Contractor:

(a) Shall conform to 2571.3B3 (Competence Test) prior to beginning any initial planting operations.

(b) Shall dig all planting holes to the configuration and minimum dimensions shown in the Plan. The Contractor shall not work in planting holes and beds unless soil moisture is at field capacity or drier.

(c) Shall provide adequate drainage where planting holes and beds are dug in heavy clay or impervious soils and a percolation rate of at least 12 mm (1/2 inch) per hour is not observed after partially filling presaturated test holes with water. Do not install plants in standing water. The Contractor may:

(1) Raise the planting area,
(2) Install a granular filter,
(3) Install a tile drainage system, or
(4) Construct a combination of the features as shown in the Plan and as approved by the Engineer.

Due to nursery practices, the root flare of balled and burlapped and container plants may be found below the soil grade. In no case will plants be accepted if more than 100 mm (4 inches) of soil is found above the bottom of the root flare or if plants are installed with the bottom of the root flare below the finished soil elevation. Plants with less than 100 mm (4 inches) of excess soil over the root flare may be accepted if the excess soil can be removed without damaging the plant. Plants shall be installed plumb and set so that after installation and backfill consolidation, the bottom of the root flare is at the finished soil elevation, as shown in the Plan and the current edition of “Inspection and Contract Administration Guidelines for Mn/DOT Landscape Projects.” Care shall be taken to ensure that roots are not damaged while placing and compacting the backfill.

The backfilling operations shall be accomplished in more than one stage in accordance with the Plan. Sufficient planting soil shall be placed prior to the initial watering in order to cover the root system completely and provide firm support for the plant in the hole. The remaining backfill shall be placed within 5 days after the initial watering following water permeation and soil settlement.

F2 Balled and Burlapped Stock

Balled and burlapped plants may be installed without removing the entire burlap covering or wire baskets. Before completing the planting hole backfilling, remove the top third or the top two horizontal rings of
the wire basket, whichever is greater. Remove all burlap and nails to expose the entire top third of the soil ball. Remove all twine or rope entirely. Dispose of all waste off the Project site. Treated burlap will be allowed on the root balls but vertical slits must be cut through the burlap at the time of installation. The slits shall be at 150 mm (6 inch) intervals around the circumference of the root ball in a manner that does not damage the root system.

If desired or necessary, staking and guyng may be used to provide additional support between the stem and root ball. In the case of trees, especially conifers, with light textured soil balls and/or exposure to high winds, steep slopes, and wet soils, it is recommended that the Contractor install staking and guyng prior to removing the twine, wire baskets, burlap, and nails. Staking and guyng plants with broken soil balls will not be acceptable. Plants with broken soil balls shall be rejected. Staking and guyng shall be installed in accordance with 2571.3J1.

F3 Container Stock

Plants supplied in containers shall be installed immediately upon being removed from the containers. Remove plants from all plastic, metal, and wood containers so as not to disturb the root system or the soil in which they were planted. Under no conditions shall plants be removed from the container by pulling on the main stems or plant growth. The outside of the root ball shall be scored or pruned in order to redirect circling roots. Paper fiber pots need not be removed, however, the container must be slit vertically at 150 mm (6 inch) intervals around the circumference of the pot. The top of the paper fiber pot must be removed to at least 25 mm (1 inch) below the soil grade.

F4 Bare Root Stock

Before installing bare root trees and shrubs, place and firm the planting soil in the bottom of the hole so plants are installed with the roots evenly distributed and spread in their natural position and at the proper depth. Carefully place and compact the growing medium around the roots.

F5 Machine Moved Stock

The Contractor shall install trees as designated in the Contract by hydraulic spade-type mechanized digging equipment.

The Contractor shall not install trees until the Department of Agriculture has inspected and found the trees to be free from plant pests.

Trees supplied by Mn/DOT are an exception.

The Contractor is responsible for all appropriate permits and certifications required for plants moved off of the Department’s Right of Way.
The Contractor shall:

(a) Apply at least 40 L (10 gallons) of water to the root ball during the digging operations.

(b) Cover the spade portion of the digger with a tight hood during transport to ensure soil does not shift out of the digger.

(c) Cover trees with a tarp when trees are transported during the growing season and if the transport speed exceeds 48 kph (30 mph).

(d) Support the tree in a manner that will prevent shifting and root ball damage.

(e) Fill holes created by tree removal from public property within 24 hours. Fill holes so that after settling, the fill will be the same as the surrounding ground surface.

(f) Reset trees that are not plumb with a spade of the same size or larger. To avoid mixing soil and mulch, pull mulch away from the planting hole. Straightening trees by tightening guy wires will not be permitted.

(g) Prune trees to remove double leaders and broken, dead, diseased, or crossed branches. Pruning methods shall be in conformance with 2571.3E. To avoid spreading oak wilt, prune all oak trees as specified in 2571.3E.

(h) Blank

F6 Seedling Stock

The Contractor shall:

(a) Prevent damage to the fine root hairs on seedlings during storage, handling, or planting. The Contractor shall not prune roots of seedlings unless approved by the Engineer.

(b) Prevent tangled or turned up root ends (J-root).

(c) Set the root collar to the depth shown in the Plan and current edition of “Inspection and Contract Administration Guidelines for Mn/DOT Landscape Projects.”

(d) Place seedlings in the ground so that the seedling assumes a position within 20 degrees of vertical.

(e) Plant and tamp the ground around seedling roots firmly, without excessive compaction. Air pockets or voids around the roots will not be permitted. The Engineer will determine acceptable planting by a tug test and by inspecting for air pockets and excessive compaction in the root zone. The tug test is satisfied if gently pulling the seedling, at its base, does not pull the roots out of the ground or loosen the soil in the root area.

(f) Protect deciduous seedlings with seedling tree shelters according to the Plan, when specified in the Contract.
(g) Apply mulch to the depth specified in the Mulch Placement Detail in the Plans.

F7 Preparing Planting Holes and Planting Beds by Plant Type

1) Vine Planting Locations

The Contractor shall use the Herbicide Application Method (2571.3B1a) to control undesirable turf and weed growth. Spray to kill a continuous area 600mm (2 feet) wide that extends 1.5 m (5 feet) beyond the terminal vines. For each vine, loosen the soil to the Planting Hole Dimensions specified in the Plan. A dead turf strip shall remain between prepared planting holes. Mulch to continuously cover all sprayed and loosened areas along the planted side of walls or fences. Apply mulch to the depth and width specified in the Plan.

G Blank

H Following Plant Installation

H1 Watering and Backfill

Within 2 hours of installation, water each plant to thoroughly saturate the backfill soil, provide for soil settling, and fill voids in the backfill. Additional planting soil and multiple waterings may be necessary for thorough backfilling to eliminate soil air pockets.

Within 5 days after installation, the Contractor shall add sufficient planting soil around each plant, if necessary, to bring the soil to the specified level shown in the Plan. Plants shall be thoroughly watered unless soil moisture is at optimum or excessive levels. Plants that are improperly positioned with respect to depth and plumbness shall be reset or replaced. Reset and replaced plants shall be watered within 2 hours to thoroughly saturate the backfill soil.

At all times, the Contractor shall have sufficient watering equipment and forces available to completely water all plants once each week. Watering intervals shall be varied and based on prevailing soil moisture and weather conditions.

H2 Mulch Placement

Planting bed soil shall be fine-graded and leveled with hand tools prior to placing mulch to avoid impeding or puddling surface drainage and to prevent mulch depth irregularities. Mulch material shall be placed no later than seven days after installation. In cases where soil moisture is excessive, to allow for evaporation, delayed mulch placement may be requested by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer. Place mulch as shown in the Plan.

I Blank

J Protection of Plants

The Contractor shall take precautionary and protective measures to ensure healthy growth and survival of all plants.
2571.3

J1 Staking and Guying

The Contractor shall:

(a) Stake and guy trees in accordance with the details shown in the Plan.

(b) Stake and guy trees only when necessary to maintain the plant in a plumb condition. Circumstances that may warrant staking and guying include excessive soil moisture, light-textured soil, steep slopes, high wind, or vandalism. Staking and guying shall be installed at no cost to the Department unless specified otherwise in the Contract.

(c) Remove the staking and guying after 1 year.

J2 Rodent Protection

The Contractor shall place rodent protection around all trees in accordance with the details in the Plan unless specified otherwise.

J3 Tree Painting

To prevent bark from splitting in the winter, the Contractor shall paint trees in accordance with the species, notes, and details shown in the Plan. The Engineer may require additional applications to achieve opaque coverage.

K Disposal of Excavated Materials

Excess and unwanted excavated materials shall be removed from the planting areas and disposed of to the Engineer's satisfaction within 3 days after the excavation.

L Cleanup and Restoration Work

Cleanup and restoration work shall be accomplished as the final step of the initial planting operations and throughout the plant establishment period, to the Engineer’s satisfaction.

Turf disturbed during plant installation or establishment operations shall be repaired with the seed mix(es) specified in the Plan. The Contractor shall:

(1) Repair turf in all disturbed areas including, but not limited to, roadway access points, equipment circulation areas and pathways, and all stockpile or staging locations.

(2) Remove all woodchip or material stockpiles to the Engineer’s satisfaction.

(3) Immediately prior to sowing seed or laying sod, roughen the soil surface. Soil shall be prepared as specified in 2575.3B (Soil Preparations).

(4) Uniformly broadcast a slow release fertilizer. The fertilizer analysis and application rates will be as specified in the Plan or as directed by the Engineer.
(5) Lay sod or uniformly hand broadcast seed at 1.5 times the rate specified in Table 2575-1, Seed Mixture Application Rates. For large areas, the Engineer may require or approve other establishment methods. Seed shall be in accordance with the requirements of 3876 and seeding shall occur in accordance with Table 2575-2, Season of Planting.

(6) Rake and firm the seeded areas to ensure seed/soil contact.

(7) Broadcast or disc anchor mulch, Type 1 in all seeded areas.

(7) Install erosion control measures as necessary or as directed by the Engineer.

M Plant Establishment Period

M1 Establishment Period

The Contractor shall maintain the work and care for the installed plants from completion of the initial planting operations until final acceptance at the end of the Plant Establishment Period.

M2 Establishment Work

The Contractor shall keep all plants in a healthy growing condition, using good horticultural practices generally and continuously throughout the establishment period. A prerequisite for work being continuously acceptable during the plant establishment period is that non-compliance conditions which require work by the Contractor cannot remain out of compliance for more than a continuous three week period, on a calendar day basis. Work shall be performed on a day to day basis during the growing season and as necessary during the remainder of the year, with necessary replacements being made as required.

If at any time, inspection shows that the plant establishment operations have not been generally and continuously in compliance, the Engineer will notify the Contractor in writing of such default and the Contractor shall comply with the instructions. If the Contractor does not proceed satisfactorily within 3 working days after receiving written notice from the Engineer to remedy plant establishment deficiencies, Mn/DOT will assess a daily charge of $200, on a calendar day basis, until the Engineer notes compliance with the notice or until the eligible percentage of the annual contract amount for plant establishment work has been forfeited. The charge will continue until defaults are corrected to the Engineer’s satisfaction and without further notice from the Engineer. The Contractor shall replace plant stock as required in the Contract but only within the optimum planting dates specified, extended, or shown in the Plan or as required by the Engineer.

M2a All Plants

In plant establishment work, the Contractor shall generally and continuously:
(1) Maintain adequate (but not excessive) soil moisture in conformance with 2571.3H and watering guidelines provided in the Plan. It is advised that the Contractor use a soil moisture meter to determine soil moisture levels.

(2) Repair, adjust, or replace, the staking and guying, mulch material, planting soil, rodent protection, seedling tree shelters, tree painting, and other incidental items in conformance with the Plan.

(3) Apply insecticides, fungicides, and other cultural procedures, as necessary, to maintain healthy, vigorous plants free from harmful insects, fungus, and disease. All chemical applications shall be performed by an operator licensed by the Minnesota Department of Agriculture.

(4) Remove dead plants. Furnish and install replacement plants with new mulch, planting soil, and other incidental items in conformance with 2571.3M3 (Replacement Requirements) and at no cost to the Project. The Contractor shall remove dead, dying, and unsightly plants on a continuous basis as these conditions occur, or as directed by the Engineer. Plant stock documentation for replacements shall conform to 2571.2A2.

(5) Maintain the plants in a plumb condition at the appropriate planting depth.

(6) Maintain all planting areas in a weed-free condition by continuously removing all weed growth in the mulched planting areas as necessary.

(a) Remove all weeds (top growth and roots) within the mulch limits by hand pulling (pre-watering is advised) or other methods as approved by the Engineer. Remove all County-regulated noxious weeds to at least 900 mm (3 feet) beyond the mulch limits with a method approved by the Engineer. Remove all weed parts from the Project site in such a manner as to avoid spreading weeds.

(b) Spray application of chemicals for weed control in the mulched planting areas will not be permitted during the plant establishment period unless the Engineer authorizes otherwise. A non-selective, non-residual post emergence herbicide containing 41 percent glyphosate as the active ingredient may be applied, with a surfactant, on a spot treatment basis only, with a brush or wick applicator, if authorized by the Engineer. Additional herbicides may be applied on a prescriptive basis if approved by the Engineer. A broad-spectrum dichlobenil based granular herbicide (pre-emergent) may be applied in conformance with product labeling and manufacturer’s recommendations for residual weed control, if authorized by the Engineer.

(c) Weed whips and weed clippers will not be accepted as weed control.
(d) Mow the turf areas to at least 900 mm (3 feet) beyond the mulch limits and to a height no shorter than 100 mm (4 inches) when that turf grows taller than 230 mm (9 inches) adjacent to the mulched planting areas.

(e) Mow areas of Contractor-installed turf establishment or turf repair if the vegetation grows to a height of 500 mm (18 inches). Using a rotary mower, mow to a height of 150-300 mm (6 -12 inches). It is anticipated mowing may be necessary as early as June 30 and as late as August 15 (when the cover crop is setting seed). The Engineer may also require mowing in September. The Contractor shall control County-listed noxious weeds at all times. Unless specified, mowing shall be incidental to the Project.

(9) Prune to remove dead, rubbing, damaged or diseased branches, unwanted suckers, and to improve plant form and structure.

(10) Scout to assess the condition of the plants and the planting site. The Contractor shall look for abiotic and biotic factors that may influence a plant’s health, vigor, and performance. Twice-monthly scouting is advised. The Contractor shall submit a written report to the Engineer whenever scouting or plant establishment work has been performed on the Project. The report frequency and content will be used by the Engineer to assess plant establishment compliance. The report must include the Project number, Engineer’s name, employee’s name, date the work was performed, work location, and the work completed. The report may be a copy of the Plan with the Contractor’s notes, if approved by the Engineer. Items noted on the report may include, but are not limited to weather conditions, soil moisture, watering, repairing or adjusting rodent protection and tree shelters, staking and guying, painting, insect or disease problems and treatment recommendations, assessment of overall plant conditions, weeding, mowing, dead plant removals, and replacing plant stock.

(11) Perform other plant establishment operations consistent with proper plant care.

M3 Replacement Requirements
The Contractor shall:

(a) Replace all dead, defective, or missing plants and incidental materials as required in the Contract or when ordered by the Engineer. Replacements ordered by the Engineer shall be made within 2 weeks of the Engineer’s notice, unless approved otherwise. Replacements of initially installed plants and materials will be made at no cost to the Project because the Contractor will receive payment for the initially installed plant.

The Contractor will not be responsible for replacement trees when the transplant trees are furnished by Department. However,
the Contractor shall remove the dead or defective trees at no expense to the Department or as directed by the Engineer.

(b) Replace all installed plants that are lost due to accidents, vandalism, theft, rodent damage, and other causes.

(c) Repair or replace all damage caused by the Contractor's operations.

The requirements for all replacement plantings shall be the same as for initial planting including preparatory work.

Within the first year of the 2-year plant establishment period, the Contractor is responsible for determining which plants need to be replaced. The Contractor shall assess the plant's condition and base the replacements on present or probable compliance with the Project requirements. At least one week prior to the anticipated plant replacements, the Contractor will submit a summary report of proposed plant replacements. The report shall include, by attachment, copies of plan sheets with the proposed replacement quantities and locations clearly identified. The Contractor shall also clearly mark the plants to be replaced with brightly colored paint in the field.

When less than a full year remains in the plant establishment period, the Contractor will not be required to replace plants unless the period is extended by a Supplemental Agreement or Change Order to provide one full year of establishment care.

After initial replacements, if additional replacements are required, the Engineer will decide if replacements will be at the Contractor's expense, deleted from the Plan, or replaced with compensation. Replacements with compensation will only be considered when plant failure is not a consequence of the Contractor's operations. Replacements with compensation require at least one year of plant establishment care and must be installed during the optimum planting dates, as shown in the Plan, unless approved by the Engineer.

N Acceptance of Work

For acceptance at full payment, plants shall meet all requirements including the criteria listed in the current edition of "Inspection and Contract Administration Guidelines for Mn/DOT Landscape Projects," published by the Mn/DOT Landscape Unit. The plants shall be healthy, vigorous, and structurally sound.

N1 Acceptance of Preparatory Work

The Engineer will accept the preparatory work after the Contractor has satisfactorily secured commitments for required materials (Mn/DOT Certificate of Compliance for Plant Stock, Landscape Materials, and Equipment), obtained the Engineer's approval for the progress schedule, moved equipment and supplies to the Project site, and provided for protection of existing plants.
N2 Acceptance of Preparation of Planting Holes and Beds

The Engineer will accept the preparation of planting holes and beds after the Contractor has satisfactorily completed staking, initial weed control, soil cultivation with incorporation of additives, and temporary erosion prevention measures.

N3 Acceptance of Initial Planting Operation

Initial acceptance will be made upon satisfactory completion of the initial planting operation for the individual plant.

N4 Final Acceptance

Final acceptance will be made after final inspection of the completed Project at the end of the plant establishment period.

N4a Final Inspection

On or about the date on which the plant establishment period expires, the Engineer will make an inspection of the Project and notify the Contractor of any dead, defective, or missing plants and work that must be performed prior to acceptance. Dead or defective plants shall be removed where so ordered and turf shall be restored as specified in the Plan or as directed by the Engineer. Restoration shall be consistent with the surrounding turf.

As a condition for acceptance of the work, plant establishment operations shall not be past due at the time of the final inspection. Every plant shall have received a thorough watering within the preceding 10 days before inspection, unless soil moisture is at sufficient levels. The mulched planting areas shall be weed-free (top growth and roots). All work shall be in good order and in compliance with all plant establishment requirements. Work shall include, but is not limited to replenishing mulch, tree painting, straightening and imbedding rodent protection, pruning, and removing replacement plant staking and guying as necessary or as directed by the Engineer.

The Engineer will make a determination as to which plants will be accepted for payment at the Contract unit prices, at a reduced payment, or at no payment. The Engineer may consider as unacceptable any machine transplanted trees that are mechanically damaged and trees with reduced vigor and growth resulting from improper transplanting operations. The Engineer may accept these trees at an adjusted payment according to 1503 (Conformity with Plans and Specifications) or at no payment.

Upon final acceptance, the Contractor will not be required to provide any further care for the plantings. However, final acceptance of the work will not be made until cleanup and restoration work are completed to the Engineer's satisfaction.

N5 Blank
2571.4

2571.4  METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A  Plants Furnished and Planted

   Trees, shrubs, vines and perennials of each species, variety, size, or age, and root category furnished, planted, and maintained by the Contractor will be measured separately by the number of acceptable plants.

B  Plants Planted

   Trees, shrubs, vines and perennials of each species, variety, size, or age, and root category furnished by the Department and planted and maintained by the Contractor will be measured separately by the number of acceptable plants.

C  Plants Transplanted

   Trees, shrubs, vines, and perennials of each size and type furnished by the Department and transplanted will be measured separately by the number of plants moved and maintained in an acceptable manner.

2571.5  BASIS OF PAYMENT

   Payment for plant installation at a percentage of the Contract price per unit of measure will be compensation for all costs relating to furnishing, installing, and maintaining, or installing and maintaining, the required plants and materials specified.

   If the Engineer requires additional materials and work beyond that specified or shown in the Contract, the Contractor will receive compensation for the additional materials and work as Extra Work.

A  Initial Payment

   Initial payment of up to but not exceeding 80 percent of the Contract unit price will be paid in partial payment amounts for satisfactory completion of the following work:

   A1 Preparatory Work

   Up to but not exceeding 10 percent of the Contract amount for the plants to be planted.

   A2 Preparation of Planting Holes and Beds

   Up to but not exceeding 20 percent of the Contract amount for the plants to be planted.

   A3 Initial Planting Operation

   Up to but not exceeding 50 percent of the Contract amount for the plants planted.

   A4 Maximum

   Up to but not exceeding 80 percent of the Contract amount for the plants planted.

B  Interim Payment

   The Engineer may authorize an interim partial payment of up to but not exceeding 10 percent of the Contract amount for the plants planted,
at the end of the first calendar year of the plant establishment period when required plant establishment operations on the entire Project have been acceptable generally and continuously throughout this period. The Engineer will not authorize interim partial payment if these conditions are not met.

C Final Payment

Final payment will be made after final inspection and upon final acceptance of the completed Project at the end of the plant establishment period. Final payment may involve full payment, reduced payment, or no payment for the individual plants.

Payment will be made on a per unit basis.

No payment will be made for replacement plants unless authorized by the Engineer.

The amount of the initial and interim payments will be deducted from the final payment to the Contractor.

Any percentage of initial and interim payment that is withheld may continue to be withheld from the final payment.

Any assessments charged during the Contract period will not be reimbursed at final payment.

If the final voucher shows that the total of all initial and interim payments made exceeds the total amount due the Contractor, the Contractor shall promptly refund the overpayment. Final payment shall conform to 1908 (Final Payment).

C1 Full Payment

Full payment up to 100 percent of the Contract unit price will be made for the individual plant that is acceptable at final inspection if the Contractor has met the following requirements:

(a) Acceptance of the preparatory work.
(b) Acceptance of the preparation of the planting hole or bed.
(c) Acceptance of the initial planting operations.
(d) Compliance with all plant establishment work requirements generally and continuously and at the time of inspection and the plant has had the minimum 2-year plant establishment period or, in the case of a replacement plant, the plant has had a minimum of 1 year of plant establishment.

C2 Reduced Payment and No Payment

C2a Reduced Payment

Reduced payment at up to a percentage of the Contract unit price will be made for the individual plant that is not acceptable at the final inspection, for one or more of the following reasons:
(1) The plant is acceptable at final inspection and the Contractor has brought the plant establishment operations into compliance, with the exception that all plant establishment work requirements were not generally or continuously acceptable during the plant establishment period. General and continuous acceptance shall conform to 2571.3M2 (Establishment Work).

(2) The plant is acceptable at final inspection with the exception that the protection of existing vegetation, the preparation of the planting holes or beds, or the initial planting operations were unacceptable.

(3) The plant is acceptable at final inspection with the exception that all plant establishment work requirements are not acceptable at the time of inspection, or the plant has not had the minimum 2-year plant establishment period or the minimum 1-year plant establishment period in the case of a replacement plant.

(4) The Department-furnished plant or machine transplant is not acceptable at final inspection but the protection of existing vegetation, the preparation of the planting hole or bed, the initial planting operations, and the continuous plant establishment operations have all been acceptable.

(5) The plant is not acceptable at final inspection but all protection of existing vegetation, the preparation of the planting holes or beds, and the initial planting operations were acceptable, and the Contractor has been in general compliance continuously with the plant establishment work requirements for the minimum 2-year plant establishment period and the minimum 1-year plant establishment period in the case of a replacement plant.

C2b No Payment

No payment will be made for an unacceptable plant with unacceptable establishment care.
C2c Reduced Payment or No Payment

Reduced payment for the individual plant at up to a percentage of the Contract unit price or no payment will be made in accordance with the following:

**TABLE 2571-1**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition of Acceptance</th>
<th>Total Payment Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The plant is acceptable at final inspection but existing vegetation was not protected.</td>
<td>80% - 95%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The plant is acceptable at final inspection and the Contractor has brought the plant establishment operations into compliance, but the Contractor was not generally or continuously in compliance with all plant establishment requirements.</td>
<td>80% - 95%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The plant is acceptable at final inspection but the preparation of the planting hole or bed or the initial planting operation was unacceptable.</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The plant is acceptable at final inspection but, the Contractor is not currently in compliance with all plant establishment requirements.</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Department-furnished plant or machine transplant is not acceptable at final inspection but the protection of existing vegetation, the preparation of the planting hole or bed, and the initial planting operation were acceptable and the Contractor has been generally and continuously in compliance with the plant establishment requirements.</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The plant is not acceptable at final inspection but the protection of existing vegetation, the preparation of the planting hole or bed, and the initial planting operation were acceptable and the Contractor has been generally and continuously in compliance with the plant establishment requirements.</td>
<td>35%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The plant is not acceptable at final inspection and the Contractor has not been generally and continuously in compliance with the plant establishment requirements.</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
D  Bonus Payment

A bonus payment of 10 percent of the total final Contract price for plant installation will be paid when 90 percent or more of all initially installed plants, and related contract operations have been accepted generally and continuously throughout the Contract period.

The qualifying percentage will be based upon the number of initially installed individual plants receiving full payment divided by the total Plan quantity of individual plants in the Contract. Any replacements made within the first Plant Installation Period (PIP) are considered initially installed plants.

To be eligible for the bonus payment, plants must be installed within the Plant Installation Period (PIP) identified in 1806 (Determination and Extension of Contract Time). This shall apply unless the PIP has been modified and approved otherwise in writing by the Engineer.

E  Payment Schedule

Payment for plant installation will be made on the basis of the following schedule:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item No.</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2571.501</td>
<td>Coniferous tree (size &amp; root category)</td>
<td>tree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2571.502</td>
<td>Deciduous tree (size &amp; root category)</td>
<td>tree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2571.503</td>
<td>Ornamental tree (size &amp; root category)</td>
<td>tree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2571.504</td>
<td>Coniferous shrub (size &amp; root category)</td>
<td>shrub</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2571.505</td>
<td>Deciduous shrub (size &amp; root category)</td>
<td>shrub</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2571.506</td>
<td>Vine (age or size &amp; root category)</td>
<td>vine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2571.507</td>
<td>Perennial (age or size &amp; root category)</td>
<td>plant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2571.541</td>
<td>Transplant tree (spade size (1))</td>
<td>tree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2571.544</td>
<td>Transplant shrub</td>
<td>shrub</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2571.546</td>
<td>Transplant vine</td>
<td>vine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2571.547</td>
<td>Transplant perennial</td>
<td>plant</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: State Root Category: -Seedling, -Bare Root, -Machine Moved - Container Grown - Balled & Burlapped

(1) Spade size 1.1 m (42 inch), 1.5 m (60 inch), 1.9 m (78 inch), 2.1 m (85 inch), 2.3 m (90 inch).
2572.2
Protection and Restoration of Vegetation

2572.1 DESCRIPTION
This work consists of protecting and preserving vegetation from damage and taking corrective action when damage occurs. Vegetation includes but is not limited to trees, brush, roots, woody vines, and perennial forbs and grasses.

2572.2 MATERIALS
A Plant Materials ................................. 2571 and 2575
B Temporary Fence
The Contractor shall provide temporary fence that is:
(1) At least 1.2 m (4 feet) high.
(2) Conspicuous in color.
(3) Commercially available snow fence or other fencing material acceptable to the Engineer.
C Water ................................................................. 2571.2
D Sandy Loam Topsoil
The Contractor shall provide well-drained sandy loam topsoil, with a coarse sand component, meeting the requirements of Table 2572-1 and the Mn/DOT Grading and Base Manual. The Engineer may determine acceptability of topsoil without the test data specified in Table 2572-1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TABLE 2572-1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SANDY LOAM TOPSOIL GRADATION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clay (by mass)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silt (by mass)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coarse Sand and Gravel (by mass)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Organic Matter (by mass)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soluble Salts</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(A) Gravel not to exceed 10 percent by mass.
2572.3 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

A Protecting and Preserving

The Contractor shall protect and preserve:

(1) Specimen trees.
(2) Threatened and endangered plants, as listed on the Federal and state threatened and endangered species list.
(3) Vegetation designated in the Contract to be preserved.
(4) Trees, brush, and natural scenic elements within the Right of Way and outside the actual limits of clearing and grubbing consistent with 2101.3.
(5) Other vegetation the Engineer identifies to be protected and preserved.

The Contractor shall not place temporary structures, store material, or conduct unnecessary construction activities within a distance of 8 m outside of the dripline of trees designated to be preserved without approval from the Engineer.

The Contractor shall not place temporary structures or store material (including common borrow and topsoil) outside of the construction limits in areas designated in the Contract or by the Engineer to be preserved.

The Contractor shall not place or leave any waste material on the project site, including bituminous and concrete waste, so as to interfere with 2105.3 (Finishing Operations) or 2575 (Turf Establishment). Concrete waste is defined to include all excess material not used on the project, including excess material ground to form rumble strips. The Contractor may dispose of excess material in accordance with 2104.3C (Disposal of Materials and Debris).

A1 Temporary Fence

The Contractor shall place temporary fences to protect vegetation before starting construction. The Contractor shall place temporary fence at the construction limits and at other locations adjacent to vegetation designated to be preserved when specified in the Contract, directed by the Engineer, or allowed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall place tree protection signs Supplied by Mn/DOT) along the temporary fence at 50 foot intervals or no fewer than two per fence or as specified by the Engineer. The Contractor shall not remove the fence until all work is completed or until removal is allowed by the Engineer.

The fence shall prevent traffic movement and the placement of temporary facilities, equipment, stockpiles, and supplies from harming the vegetation.
A2  Clean Root Cutting
The Contractor shall cleanly cut all tree roots at the construction limits when specified in the Contract or directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall immediately and cleanly cut damaged and exposed roots. Trees designated for protection shall have damaged roots cut back to sound healthy tissue and shall have topsoil immediately placed over the exposed roots. The Contractor shall immediately cover root ends that are exposed by excavation activities with 150 mm of topsoil as measured outward from the cut root ends. The Contractor shall limit cutting to a minimum depth necessary for construction and shall use a vibratory plow or other approved root cutter prior to excavation.

A3  Watering
The Contractor shall water root-damaged trees during the growing season when root damage occurs in order to maintain adequate but not excessive soil moisture. The Contractor shall saturate the soil within the undisturbed portion of the dripline of impacted trees to a depth of 500 mm. The Contractor shall adjust the intervals and frequency of watering according to prevailing moisture and weather conditions.

A4  Sandy Loam Topsoil
The Contractor shall place sandy loam topsoil, instead of common borrow fill, within the dripline of specimen trees when specified in the Contract or directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall place the topsoil in a manner that will avoid over-compaction, as approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall establish turf consistent with the adjacent areas as approved by the Engineer.

A5  Utility Construction
The Contractor shall bore (tunnel) under roots of trees that are to be preserved when utility installations take place within the tree protection zone as defined in Table 2572-2. Open trenching will not be permitted within this zone.
### TABLE 2572-2
**TREE PROTECTION ZONE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tree Diameter at 1.4 m (4.5 feet) Above Ground mm (inches)</th>
<th>Minimum Distance from Face of Tree Trunk m (feet)</th>
<th>Minimum Depth of Tunnel m (feet)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Under 50 (2)</td>
<td>0.6 (2)</td>
<td>0.6 (2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51-100 (2 to 4)</td>
<td>1.2 (4)</td>
<td>0.75 (2.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101-225 (4 to 9)</td>
<td>1.8 (6)</td>
<td>0.75 (2.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>226-350 (9 to 14)</td>
<td>3.0 (10)</td>
<td>0.9 (3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>351-480 (14 to 19)</td>
<td>3.6 (12)</td>
<td>1.0 (3.25)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 480 (19)</td>
<td>4.8 (15)</td>
<td>1.2 (4)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A6  Blank
A7  Pruning

The Contractor shall prune trees specified in the Contract or as directed by the Engineer in accordance with 2571.3. Pruning shall include the removal of dead, broken, rubbing branches, and those limbs that may interfere with the existing and proposed structures.

A8  Destroyed or Disfigured Vegetation

If the Contractor destroys or disfigures vegetation designated to be preserved, the Contractor shall, at no expense to the Department, restore the damaged vegetation to a condition equal to what existed before the damage was done. The Engineer may assess damages against the Contractor on vegetation where an equal level of restoration is not accomplished. The Engineer will assess damages of trees and landscaping at not less than the appraisal damages as determined by the International Society of Arboriculture appraisal guide. The Engineer will determine and assess damages of other vegetation.

A9  Oak Trees

The Contractor shall avoid wounding of oak trees during April, May, June, and July in order to prevent the spread of oak wilt. If the Engineer determines that work must take place near oak trees during those months, resulting wounds shall immediately be treated with a wound dressing material consisting of latex paint or shellac. Paint colors shall blend with the bark color. The Contractor shall have an approved wound dressing on the project at all times during this period.
A10 Other Vegetation Protection Measures

The Contractor shall provide other vegetation protection measures; including root system bridging, compaction reduction, aeration, and retaining walls; as specified in the Contract or as directed by the Engineer.

B Plant Installation .................................................. 2571
C Disposal of Material and Debris ............................. 2104.3

2572.4 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A Temporary Fence

The Engineer will measure temporary fence by length along the bottom of the fence between end posts. Measurement will only be made for fence placed, maintained, and removed.

B Clean Root Cutting

The Engineer will measure clean root cutting by length along the plow line. The beginning and ending points will be where the construction limit intersects the dripline of the tree or brush or in accordance with lines shown on the Plan.

C Water

The Engineer will measure water by volume used to protect and restore vegetation. No measurement will be made of other water used in conjunction with the work, whether for maintenance of sod, or otherwise.

D Sandy Loam Topsoil

The Engineer will measure sandy loam topsoil used by authority of the Engineer by compacted volume furnished and placed. The material may come from the Project.

E Pruning

The Engineer will measure pruning by the hours of actual pruning work.

2572.5 BASIS OF PAYMENT

The Department will pay for the acceptable quantities at the appropriate Contract price per unit of measure. In the absence of a Contract bid price, the Contractor will receive compensation for the work specified in the Contract or directed in writing by the Engineer according to the following unit prices; or in the absence of both, as Extra Work. This payment is full compensation for all costs relating to the specific pay item.

A No Payment

The Contractor will not receive compensation for:

1) Boring under roots in the tree protection zone, dressing of wounds, and disposal of material and debris.
(2) Pruning that is necessary to allow for the Contractor's operations or to remedy damage caused by the Contractor's operations.

B Payment at Unit Prices

The Department will pay at the following unit prices for protection and restoration of vegetation items in the absence of a Contract bid price:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Unit Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) Temporary Fence</td>
<td>$8 per meter ($2.50 per linear foot)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Clean Root Cutting</td>
<td>$11.50 per meter ($3.50 per linear foot)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3) Water</td>
<td>$8 per cubic meter ($3.00 per 100 gallons)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4) Sandy Loam Fill</td>
<td>$10 ($7.65) per cubic meter (yard)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| (5) Prune Trees       | $75 per hour

C Payment at Contract Bid Prices

The Department will pay at the Contract bid price as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item No.</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2572.501</td>
<td>Temporary Fence</td>
<td>meter (linear foot)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2572.502</td>
<td>Clean root cutting</td>
<td>meter (linear foot)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2572.503</td>
<td>Water</td>
<td>liter (gallon)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2572.504</td>
<td>Sandy loam fill</td>
<td>cubic meter (cubic yard)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2572.505</td>
<td>Prune trees</td>
<td>cubic meter (hour)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2573
Temporary Erosion Control

2573.1 DESCRIPTION
This work consists of temporary measures to control soil erosion and sedimentation. It includes furnishing, installing, maintaining, and removing erosion or sediment control devices as required in the Contract or as directed by the Engineer.

2573.2 MATERIALS
A  Bale checks, as specified for Type 1 Mulch .......... 3882
B  Silt Fence ................................................................. 3886
C  Flotation Silt Curtain .............................................. 3887
D  Inlet Protection ....................................................... 3891
E  Temporary Downdrain ............................................. 3892
F  Sandbags ................................................................. 3893
G  Sediment Mat ......................................................... 3894

2573.3 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS
A  General ........................................ Also refer to: 1803.5, 2105.5, 2575
The Contractor shall schedule and install temporary and permanent erosion control measures, finish earthwork operations, place topsoil, and establish turf in a continuous operation on an area by area basis to the fullest extent practical.

B  Temporary Erosion Control Measures
The Contractor shall construct temporary erosion control measures as required by the Contract or ordered by the Engineer. The Contractor is responsible for preventing or minimizing the potential for erosion or siltation after temporary erosion control work has been performed.

When the Engineer determines that the Contractor has not followed good erosion control practices, the Contractor shall retrieve all sediment that has left the Right of Way, to the fullest extent possible. Unless the Project has received approval or certification for depositing fill into surface waters, the Contractor shall remove all deltas and sediment deposited in drainage ways or catch basins and restabilize the areas where sediment removal results in exposed soil. The removal and stabilization shall take place within 7 calendar days of discovery unless precluded by legal, regulatory, or physical access restraints. If precluded, removal and stabilization must take place within 7 calendar days of obtaining access. The Contractor is responsible for contacting all local, regional, state, and Federal authorities before working in surface waters and obtaining applicable permits. The Contractor's restoration work to restore property outside of the Right of Way shall be at no expense to the Department.
B1  Placing and Removing Temporary Erosion Control Devices

The Contractor shall construct temporary erosion control devices in conformity with the details, typical sections, and elevation controls shown in the Contract. Actual alignment and location of the various devices shall be as directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall remove all temporary erosion control devices upon completion of the Contract work unless otherwise specified in the Contract or directed by the Engineer. All removed materials become the property of the Contractor.

The Contractor shall spread accumulated sediment to form a suitable surface for turf establishment or dispose of the sediment elsewhere. The Contractor shall shape the area to permit natural drainage. All work shall be to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

B2  Temporary Mulching Measures

The Engineer may direct the Contractor to place Type 1 or 4 mulch as temporary mulch during times when seeding is not permitted. The Contractor shall shape the areas to final configuration, loosen the soil as necessary, mulch, and anchor the mulch as directed by the Engineer.

B2b  Seeding Temporary Mulched Area

B2b1  Tillage and Seeding

The Contractor shall till the mulched areas by a disk or other implement that will penetrate through the mulch and incorporate the underlying soil. This tillage shall be adequate to destroy erosion rills up to 50 mm (2 inches) in depth and to expose a minimum of 25 percent of the underlying soil. The Contractor will receive compensation for this additional tillage. The Contractor shall leave existing cover in place as much as practical for its mulching value. The Contractor shall then plant the seed in accordance with 2575. Remulching of areas after seed placement, when ordered by the Engineer, will be measured and added to the mulch quantities originally used.

B2b2  Temporary Seeding

Temporary seeding may be required on graded areas where the permanent seeding cannot be performed. For this purpose, winter wheat, oats or other seed mixtures as determined by the Engineer will be used.

Topsoil covering will not be required for temporary seeding if the subsoil is reasonably suitable for plant growth, as determined by the Engineer. Fertilizer and mulch shall be applied as specified or directed by the Engineer. Soil preparation for temporary seeding shall be the same as for permanent seeding.

B2b3  Interseeding

The Contractor may use an approved interseeding drill and drill seed directly into temporarily mulched or temporarily seeded areas. Interseeding shall be in accordance with specification 2575.
B3 Silt Fence Field Assembly

The geotextile of the heavy duty silt fence shall be attached to the upstream side of the net backing. The bottom edge of the geotextile shall be buried at least 152 mm (6 inches) deep in a vertical trench with the soil pressed firmly against the embedded geotextile.

The geotextile of the machine sliced silt fence shall be inserted by machine in a slit in the soil 0.2-0.3 m (8-12 inches) deep. The slit shall be created such that a horizontal chisel point at the base of a soil slicing blade slightly disrupts soil upward as the blade slices through the soil. The geotextile shall be mechanically inserted directly behind the soil slicing blade in a simultaneous operation, achieving consistent placement and depth. No turning over (plowing) of soil is allowed for the slicing method. Compact the soil immediately next to the silt fence fabric by operating the wheels of a tractor or skid steer on each side of the silt fence a minimum of 2 times.

The bottom edge of the geotextile on the preassembled silt fence shall be buried at least 152 mm (6 inches) deep in a vertical trench with the soil pressed firmly against the embedded geotextile.

C Acceptance of Work

Upon satisfactory installation of temporary erosion control devices, the Engineer may authorize partial payment not exceeding 80 percent of the Contract bid price for that item. The remaining percentage will be paid after the devices are removed.

D Maintenance

D1 General

The Contractor shall maintain the temporary erosion control devices until they are no longer necessary and are removed. Maintenance consists of keeping the devices functioning properly. The Contractor shall repair or correct plugged, torn, displaced, damaged, or nonfunctioning devices to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Removal of sediment shall be paid for separately.

The Contractor shall remove sediment from devices when the sediment reaches 30 percent the height, or replace, or supplement the device as directed by the Engineer. Sediment removal shall occur within 24 hours of discovery or as soon as field conditions allow access.

D2 Sediment Basins

When the depth of sediment collected in the basin reaches 50 percent of the height of the riser, or 50 percent of the storage volume, the basin shall be drained and the sediment removed. Drainage and removal shall be completed within 72 hours of discovery, or as soon as field conditions allow access.
After the entire Project has undergone final stabilization, all temporary sedimentation basins to be used as permanent water quality management basins must be cleaned out by the Contractor.

**E  Sediment Removal**

At any time during the Contract work, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to remove sediment trapped in retention devices or deposited in retention ponds. Sediment removal shall consist of excavating and other associated operations to remove sediment and restore the capacity of the temporary erosion control device. Sediment shall be removed to the original grade or as necessary to restore the function of the device as determined by the Engineer. Sediment removed shall be spread or disposed of to the satisfaction of the Engineer. The Contractor will be compensated for sediment removal on an equipment rental hourly basis in accordance with 2123. Spreading, hauling, and disposing of material shall be at no expense to the Department.

Sediment removal shall be accomplished with a backhoe or other suitable equipment capable of reaching out and excavating semi-solid material. The backhoe shall be of the full-revolving crawler type and shall have a bucket size 0.4 cubic meters (0.5 cubic yard). Size of the boom and the power unit shall be as recommended by the manufacturer for use with the bucket size. Depending on site conditions, the Engineer may allow a rubber tired tractor type backhoe to be used. Payment for the rubber tired tractor backhoe will be prorated based on rated capacity of the machine.

**F  BLANK**

**G  BLANK**

**H  Mobilization, Emergency Erosion Control**

The Contractor shall mobilize with sufficient personnel, equipment, materials and incidentals on the job site within 24 hours of a written order by the Engineer to conduct temporary erosion control work on an emergency basis. An emergency shall be considered to be a sudden occurrence of a serious and urgent nature, which is beyond normal maintenance of erosion control items and which requires immediate mobilization and movement of necessary personnel, equipment and materials to the emergency site. The emergency will require immediate corrective work followed by installation of erosion control measures.

If the Contractor fails to mobilize within the 24 hour period, a deduction of $500.00 per calendar day will be made from money due under the contract. The deduction will apply to each calendar day of delay beyond the time period, except when the time period is extended by the Engineer, for delays not the fault of, and beyond the control of the Contractor.

**I  BLANK**

**J  BLANK**
M  Workmanship and Quality Control

The Contractor is responsible for maintaining quality control on the project by ensuring that all work performed and all materials furnished are in conformance with the dimensions, installation requirements and material specifications shown in the Plans or indicated in the Specifications. Quality workmanship shall be used in all aspects of the work and shall be uniform in character throughout the project.

N  Workmanship Rework Schedule

Performance of the work shall be controlled by the Contractor so that the materials installed and the workmanship practices are of good quality. When the quality falls below the threshold level defined in Table 2573-1, the Contractor shall take immediate action to correct the situation and prevent it from reoccurring. As indicated in the table, the Contractor shall correct unacceptable workmanship to qualify for payment.

**TABLE 2573-1**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Corrective action required when</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Silt Fence</td>
<td>Improper geotextile used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Insufficient geotextile embedment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No wire used on heavy duty type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No top geotextile overlap on heavy duty type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No compaction of soil on sliced type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Soil turned over and/or loosened due to inadequate equipment for sliced type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inadequate fastening of geotextile, posts, wire, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Incorrect post spacing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bale Checks</td>
<td>Not notched in</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not properly fastened down</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The above table pertains to a threshold level of workmanship only and does not pertain to the use of nonconforming materials. The disposition of nonconforming materials shall be in accordance with 1503. The Contractor at no cost to the Department shall perform any corrective actions required for acceptance of the work.
2573.4 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A Bale Checks
Bale checks will be measured by the number of bales furnished and acceptably installed.

B Silt Fence
Silt fence will be measured by length furnished and acceptably installed. Measurement will be along the base of the fence from outside to outside of the end posts for each section of fence.

C Sandbag Barriers
Sandbag barriers will be measured by surface area acceptably installed based on actual measurement taken along the length of the barrier times its height. When more than one thickness of bags is installed, the surface area of each layer of thickness will be measured and added to the quantity.

D Flotation Silt Curtain
Flotation silt curtain will be measured by length furnished and acceptably installed.

E Sediment Traps
Sediment trap quantities will be measured by volume for basin excavation and construction. Excavation will be measured by volume of the material in its original position. Quantities will be based on actual field measurement and increases or decreases to Plan quantity will not be considered as a basis of claim for adjusted unit prices. Materials used to provide an overflow will be measured and paid for separately.

F Temporary Pipe Downdrains
Temporary pipe downdrains will be measured by length finished and acceptably installed. Materials, such as riprap, used to provide an outlet will be measured and paid for separately.

G Bituminous Lined Flumes
Bituminous lined flumes will be measured by area on the basis of actual surface dimensions as placed without regard to bituminous mixture used or number of courses placed. Damaged areas restored, by order of the Engineer, will be added to the original quantity. Materials, such as riprap, used to provide an outlet will be measured and paid for separately.

H Diversion mounds
Diversion mounds will be measured by volume after compaction and in its final configuration. Quantities will be based on actual field measurement.

I Blank
J  Riser Standpipes
Riser standpipes will be measured by the number of each size acceptably installed without regard to length.

K  Sediment Removal
Sediment removal will be measured by the number of hours of actual equipment working time in accordance with 2123.4. Sediment removed may be fluid or semi-solid and its consistency shall not be considered a basis of claim for adjusted unit prices.

L  Sediment Mats
Sediment mats will be measured by the area furnished and acceptably installed.

M  Temporary Ditch Checks
Types 1, 3, 6 temporary ditch checks will be measured by length furnished and acceptably installed. Type 7 will be measured by volume based on field measurement.

O  Inlet Protection Devices
Inlet protection devices will be measured by the number furnished and acceptably installed at each inlet. For sandbags, bales and silt fence and riser pipes see the section for those individual products.

Q  Mobilization, Emergency Erosion Control
Mobilizations, Emergency Erosion Control, measured as provided above, will be paid at the contract unit price each, which price shall be full compensation for movement of personnel equipment, and materials, except as otherwise provided: and for all labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the movement.

Temporary erosion control items provided for in the contract, and acceptably furnished and placed under the item of Mobilizations, Emergency Erosion Control, will be paid for separately at the contract unit price for the item or items.

2573.5  BASIS OF PAYMENT
Payment for temporary erosion control items will be compensation in full for all labor, materials, equipment, and other incidentals necessary to complete the work as specified, including the costs of maintenance and removal as required by the Contract. The Contractor will receive compensation at the appropriate Contract prices, or in the absence of a Contract bid price, according to the following unit prices, or in the absence of both, as Extra Work. The provisions of 1903 are
modified to the extent that the Department will not make a price adjustment in the event of increased or decreased quantities of temporary erosion control items.

A  Unit Prices

The Department will pay the following unit prices for temporary erosion control items in the absence of a Contract bid price:

1. Bale Check................................................................. $5.50 per bale
2. Silt Fence, Heavy Duty........... $10 per meter ($3.00 per linear ft)
3. Flotation Silt Curtain, Type: Still Water, 4 ft depth.............................. $52 per meter ($16.00 per linear ft)
4. Sediment Trap Excavation................................................................. $4 per cubic meter ($3.00 per cubic yard)
5. Bituminous Lined Flume................................................................. $6 per square meter ($5.00 per square yard)
6. Silt Fence, type Machine Sliced.......................................................... $8.50 per meter ($2.60 per linear foot)
7. Additional tillage ordered by the Engineer before seeding interim mulched areas will be paid for at the same unit price as disk anchoring.
8. Disk Anchoring .............................................. $75 per hectare ($30 per acre)

B  Pay Items

Payment for temporary erosion control items will be made on the basis of the following schedule:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item No.</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2573.501</td>
<td>Bale Check</td>
<td>each</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2573.502</td>
<td>Silt Fence, Type (1)</td>
<td>meter (linear foot)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2573.504</td>
<td>Sandbag Barrier</td>
<td>square meter (square foot)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2573.505</td>
<td>Flotation Silt Curtain, Type (2)(3)</td>
<td>meter (linear foot)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2573.506</td>
<td>Sediment Trap Excavation</td>
<td>cubic meter (cubic yard)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2573.507</td>
<td>Temporary Pipe Downdrain</td>
<td>meter (linear foot)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2573.508</td>
<td>Bituminous Lined Flume</td>
<td>square meter (square yard)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2573.509</td>
<td>Diversion Mound</td>
<td>cubic meter (cubic yard)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2573.510</td>
<td>Riser Standpipe</td>
<td>each</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2573.511 Sediment Mat ........................................ square meter (square foot)
2573.512 Temporary Ditch Check, type (4)..................meter (linear foot)
2573.513 Temporary Ditch Check, type (4).cubic meter (cubic yard)
2573.520 Sediment Removal, Backhoe.................................. hours
2573.530 Inlet Protection type (4)........................................each
2573.540 Fiber Log ..................................................... meter (linear foot)

Note:  (1) Specify Type: Heavy Duty, Preassembled, or Machine Sliced.
(2) Specify Type: Still Water or Moving Water or Work area.
(3) Specify depth of curtain.
(4) Specify type.

C Mobilization, Emergency Erosion Control

The Department will pay $500.00 for each erosion control emergency mobilization ordered by the Engineer and completed by the Contractor. The Department will not make payment if the Contractor removes necessary equipment from the Project before completion of the specific mobilization.

2575 Turf Establishment

2575.1 DESCRIPTION

This work shall consist of the operations of establishing herbaceous ground cover on designated areas. It shall include tilling, liming, fertilizing, seeding, sodding, mulching, and any other work specified in conjunction therewith.

2575.2 MATERIALS
A Seed, mix as specified ................................................. 3876
B Blank
C Sod ............................................................................. 3878
D Lime............................................................................ 3879
E Fertilizer ...................................................................... 3881
F Mulch, type as specified .............................................. 3882
G Erosion Control Netting............................................. 3883
H Erosion Control Blanket ............................................ 3885
I Blank
J Compost....................................................................... 3890
K Blank
L Erosion Stabilization Mat ......................................... 3888
CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

A  General

The Contractor shall schedule and install temporary and permanent erosion control measures, finish earthwork operations, place topsoil, and establish turf in a continuous operation on an area by area basis to the fullest extent practical. The Contractor shall establish turf on the completed sections as required, without unnecessary delay and before weed growth or soil erosion occurs.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 24 hours in advance of beginning and also of changing turf establishment operations. The Contractor shall schedule working hours according to 1803. Work done without notification, without inspection according to 1511, or outside of the scheduled working hours without prior approval will be considered as unauthorized work.

B  Soil Preparations

Immediately prior to sowing the seed or placing sod, the Contractor shall loosen the soil to a minimum depth of 75 mm (3 inches) on all areas except slopes steeper than 1 vertical to 2 horizontal, using disks, harrows, field diggers or other suitable cultivating equipment. In compacted areas, the Engineer may require ripping, additional equipment, or other necessary measures to ensure proper soil loosening. On slopes the cultivating equipment shall be operated in a general direction at right angles to the direction of surface drainage wherever practical. The soil surface shall be left in a roughened condition with clods, lumps, and tillage ridges approximately 75 mm (3 inches) high left in place for maximum resistance to erosion. No additional loosening of the soil will be required on slopes steeper than 1 vertical to 2 horizontal, other than the inches obtained with the equipment used in removing vegetation or performing the finishing operations. Vegetation other than undesirable weeds shall be disked into the soil, cleared, or chopped up with a rotary or flail mower, as the Engineer approves.

On all areas to be sodded, the Contractor shall prepare the soil as necessary to provide a reasonably smooth, moist, and evenly textured foundation. All washouts on the areas to be seeded or sodded shall be filled prior to the soil loosening operations. The fill material shall be compacted sufficiently to provide reasonably uniform density in the upper soil layer as the Engineer considers necessary to resist erosion.

C  Applying Fertilizer and Conditioners

The Contractor shall apply fertilizers, compost, and liming materials, where specified, at the rates indicated in the Contract, using mechanical spreading devices to the fullest extent practical, and providing uniform distribution of the material over the designated areas.

The Contractor shall apply fertilizer, lime or compost prior to the seeding or sodding. Whenever possible, fertilizer application and
incorporation and seeding shall be a continuous operation. The soil shall be tilled at least once, within 24 hours, following the application of fertilizer, lime or compost and prior to the seeding or sodding. Where fertilizer is required on sodding areas, it shall be applied prior to placing the sod. Where fertilizer is required on seeded areas, the time between fertilizing and seeding shall not exceed 48 hours.

When approved by the Engineer, the Contractor may use Grade 1 compost at an equivalent nutrient application rate in lieu of commercial fertilizer.

D Sowing Seed

The Contractor shall ensure that the seed is stored properly between the time of purchase and installation. Industry standards for seed storage are 50 degrees Fahrenheit and 50% humidity. The Contractor shall protect the seed from moisture until it is sown. Wet or moldy seed shall not be used.

The Contractor shall sow the seed uniformly at the rate of application specified in Table 2575-1.

The dates for the season of planting for the various seed mixtures are listed in Table 2575-2. The Engineer may adjust a specified date by up to 10 days depending on prevailing weather conditions.

When the dates in the season of planting prohibit seeding of the planned seed mixture, the Engineer may specify an alternative seed mixture, order that temporary mulch be placed according to 2573.3, allow a delay in the permanent seeding, or authorize dormant seeding. Dormant seeding will be allowed only if authorized by the Engineer and must also meet the temperature requirements.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seed Mixture Number</th>
<th>Application Rate(A) (pounds per acre)</th>
<th>Application Rate(A) (kg/ha)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>120B, 125B</td>
<td>25 #/acre</td>
<td>28 kg/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5B, 10B, 15B, 20B, 25B, 26B, 33B, 38B</td>
<td>30 #/acre</td>
<td>33.6 kg/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28B</td>
<td>40 #/acre</td>
<td>44.8 kg/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50B, 80B, 90B</td>
<td>50 #/acre</td>
<td>56 kg/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30B, 30B-WF</td>
<td>60 #/acre</td>
<td>67.2 kg/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60B, 100B, 110B, 130B</td>
<td>100 #/acre</td>
<td>112 kg/ha</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(A) Rates for Mixtures 5B through 38B inclusive shall be in pure live seed (PLS) per hectare (acre) for the grasses. Rates for Mixtures 50B and above shall be bulk weight.
TABLE 2575-2
SEASON OF PLANTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seed Mixture Number</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Dormant Seeding</th>
<th>Dormant Seeding Maximum Soil Temp</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>50B, 60B</td>
<td>Apr. 1 - Jun. 1</td>
<td>Jul. 20 - Sept. 20</td>
<td>Oct. 20 - Nov. 15</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80B, 90B</td>
<td>Apr. 1 - Sept. 1</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>Oct. 20 - Nov. 15</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100B</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>Aug. 1 - Oct. 1</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110B</td>
<td>May 1 - Aug. 1</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>120B, 125B, 130B</td>
<td>Apr. 1 - Jul. 20</td>
<td>Jul. 20 - Oct. 20</td>
<td>Oct. 20 - Nov. 15</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(A) For the portion of Minnesota north of, and including TH 2, the Season of Planting for Mixtures 50B and 60B shall be April 15 to September 20.

(B) The soil temperature will be determined at a depth of 25 mm (1 inch).

The Contractor shall sow seed prior to applying mulch and as otherwise directed by the Engineer. On all seeding areas within 3 meters (10 feet) of the shoulder, the Contractor shall seed and immediately firm the seedbed, mulch, and anchor the mulch as a continuous operation. Should mulch application or mulch anchoring be delayed so that the seed or mulch becomes dislodged by traffic or wind, the affected areas shall be reseeded and remulched at no expense to the Department.

On areas outside 3 meters (10 feet) of the shoulder, no more seed shall be sown on any day than can be mulched within 24 hours. Should mulch application be delayed more than 24 hours, the Engineer may order the area reseeded and remulched at no expense to the Department.

The Contractor shall not broadcast seed or hydroseed when the wind velocity exceeds 25 km/h (15 mph) or during gusts that would affect seed placement as determined by the Engineer.

D1 Seeding Native Mixes

The Contractor shall seed Mixtures 5B through 38B inclusive with a seed drill that will accurately meter the types of seed to be planted and keep all seeds uniformly mixed during drilling. The drill shall be equipped with disk furrow openers and packer assembly to compact the soil directly over the drill row. Maximum row spacing shall be 200 mm (8 inches). Depth of seed placement shall be such to
obtain a final planting depth of 10 to 25 mm (3/8 to 1 inch). In lieu of a drill with disc openers, a “Brillion type” seeder that is equipped with a fluffy seed box and soil packer assembly may be used. All drill seeding shall be done at a right angle to surface drainage. The Engineer may allow the use of a hydro or mechanical spreader for a drill on small areas (0.4 hectare [1 acre] or less) or on areas that are inaccessible to a drill. However, the Contractor shall then ensure that adequate seed to soil contact is made by thoroughly tilling the site prior to seeding; seed is evenly distributed over the entire site; the site is raked or harrowed following seeding, and then firmed using a cutipacker or similar soil packing equipment. The Contractor shall not use hydro or mechanical seeding for the seeding of inslope with seed Mixture 30B through 38B.

D2 Interseeding

When an interseeder type drill is used, the drill shall contain trash rippers and at least two seed boxes, a fine seed box and a box for larger or fluffy seeds. The drill shall slice through the vegetative mat and make a 25-mm (1 inch) wide by 10 to 25-mm (3/8 to 1 inch) deep furrow into the underlying soil. The drill seed disk openings shall place seeds in the furrows. The drill shall drop the seed onto the ground surface from the fine seed box and place the large or fluffy seed to a final planting depth of 10 to 25 mm (3/8 to 1 inch). Interseeding may be directed by the Engineer for seeding into temporary mulched areas or for drilling additional seed into previously seeded areas.

D3 Seeding Introduced Mixtures

Mixtures 50B through 100B inclusive shall be sown by means of mechanical or hydro spreading of the seeds at the specified rate of application. The use of hand operated mechanical spreaders will be permitted only on areas that are inaccessible to, or too small for, the specified equipment.

If a seed drill of the agricultural type is used, the drill shall be operated in a general direction at right angles to the direction of surface drainage, where ever practical, and the seed shall not be sown to a depth greater than 10 mm (3/8 inch). Small seed species such as timothy, alfalfa, white clover, red clover, etc., shall be sown through the grass seed attachment or by other approved means.

If a hydroseeder is used, every effort shall be taken to obtain a uniform distribution over the seeded area. The hydroseeder shall have continuous agitation action that keeps the seed mixed in the water slurry until pumped from the tank and the pump pressure shall be such that a continuous nonfluctuating stream is maintained. Flood type nozzles shall be used to the fullest extent possible along with sufficient water volume to obtain total ground coverage. During application the spray shall be directed to obtain a uniform material distribution as evidenced by a uniform wetting of the soil surface. If a nonuniform distribution
results (such as skipped areas and saw tooth patterns), the affected areas shall be reseeded at no expense to the Department. The seed-fertilizer mixture shall be emptied within 1 hour after the seed is added to the tank. Seed that is allowed to remain mixed with the fertilizer for a period longer than 1 hour will not be accepted for use and no compensation will be made for seed so rejected.

E  Seedbed Firming
The Contractor shall firm all seeded areas after seeding and prior to mulching. The soil firming shall be done with a drag, cultipacker, or other approved soil firming equipment. On slopes too steep to operate mechanical equipment, the seed shall be covered by hand raking or other approved means prior to mulching. Soil firming or seed covering shall be accomplished immediately after seeding.

F  Applying Mulch
The Contractor shall spread mulch by mechanical means to provide a uniform distribution at the target application rate specified. When poor mulch distribution occurs, the Contractor will be required to remulch areas where coverage is too light and remove the excess where coverage is too heavy as determined by the Engineer.

F1  Type 1, 3, 7, and 8 Mulches
Wherever possible, Type 1, 3, 7, and 8 mulches shall be placed with blower equipment. The target rate of application shall be 4.5 metric tons (t) per hectare (2 tons per acre). The actual rate of application shall be as directed by the Engineer to match varying material or Project conditions so that approximately 10 percent of the soil surface is visible through the mulched areas.

F2  BLANK
F3  BLANK
F4  Type 4 Mulch
Type 4 mulch shall be applied as a dual operation with the Type 1 mulch blown on the soil surface at 3.4 metric tons per hectare (1-1/2 tons/acre) and immediately over-sprayed with Type 5 hydraulic soil stabilizer at 840 kg per hectare (750 pounds/acre). Specified application rate shall be a total of 4240kg/ha (3750 pounds/acre). Seeding and fertilizing shall be done prior to mulching, not in conjunction with Type 5 hydraulic soil stabilizer placement. Disk anchoring will not be required. Type 4 mulch will be designated and paid for as one item.

F5  BLANK
F6  Type 6 Mulch
The rate and application procedure for Type 6 mulch shall be as specified in the Plans or Special Provisions.

F7  BLANK
The Contractor shall apply Type 9 (aggregate) mulch at a rate of application as stated in the Contract. Prior to placing the mulch, the Contractor shall uniformly compact and smooth the foundation, cover the foundation with a 150 µm (6 mil) plastic sheeting, and then uniformly spread the aggregate mulch to the Plan thickness by a method that does not harm the foundation. The Contractor shall level the finished aggregate surface so that it is flush with adjacent areas. The plastic sheeting is an incidental cost to the completed work.

Shoulder mulch tacking shall consist of Type 1 Hydraulic Soil Stabilizer sprayed onto Type 1 mulch on a 1 meter (yard) wide strip immediately abutting the roadway surface. During placement, the Contractors shall seed, firm the seedbed, place Type 1 mulch, immediately disk anchor the mulch (if provided for in the Contract), and then uniformly overspray with, Type 1 Hydraulic Soil Stabilizer as a continuous operation. Wherever possible, the Type 1 Hydraulic Soil Stabilizer shall be oversprayed with a distributor spray bar. Application rate for the Type 1 Hydraulic Soil Stabilizer shall be 220 kg/ha (200 pounds/acre). Shoulder mulch tacking will be for those areas designated in the Plans and will be paid for under the Type 1 Hydraulic Soil Stabilizer pay item.

Where provided for in the Contract, the Contractor shall anchor Type 1, Type 3, and Type 8 mulches with a disk, clodbuster, or other approved equipment. This equipment shall anchor the mulch by punching it into the soil to a depth of 50 to 75 mm (2 to 3 inches). Spacing between the blades or disks shall not exceed 200 mm (8 inches). The mulch shall be anchored immediately after placement unless otherwise authorized by the Engineer.

Natural tackifiers are applied by a hydrosprayer within the water. Natural tackifiers can be used by themselves, as an additive to other soil stabilizers, or as an overspray on mulched areas. When used as an additive to other soil stabilizers, they shall be added at the rate of 2.5 to 5% by weight. When used as an overspray on mulched areas, they shall be applied at the rate of 220 kg/ha (200 pounds/acre). During placement, every effort shall be taken to obtain a uniform distribution over the target area.
Type 5 and 6 shall be applied with hydraulic spray equipment in a water slurry at the rate of 2.8 metric tons/hectare (2500 pounds/acre). Using the color of the material as a metering agent, the slurry shall be uniformly sprayed on the prepared seedbed. The Engineer may verify, by inspection of tank loading and spray application, that materials applied correspond with the application requirements within reasonable limitations.

Type 8 bonded fiber matrix (BFM) shall be applied with hydraulic spray equipment by a manufacturer’s certified applicator. Seeding shall be done as a separate operation prior to the BFM application whenever possible. The combination of seed and BFM as a single operation will be allowed in small or inaccessible areas as determined by the Engineer. Installation rate shall be between 3300 and 4620 kg/ha (3000 and 4200 pounds/acre) depending on site characteristics as provided for in the plans. The general application rate shall be 3850 kg/ha (3500 pounds/acre). In all cases 100% continuous ground coverage shall be obtained. Application shall be done on dry soils (field capacity or less) and at least 24 hours in advance of projected rainfall to allow adequate drying time. The BFM shall be applied from at least two alternate directions, preferably 90 degrees apart, to ensure all soil surfaces are covered. For application rates of 3850 kg/ha (3500 pounds/acre) and above, the BFM shall be applied in two stages (one half rate each) with ample time between stages for the first application to dewater. BFM shall not be used in water bearing soils or by itself in ditch bottoms carrying concentrated flow. After BFM soil stabilizer is applied and dries for 24 to 48 hours, the Engineer may sample and quantify a portion of the installation to ensure the minimum specified rate has been applied. If it is found that the specified quantity per acre has not been achieved, the Contractor shall apply an additional amount to equal the specified rate within 48 hours of receiving the test results. The Contractor shall not be paid extra mobilization costs for spraying additional material.

**J Placing Sod**

Before sod is delivered to the work site, the Contractor shall have all necessary equipment and forces available and shall have prepared the sodding areas sufficiently in advance in accordance with 2575.3B to avoid delays in placing the sod. The Contractor shall place sod according to the Plan and these requirements.

The Contractor shall place sod strips with staggered end joints and without stretching, in such a manner that all edges will firmly abut the edges of adjoining strips. In no case shall the sod be placed so
loosely or under such tension that it will cover an area larger than the
area from which it was originally lifted.

Joints between the sod and in-place improvements such as
curbs, walks, and existing turf, shall abut tightly and shall be such that
drainage will be conducted over the surface. Elsewhere, the outside
dges of the sodded areas shall be rolled in or banked flush with soil,
thereby compacted to form a flush surface as directed by the
Engineer. The Contractor shall place the sod in such a manner that
surface drainage along the boundary of the sodded area will not erode
or undermine the sod.

J1  Slopes
The Contractor shall carefully place sod strips from the
bottom of the slope and progress upward. The sod shall be placed with
the longitudinal axis of each strip at right angles to the slope. Staking
or stapling may be required to prevent slumping or displacement of the
sod. At the top of the slope, the sod must be trenched 75 mm (3 inchees)
into the topsoil on slopes steeper than 4:1.

J2  Ditch Bottoms
In ditch bottoms and other waterways where a concentrated
flow of water is expected, the sod shall be placed so that the
longitudinal axis of each strip is parallel to the direction of water flow
in the main channel. The end of the strips will overlap a minimum of
100 mm (4 inches) with the upstream end on top of the downstream
end. The sod will also be shingled and overlap a minimum of 75 mm
(3 inches) on the sides of the strips. When shingled properly, the water
will flow over, NOT under, from one roll of sod to the next. The
uppermost strip of sod will have 75 mm (3 inches) of sod trenched into
the topsoil on side-slopes steeper than 4:1.

The sod shall have netting material that is either incorporated
into the rooting material of the sod during initial growth, or placed on
the bottom of the sod mat at the time of harvest. Alternatively, Type 1
netting may first be secured in the ditch bottom followed by sod
placement.

The sod shall be stapled once it has been put in place. All joints
and outer edges of the sod shall be stapled at 0.9 meter (3 feet) intervals
or less. Staples shall be placed throughout the sod at a minimum
spacing of 2 staples per square meter (square yard). All staples shall
be inserted flush with the ground surface.

The Contractor shall water and compress the sod into the soil by
rolling or tamping while laying the sod or immediately after completing
the sod placement on each area. The initial watering and rolling or
tamping shall be sufficient to provide firm contact and bond between
the sod and the underlying soil and provide a smooth, even surface free
of humps and depressions, but in no case shall the rolling or tamping
result in excessive compaction. The Engineer may require the watering of areas to be sodded prior to the sod placement.

The Contractor shall repair damaged areas within 5 working days after completing the sod placement and rolling or tamping operations. This repair work shall include reseeding and remulching of any seeded or mulched areas adjacent to the sod. All waste sod, together with any stones or other debris removed from the sodding areas, shall be disposed of in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer.

J1   Dormant Sodding

The Contractor may place sod at locations at least 3 m (10 feet) from the shoulder, on slopes, and in ditches as dormant sodding after November 1 when all of the following conditions are met:
(a) The Engineer authorizes dormant sodding.
(b) The soil is prepared for sodding, either frozen or unfrozen.
(c) The sod on slopes and in ditches is pegged or stapled.
(d) The sod is watered to saturation immediately after placement.
(e) The sod is watered a second time, or receives 25 mm (1 inch) of rain, 7 to 10 days after placement. The Engineer may also accept a heavy snowfall instead of the second watering.

The Contractor is responsible for successful establishment of the sod and shall replace or repair displaced or damaged sod during the maintenance period. The Contractor may peg or staple sod to prevent displacement.

K   Placing Erosion Netting, Blankets, and Mats

K1   Erosion Control Netting

Netting placed in ditch bottoms, flumes or water courses shall be rolled out flat, parallel to the direction of water flow. Netting placed on cut or fill slopes shall be rolled out flat, parallel or perpendicular to the direction of water flow. The edges of adjacent strips shall overlap a minimum of 50 mm (2 inches) and a maximum of 100 mm (4 inches), with the net on the upstream side of any lateral water flow being on the top.

The netting shall be secured in place by means of wire staples driven reasonably vertical into the soil. The netting shall not be stretched prior to stapling. Staples shall be placed 1 m (39 inches) apart along the ends and edges of each strip. Additional rows of staples shall be placed parallel to the edge row of staples so that the distance between adjacent rows does not exceed 1 m (39 inches). Staples shall be placed 1 m (39 inches) apart within these rows. Where possible, staples of adjacent rows shall be placed so as to form a sawtooth pattern.

K2   Erosion Control Blankets
The Contractor shall place the blankets as specified in the Contract on the specified areas within 24 hours after sowing of the seed on that area.

The Contractor shall roll out or lay the blankets parallel to the direction of water flow, with the netting on top. The blankets shall be spread evenly without stretching, and so the fibers are in direct contact with the soil over the entire area. Adjacent strip edges shall overlap each other at least 102 mm (4 inches). Strip ends shall overlap each other at least 178 mm (7 inches). All overlaps shall be made with the upgrade strip placed over the down grade blanket strip and stapled at 1 m (3 foot) intervals.

The Contractor shall bury the upgrade end of each blanket strip at least 150 mm (6 inches) in a vertical slot in the soil, with the soil being pressed firmly against the embedded blanket. All joints and outer edges of the blanket shall be stapled at 1 m (3 foot) intervals or less, so as to secure the outside netting strand of each strip. Staples placed at junctures and strip ends shall have a maximum spacing of 400 mm (16 inches). Staples shall be placed throughout the blanket at a maximum spacing of 1 m (3 feet). All staples shall be inserted flush with the ground surface.

K3 Erosion Stabilization Mat

The Contractor shall shape and dress the site so it is free of large rocks, soil clumps or vehicle imprints that would prevent the Mat from lying flush to the surface contours. The erosion stabilization mat shall conform to the class shown on the plans and according to current approved materials list.

The erosion stabilization mat shall be placed within 24 hours after seeding operations have been completed, or as approved by the Engineer. For soil-filled mats the Contractor shall seed and fertilize ½ of the amounts into the mat with the proper seed and fertilizer mix and rate specified in the contract. The soil-filled mat shall then have topsoil filled into the mat meeting the criteria of 3877 "Select Topsoil Borrow". Analysis of the topsoil shall be provided to the Engineer prior to installation. Topsoil shall be backfilled over the mat at a depth of 12-25mm (½ - 1 inch). The other ½ of the seed mix and fertilizer shall be spread on top of the topsoil. The soil filled mat shall have a Category 2 or 3 blanket, meeting 3885, depending on the site, installed on top of the seeded topsoil to prevent erosion of the topsoil. No tracked equipment or sharp turns shall be made on the mat.

For nonsoil filled class of erosion stabilization mats the Contractor shall seed and fertilize the prepared site prior to mat installation according to the contract.

The Contractor shall install the mat as per the manufacture instructions with the following minimum guidelines. The initial, terminal and side anchor trenches shall be a minimum of 150mm
(6 inches) deep with stapling in the trench at 300 mm (1.0 foot) intervals. These trenches are required on all slope and channel installations. Overlap adjacent side mats a minimum of 75mm (3 inches) and staple. Provide 150mm x 150mm (6 inches x 6 inches) check slots spaced, installed and stapled as per the manufactures instructions. Staple the entire mat at a rate of 3 staples / square meter (yard) minimum.

The Contractor shall submit one full set of manufacture’s literature and manufacture’s installation recommendations to the Engineer prior to installation for full acceptance of work performed.

### L. Maintenance

#### L1 Sod

After the sod is placed and until it is accepted, the Contractor shall water and maintain sod in a condition satisfactory to the Engineer. The sod shall be cared for on a timely day by day basis. Watering and replacement of sod shall be accomplished as the need arises and without the Engineer having to so order.

The Contractor shall maintain the sod for 30 growing days. The Engineer will then make the final inspection and consider acceptance of the sod. A growing day is any calendar day exclusive of those days from June 10 to August 10 and from November 1 to April 15, subject to adjustments by the Contract. The above specified dates may be adjusted by the Engineer by no more than 15 days, to shorten the excluded periods when conditions are favorable to active growth, or lengthen the excluded periods when conditions are unfavorable.

During the maintenance period, the Contractor shall promptly replace all sod that dries out to the point where it is presumed dead, and all sod that has been damaged, displaced, or weakened to the point where its replacement is necessary, or has become heavily infected with weeds. Areas replaced with new sod shall be maintained by the Contractor for at least 20 growing days after placement.

#### L2 Erosion Control Blanket

The Contractor shall maintain the erosion control blanket installation for 30 days when specified in the Contract or when the Engineer allows erosion control blankets and seed to be substituted for sod. Maintenance consists of thoroughly watering the blankets immediately after placement, with additional watering performed as necessary. Until acceptance, the Contractor shall be responsible for controlling erosion and establishing a permanent vegetative cover to the satisfaction of the Engineer. In the event of seeding failure or erosion during the maintenance period, the Contractor shall restore such areas at no additional cost to the Department.

#### L3 Sod Alternatives

When other products and methods are used in lieu of sod, the area shall be maintained by the Contractor ensuring the same outcome as a
sodded area. Weeds shall be controlled and the maintenance requirements of specification 2575.3L2 shall apply.

L4 Mulch

When so directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall, at any time before completion of the Project, remulch any areas on which the original mulch has eroded, washed away, or blown off, and reseed any areas on which the original seed has failed to grow, using the project seed mixture or one prescribed by the Engineer.

L5 Mowing and Weed Spraying

When the Contract includes items for mowing or weed spraying, the Contractor shall perform the specified work one or more times, wherever and whenever the Engineer directs, either on the areas seeded or sodded under the Contract. The equipment used shall not be so heavy that it causes soil slips or ruts on the slopes or in the ditches.

The Engineer may order weed spraying wherever heavy weed growth exists within the Right of Way. The weed spray mixture to be furnished and used shall be as provided in the Plans. The Contractor shall be responsible for performing the work at such time and in such a manner that will avoid spray drift outside the areas designated for spraying.

L6 General

Until final inspection and acceptance of the work is made, the Contractor shall perform all necessary maintenance, replacement, and repair work at no expense to the Department, except that the additional seed and mulch material used for reseeding and remulching will be measured and paid for at the Contract prices, provided the original work was performed satisfactorily in accordance with requirements.

M Turf Establishment, Lump Sum

Turf Establishment may be specified in the Plans as a lump sum bid item for establishing vegetation on small areas of 1 ha (2-1/2 acres) or less per Contract. The lump sum item shall be considered to provide for restoring disturbed areas. Such work shall include tilling, fertilizing, mulching and establishment of vegetative cover. Under this provision the Contractor shall be responsible for controlling erosion and establishing a permanent vegetative cover to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Unless otherwise specified in the Plans, the Contractor may establish vegetative cover by sodding or by seeding and mulching. If the Contractor elects to establish vegetative cover by seeding, seed furnished and placed shall consist of a mixture of desirable perennial grasses and legumes equivalent to that contained in 3876 for Mixture 50B. Upon seeding, the areas shall be fertilized with 22-5-10 analysis slow release fertilizer (see 3881.2) at 330 kg per hectare (300 pounds per acre) and mulch equivalent to 3882, Type 1 shall be furnished and
placed to prevent erosion and siltation. Acceptance of the areas by the Engineer will not be made until it is evident that the seed so placed has germinated and will establish an adequate protective cover. In the event of seeding failures, the Contractor will be required to correct and reseed such areas at no expense to the Department until adequate turf is established. When sod is used, the placement, maintenance, and acceptance shall be as specified in 2575.3.

N Acceptance of Work

Turf establishment that is not verified by inspection in accordance with 1511 will be considered as unauthorized work. Acceptance and compensation for such work will be made only to the extent the Engineer determines the work to be acceptable.

N1 Seeding

The Engineer will generally accept seeding in area increments conforming to the watershed boundaries as defined by the Engineer, but not until all permanent erosion control measures have been completed in the area that is to be accepted. After acceptance of seeding by the Engineer, the Contractor is relieved of responsibility for further maintenance and repair of the seeding and mulching performed on the area accepted, except for the repair of damages due to causes entirely within the Contractor's control.

N2 Mulching

The Engineer will accept mulching 2 days after initial placement. Areas where the mulch has blown off or washed away during the 2 day period will be remulched at no expense to the Department.

N3 Sod

Upon satisfactory placement of the sod, the Engineer may authorize partial payment not exceeding 80 percent of the Contract bid price. The remaining percentage shall not become due and payable until expiration of the sod maintenance period, and then only as otherwise provided for in the Contract.

Upon expiration of the sod maintenance period on individual areas or sections of the Project, the Engineer will make an inspection of the work and will accept all sod that is in normal, healthy growing condition. No payment will be made for sod that is not in acceptable condition at the time of the final inspection an amount will be deducted from any moneys due or that may become due the Contractor equal to 100 percent of the Contract bid price per unit of measure of unacceptable sod. Sod that is within 3 meters (10 feet) of the shoulder or is directly abutting a roadway surface that is acceptably maintained, but dies out due to salt or winter maintenance activities beyond the Contractor's control, may be paid for at 100 percent of Contract price provided that the sod has been maintained for at least 20 growing days prior to November 1.
N4 Erosion Mats

When maintenance is not specified in the Contract, the Engineer will accept blankets and erosion control netting, at the time of acceptance of the sodding or seeding over which the mats are placed.

When maintenance is specified as an integral part of a erosion control blanket installation the engineer may authorize partial payment for the installation in an amount not exceeding 80 percent of the Contract bid price. The remaining percentage shall not become due and payable until final acceptance by the Engineer.

N5 Products used in lieu of sod

When other products or methods are used in lieu of sod, the Engineer may authorize partial payment not exceeding 80% of the Contract bid price upon proper placement. The remaining percentage shall not become due and payable until the expiration of the maintenance period, and then only as acceptable to the Engineer.

N6 Hydraulic Soil Stabilizers

Hydraulic soil stabilizers, except for Type 8, will be accepted upon satisfactory placement. Acceptance of acres covered by Type 8 will be made by the Engineer when it is evident that the seed placed has germinated and will establish an adequate protective cover. In the event of seeding failures or erosion, the Contractor will be required to correct and reseed such areas at no expense to the Department until adequate vegetative cover is established. Upon proper placement of Type 8 the Engineer may authorize partial payment for the installation in an amount not exceeding 80% of the Contract bid price. The remaining percentage shall not become due and payable until final acceptance by the Engineer.

P Restoration

After acceptance of turf establishment in an area, the Engineer may order the Contractor to restore areas damaged by erosion and sedimentation that occurred beyond the Contractor's control. Restoration work consists of scarifying, grading, shaping, excavating, tilling, and any other operation the Engineer considers necessary to restore eroded areas and clean up sedimentation. Depressions and washouts resulting from erosion shall be shaped, filled with suitable material, and compacted to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Sedimentation shall be removed to the original grade or as necessary to properly restore the area as determined by the Engineer. Sediment removed shall be spread or disposed of to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

The Engineer will determine the seed, mulch, erosion mats, and sod used in the restoration.

The Contractor will be compensated for restoration costs at the Contract unit prices. If no Contract unit prices are provided for in the
Contract, the Contractor will be compensated for restoration costs as Extra Work. No compensation, however, will be made when the damage results from the Contractor's neglect or operations.

V  Workmanship and Quality Control

The Contractor is responsible for maintaining quality control on the project by ensuring that all work performed and all materials furnished are in conformance with the dimensions, installation requirements and material specifications shown in the Plans or indicated in the Specifications. Quality workmanship shall be used in all aspects of the work and shall be uniform in character throughout the project.

W  Workmanship Rework Schedule

Performance of the work shall be controlled by the contractor so that the materials installed and the workmanship practices are of good quality. When the quality falls below a threshold level defined in Table 2575-3, the contractor shall take immediate action to correct the situation and prevent it from reoccurring. As indicated in Table 2575-3, the contractor shall correct unacceptable workmanship to qualify for payment.
### TABLE 2575-3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Corrective action required when:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Seeding</td>
<td>Not uniform placement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not seeded with drill when required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Depth of seed incorrect</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No seedbed firming</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Incorrect rate of seed application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Less than 3 inches tillage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not mulched within 24 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fertilizer</td>
<td>Incorrect rate of application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not uniform placement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not incorporated properly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mulch Material</td>
<td>Incorrect rate of application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not uniform placement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Erosion control</td>
<td>Inadequate soil loosening or preparation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>blankets and mats</td>
<td>Upgrade ends not embedded on slopes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Improper overlaps and joints</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wrong staples used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Insufficient number of staples</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Improper stapling pattern</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No embedment of joints in drainageways</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turf Establishment</td>
<td>Erosion not controlled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lump sum</td>
<td>Insufficient vegetative cover established</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The above table pertains to a threshold level of workmanship only and does not pertain to the use of nonconforming materials. The disposition of nonconforming materials shall be in accordance with 1503. The Contractor at no cost to the Department shall perform any corrective actions required for acceptance of the work.
2575.4

2575.4 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A  Fertilizer
   Commercial fertilizer will be measured by the weight of each kind furnished and applied. When a different analysis fertilizer than in the Plans, is used it will be converted to equivalent of planned fertilizer.

B  Lime
   Agricultural lime will be measured by the weight of material furnished and applied. In case Municipal By Product Agricultural Lime is furnished as a liming material in lieu of agricultural lime, it will be measured by volume (vehicular measure) and the total quantity thereof will be converted to mass for payment purposes. Industrial Slag will be measured by mass on the same basis as Agricultural Lime.

C  Seeding
   Seeding will be measured by the area seeded, regardless of the seed mixture or quantity of seed used, and regardless of whether the seed was furnished by the Contractor or the Department. Areas reseeded by order of the Engineer, after the original seeding of the area was accepted, will be measured and added to the area originally seeded.

D  Seed
   The Engineer will measure seed by mass of each mixture or species except when pure live seed (PLS) is indicated. When PLS is indicated, the Engineer will measure by mass of PLS.

E  Mulch
   The Engineer will measure:
   (1) Mulch material of Types 1, 3, 5, 7, and 8 by the mass of each type furnished and applied acceptably.
   (2) Type 6 mulch material by volume (vehicular measure) of the material furnished and acceptably used.
   (3) Type 9 (aggregate) mulch by volume, based on the area of aggregate furnished and acceptably placed to the Plan thickness.
   (4) Additional mulch materials ordered by and then accepted by the Engineer in remulched areas will be added to the mulch quantities originally used and accepted.

F  Water
   Water used by order of the Engineer for establishment of areas covered with mulch will be measured by volume. No measurement will be made of any other water used in conjunction with the work, whether for maintenance of sod or otherwise.

G  Disk Anchoring
   Disk anchoring of Type 1, Type 3, Type 7 and Type 8 mulches will be measured by the area of mulch disked acceptably.
H  Sodding
   The Engineer will measure sodding that is acceptably installed and maintained by the surface area based on field measurement. Where sod is authorized to be placed shingle-style, the overlapped portion of the sod will also be measured.
I  Hydraulic Soil Stabilizers
   The Engineer will measure hydraulic soil stabilizers by the mass or weight of each type used. The Engineer may convert the mass or weight of material used to a square yard basis.
J  Lump Sum Turf Establishment
   The item of turf establishment, lump sum will be considered to include all materials and labor as necessary to accomplish the work regardless of quantities involved. Measurement will be by lump sum unit, and under this provision, no measurement will be made of any individual turf establishment item.
K  Erosion Mats
   Erosion mats of each kind will be measured separately by the area covered. The Engineer will not measure the overlapped portion.
L  Mowing
   Mowing will be measured by the area acceptably mowed.
M  Weed Spraying
   Weed spraying will be measured by the area acceptably sprayed.
N  Weed Spray Mixture
   Weed spray mixture will be measured by the volume of ingredients furnished and used.
O  Blank
P  Compost
   Grade 1 compost will be measured by mass of material furnished and applied. Grade 2 compost will be measured by loose volume determined by vehicular measurement of material delivered.
2575.5  BASIS OF PAYMENT
   Payment for any of the turf establishment items at the Contract prices per unit of measure will be compensation in full for all labor, materials, equipment, and other incidentals necessary to complete the work as specified, including the costs of maintenance, replacement, and repair as required by the Contract.
A  Erosion Control Items
   Payment for erosion control blankets may include maintenance, when so specified. If no maintenance is specified, payment shall be compensation in full for all labor, materials, equipment, and other
2575.5

incidental items necessary for proper installation of the blankets. If maintenance is specified, payment shall also include the cost of watering, replacement, and repair as required by the Contract.

Payment for hydraulic soil stabilizers will be based upon acceptance of the application by the Engineer. Payment for Type 1 and Type 5 shall be compensation in full for all labor, materials, equipment, for proper installation of the materials. Type 8 shall be eligible for partial payment not to exceed 80% of the contract bid price upon satisfactory installation of the material. The remaining 20% shall be made available when final acceptance is made based on adequate vegetative cover and erosion control.

B Temporary Seeding

Interim seeding, and the application of fertilizer and mulch as required in conjunction therewith, will be paid for at the Contract prices or as Extra Work in the absence of appropriate Contract items.

C Seed

Seed will be paid for by the mass of each mixture or species except when pure live seed (PLS) is indicated. When PLS is indicated, payment will be made by mass of PLS. Payment for seed not meeting germination and purity requirements of 3876 shall be subject to 1503. When components are missing from the specified mixture the affected seeded areas shall be reseeded with the correct mixture by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Department and a deduction of the value of the missing ingredients shall also be applied.

D Elimination of Work

The Engineer may eliminate from the Contract any turf establishment items not completed by November 15 of the year in which the Project is otherwise completed.

E Mowing and Weed Spraying

Payment for mowing and weed spraying at the Contract prices per unit of measure will be compensation in full for all labor and equipment employed in the work, and for all materials used, except that separate payment will be made for the weed spray mixture furnished and applied in conjunction with the item of weed spraying.

F Sod

Netted and stapled sod shall be paid at 150% of netted sod.

G BLANK

H BLANK

I Payment Schedule

Payment for turf establishment and maintenance will be made on the basis of the following schedule:
2577.1

Soil Bioengineered Systems

**DESCRIPTION**

This work shall consist of installing vegetation in conjunction with geosynthetic or natural materials for stabilizing areas susceptible to erosion. Soil Bioengineering may be used as a permanent soil stabilization system in ditches, along stream banks, on shorelines or on slopes. The work shall consist of furnishing and installing a composite system by the Contractor on site.
2577.2 MATERIALS

A Seed, mix as specified ......................................................... 3876
B Mulch, Type as specified .................................................... 3882
C Erosion control blankets .................................................... 3885
D. Erosion control netting....................................................... 3883
E. Nursery plant stock ............................................................ 3861
F. Fiber log .............................................................................. 3895
G. Riprap.................................................................................. 3601
H. Concrete Armor Units........................................................ 3608

2577.3 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

A General

The installation locations and layouts shown in the Plans are approximate only. The exact locations and layout shall be as determined by the Engineer.

The harvest and installation of plant material shall be performed by qualified nurserymen or landscape specialists, or shall be performed by experienced crews working under the direct supervision of a qualified nurseryman or landscape specialist.

Planting operations shall not be started, nor shall any planting stock be delivered to the Project site, until it has been determined by the Engineer that weather and soil conditions are suitable for planting and that all necessary preparations have been made.

During placement, the Contractor shall install all components consecutively without significant lapse of time between each phase of the operation. On slopes, installation of material shall start at the bottom of slope and proceed in horizontal lifts upward. On shorelines and banks, installation of material shall start below the water line and proceed up the bank.

During the work, the Contractor shall take all necessary precautions and actions to prevent siltation and turbidity of flowing or impounded waters of the State. When working in water, the Contractor shall protect the work site if necessary with curtains, barriers or other containment devices so that sediment and debris does not enter the receiving water body.

B Harvesting Plant Stock

Plant stock and cuttings shall be obtained from the regions and/or zones indicated in the Plans.

At least 3 days prior to harvesting of planting stock for the Project site, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer of the contemplated harvest date to allow for inspection.
C  Season of Placement

The approximate dates for season of placement are listed in Table 2577-1. The Engineer may adjust a specified date by up to 20 days depending on prevailing weather conditions.

Plant material must be in dormant stage, prior to buds bursting open in spring or after leaves have changed color and dropped in fall.

**TABLE – 2577-1**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Fall</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wattling</td>
<td>March 15 - May 15th</td>
<td>Nov 1 - Dec 1st</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brush Layering</td>
<td>March 15 - May 15th</td>
<td>Nov 1 - Dec 1st</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Live Stake</td>
<td>March 15 - May 15th</td>
<td>Nov 1 - Dec 1st</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Root-Rap</td>
<td>April 15 - June 10th</td>
<td>July 20 - Sept 20th</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D  Wattling

This work shall consist of making trenches along the contours of the slope, placing bundles of dormant plant cuttings into the trenches, and tamping loose soil over the bundles. Prior to trenching, the Contractor shall drive wooden stakes 50 mm (2 inches) in diameter x ½ meter (2 foot) long, 0.4 meters (16 inches) on center along each trench location. The stakes shall be driven to a firm hold with the tops about 150 mm (6 inches) above grade. Trenching shall not precede installation of plant materials by more than 1 hour to minimize drying of soils. The overall soil surface shall be left in a rough condition with clods, and ridges left in place for maximum resistance to erosion. Immediately following trenching, the Contractor shall place bundles of dormant plant cuttings into the trench. Bundles shall have cuttings laid together with the butts located at alternate ends of the bundle and tightly tied with binder twine at a minimum of three points along the bundle. Bundles shall consist of 9.5-50 mm (3/8-2 inch) diameter, 1-2.4 m (3-8 foot) length dormant woody cuttings. The bundle should be approximately 150-200mm (6-8 inches) in diameter. Wattle ends shall overlap in the trench. Additional stakes shall be driven through the bundles at a maximum spacing of ½ meter (2 feet) on center. During placement of the bundles, the Contractor shall cover the bundles with loose soil working it into the wattles leaving a uniform fringe of plant material that is exposed approximately 50 to 80 mm (2-3 inches) high.

E  Brush layering
This work shall consist of making horizontal slots the length of the slope and embedding dormant green plant cuttings into the slots and tamping loose soil over the cuttings. The slots are .61m (2 feet) in depth angled downward into the slope. The plant cuttings shall consist of stems approximately 1 meter (3 feet) long, 10 to 50 mm (0.5 - 2 inches) in diameter. Cuttings shall be placed in containers of water to transport until installed. As soon as practical after the slots are made, the Contractor shall place the plant cuttings into this slot with the butt end placed as far into the slot as possible with a minimum of 150mm (6 inches) protruding out of the slot. The stems shall be place randomly with some crisscrossing. As the plant cuttings are being placed, the Contractor shall immediately backfill the slot cuttings with soil and firm the backfill to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

**F  Live Stakes**

This work involves the insertion of dormant live cuttings into the soil. Cuttings shall consist of stems at least 1 meter (3 feet) in length and 25-50 mm (1-2 inch) in diameter. Materials should be cut and placed in a container of water to be transported to the site and kept in water until installed. Tamp the cutting with the bottom end going into the ground at right angles to the slope face, 2/3 - 3/4 of their length. Care shall be taken not to split the ends or damage the bark of the cuttings. Placement shall be .67m (2 feet) on center using a triangular spacing. Density of the installation will range from 2-4 stakes per square meter (square yard).

Rip rap can be staked (joint planting) if it is not too thick (less than .67m (2 feet)). The Contractor shall make a pilot hole by driving a tool, as a pry bar or rebar, through the rip rap and filter layer, reaching the ground soil. Tamping can best be done with a dead blow hammer, avoiding damage to the bark. Place the cuttings in a random configuration .67m (2 feet) on center.

**G  Placing Fiber log**

This work shall consist of placing biodegradable fiber log for stabilizing a shoreline. Prior to installing the fiber log, the Contractor shall drive wooden stakes 50 mm (2 inches) in diameter x 1-meter (3 feet) long, 0.3 meters (1 foot) on center along the proposed alignment of the fiber log. The stakes shall extend 200 to 250 mm (8-10 inches) above the elevation of the water surface indicated on the plans. After the stakes are placed, the Contractor shall install the fiber log so that the upper surface of the fiber log is parallel to the water surface with 50mm (2 inches) protruding above the normal water level. Fiber logs shall be lace together end to end with woven nylon twine 3 mm (1/8 inch) in diameter to create a continuous length. The Contractor shall bury both ends of the fiber rolls 1 ½ meters (5 feet) laterally into the bank.

**H  Root-rap**

This work shall consist of placing a gravel channel lining or riprap, and overseeding or planting the completed channel. The Contractor
shall conduct this work in conformity with the details, typical sections and elevation controls shown in the contract. Actual alignment shall be as staked by the Engineer. During the work, the Contractor shall place the granular channel lining or riprap and shape the channel to completed section as a continuous operation. Seeding or planting shall be initiated within 48 hours.

K Acceptance of Work

Except as otherwise provided for in the Contract, the Engineer will accept soil bioengineered systems upon satisfactory placement.

2577.4 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A Wattling

Wattling will be measured by the meter (linear feet) of each trench made and planted. When several trenches are made and planted, each length of trench acceptably planted shall be added to the total. Plant cuttings, bundles and stakes shall be incidental.

B Brush layering

Brush layering will be measured by the meter (linear feet) of each horizontal slot made and planted. When several slots are made and planted, each length of slot acceptably planted shall be added to the total. Plant cuttings and stakes shall be incidental.

C Fiber log

Fiber log will be measured by the meter (linear feet) furnished and installed including buried portions. Stakes and rope to fasten logs in place shall be incidental.

D Granular channel liner

Granular channel liner will be measured by volume in cubic meter (cubic yard) placed and in its final configuration.

E Concrete Armor Units

Concrete Armor Units will be measured by surface area covered by each size furnished and acceptably installed including the buried portions. The outermost extremity of the units shall be used in the measurement. On small projects, concrete armor units will be accepted by the number of complete units (two individual halves) assembled and installed.

2577.5 BASIS OF PAYMENT

Payment for bio-engineered system items will be compensation in full for all labor, materials, equipment, and other incidentals necessary to complete the work as required by the Contract. The Contractor will
2577.5

receive compensation at the appropriate Contract prices, or in the
absence of a Contract bid price as Extra Work.

A Pay Items

Payment for bioengineered system items will be made on the basis
of the following schedule:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item No.</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2577.501</td>
<td>Wattling meter (linear feet)</td>
<td>meter (linear feet)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2577.502</td>
<td>Brush Layering</td>
<td>meter (linear feet)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2577.503</td>
<td>Fiber Log meter (linear feet)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2577.504</td>
<td>Granular channel Liner</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>cubic meter (cubic yard)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2577.505</td>
<td>Live Stakes</td>
<td>Each</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2577.506</td>
<td>Concrete Armor Units (1)</td>
<td>Each</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2577.507</td>
<td>Concrete Armor Units (1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>square meter (square yards)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Specify Size

2580 Temporary Lane Marking

2580.1 DESCRIPTION

This work shall consist of placing temporary lane marking tape on
those pavements open to traffic where lane delineation is necessary and
the in-place surface is to be covered by a subsequent paving course or
the permanent lane markings are to be placed at a future date.

2580.2 MATERIAL

A Reflectorized Pavement Marking

(100 mm (4 inches) Wide) Tape................................. 3353

2580.3 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Temporary lane marking tape shall be placed between all traffic
lanes that are open to normal traffic flow, prior to opening to traffic.
The marking tape shall be applied to clean and dry surfaces in
accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations or a method
approved by the Engineer.

All sections of marking tape shall be 1200-mm long with a
tolerance of 50 mm and these sections shall be placed parallel to the
direction of traffic flow at 15-m intervals with a tolerance of 1 m along
the centerline of two-way pavements and along lane lines separating
two or more lanes of traffic moving in the same direction. Lateral
placement of the marking tape from the centerline shall be as directed
by the Engineer.
The temporary lane markings shall be maintained and replaced by the Contractor without additional compensation until they are covered by the next paving course, are replaced with permanent pavement marking, or final acceptance of the Project is made. The Contractor will not be required to remove the marking tape after it has served its purpose, except in the case of temporary lane alignment where obliteration is necessary to redirect traffic along different lane lines. When required, removal and payment will be in accordance with 2102.

2580.4 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT
The Department will measure temporary lane marking of each line marked as indicated in the Contract, by the actual tape placed not including the gaps between the broken lines.

No additional quantity will be included for repair or renewal work.

2580.5 BASIS OF PAYMENT
Payment for temporary lane marking at the Contract price per unit of measure will be compensation for all costs of furnishing and placing the marking tape as specified, including necessary maintenance and renewal work.

Payment for the Temporary Lane Marking will be made on the basis of the following schedule:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item No.</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2580.501</td>
<td>Temporary Lane Marking</td>
<td>meter (linear foot)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2581
Removable Preformed Plastic Pavement Marking

2581.1 DESCRIPTION
This work shall consist of furnishing, placing and removing temporary pavement marking material on those pavements open to traffic where traffic markings are necessary and 2580 (Temporary Lane Marking) is not appropriate.

2581.2 MATERIALS
Removable Preformed Plastic Pavement Marking for Traffic Lane Delineation and Legends ......................................................... 3355

2581.3 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS
Removable preformed plastic pavement marking shall be furnished and placed by the Contractor at locations and with proper dimensions as indicated in the Plans or as directed by the Engineer immediately prior to modification of traffic flow. Placement shall be on a clean and dry surface in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations or
2581.3

a method approved by the Engineer. The marking shall be replaced or modified as necessary for traffic and pedestrian safety, without additional compensation. Upon removal, the marking material shall be disposed of properly.

2581.4 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

Removable preformed plastic pavement marking will be measured by the actual length of pavement marking furnished, placed, and removed as specified.

The measurement is based on a 100 mm (4 inches) wide marking, regardless of color or type. Measurement for marking widths differing from the 100 mm (4 inches) width will be adjusted by the ratio of the actual width to the 100 mm (4 inches) width. Broken line marking will be measured by the actual length of material used and will not include the gap between the broken lines.

2581.5 BASIS OF PAYMENT

Payment for removable preformed plastic pavement marking at the Contract price per unit of measure will be compensation for all costs of furnishing, placing, maintaining, replacing, and removing the marking.

Payment for the marking will be made on the basis of the following schedule:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item No.</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2581.501</td>
<td>Removable Preformed Plastic Marking</td>
<td>meter (linear foot)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>